

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Nickel Sulfate

Other Names Nickel (II) sulphate, hexahydrate

Uses Mainly used for electroplating of nickel; Restricted to professional users.

Chemical Family No Data Available
Chemical Formula NiSO4.6H2O

Chemical Name Sulfuric acid, nickel(2+) salt (1:1), hexahydrate

Product Description No Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

 Organisation
 Location
 Telephone

 Redox Ltd
 2 Swettenham Road
 +61-2-97333000

Minto NSW 2566 Australia

Redox Ltd 11 Mayo Road +64-9-2506222

Wiri Auckland 2104 New Zealand

Redox Inc. 3960 Paramount Boulevard +1-424-675-3200

Suite 107

Lakewood CA 90712

USA

Redox Chemicals Sdn Bhd Level 2, No. 8, Jalan Sapir 33/7 +60-3-5614-2111

Seksyen 33, Shah Alam Premier Industrial Park

40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia

Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Poisons Information Centre	Westmead NSW	1800-251525 131126
Chemcall	Australia	1800-127406 +64-4-9179888
Chemcall	Malaysia	+64-4-9179888
Chemcall	New Zealand	0800-243622 +64-4-9179888
National Poisons Centre	New Zealand	0800-764766
CHEMTREC	USA & Canada	1-800-424-9300 CN723420

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Schedule 6

+1-703-527-3887



Globally Harmonised System

Hazard Classification Hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Hazard Categories Acute Toxicity (Oral) - Category 4

Acute Toxicity (Inhalation) - Category 4 Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2 Sensitisation (Respiratory) - Category 1 Sensitisation (Skin) - Category 1 Germ Cell Mutagenicity - Category 2

Carcinogenicity - Category 1A

Toxic To Reproduction - Category 1B

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure) - Category 1

Acute Hazard To The Aquatic Environment - Category 1

Long-term Hazard To The Aquatic Environment - Category 1

Pictograms







Signal Word Danger

Response

Hazard Statements H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.H350i May cause cancer by inhalation.H360D May damage the unborn child.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements Prevention **P285** In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P260 Do not breathe dusts or mists.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor for emergency

medical advice.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

P391 Collect spillage.

P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P330 Rinse mouth.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage **P405** Store locked up.

Disposal **P501** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local / regional / national /

international regulations.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods ClassificationDangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by

Road & Rail (ADG Code)

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Nickel sulphate, hexahydrate	NiSO4.6H2O	10101-97-0	<=100 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Call a Poison Centre or doctor/physician for advice. Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Eye IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting

the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. If eye

irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

Skin IF ON SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash skin with plenty of soap and running

water/shower. If skin irritation or rash occurs, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes

before reuse.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a Poison Centre or

doctor/physician for advice. Apply resuscitation if victim is not breathing - Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult.

Advice to Doctor Keep victim calm and warm - Obtain immediate medical care. Ensure that attending medical personnel are aware of the

identity and nature of the product(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by

Exposure

Repeated or prolonged contact may cause skin sensitisation. Repeated or prolonged inhalation may cause asthma. The symptoms of asthma often do not become manifest until a few hours have passed and they are aggravated by physical effort. Anyone who has shown symptoms of sensitisation due to this substance should avoid all further contact with

nickel, nickel compounds and other metal compounds of (e.g.) copper, chromium and cobalt.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is out.

Flammability Conditions Non-combustible; however, dust explosion possible if in powder or granular form, mixed with air.

Extinguishing Media Use dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), foam or water spray for extinction.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Hazardous Products of

Combustion

Fire may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes, including Sulfur oxides, Nickel/nickel oxides.

Special Fire Fighting Instructions Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may pollute waterways.

Personal Protective Equipment Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and chemical splash suit. SCBA and structural firefighter's uniform may

provide limited protection.

Flash Point
No Data Available
Lower Explosion Limit
No Data Available
Upper Explosion Limit
No Data Available
Auto Ignition Temperature
No Data Available
Hazchem Code
No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure Ensure adequate ventilation. ELIMINATE all ignition sources. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid

generating dust. Do not breathe dust and avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Clean Up Procedures Collect spillage (sweep up/shovel) and keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal (see SECTION 13).

Containment Stop leak if safe to do so – Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas. Prevent dust cloud.

Decontamination Wash with plenty of water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Evacuation Criteria Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Keep unauthorised personnel away. Keep upwind and to higher

ground.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

adequate ventilation - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated are. Obtain special instructions before use - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimise dust generation and accumulation. Do not breathe dust/mist/aerosols and avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection; In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection (see SECTION 8). Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres. Avoid release to the environment

- Collect spillage (see SECTION 6).

Storage Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat

and sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from foodstuffs and incompatible materials (see SECTION 10). Store

locked up.

Container Keep in the original container.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General No specific exposure standards are available for this product. For Nickel, soluble compounds (as Ni):

- Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard: TWA = 0.1 mg/m3; classified as carcinogenic (g); Respiratory and/or skin

sensitiser (Sen).

COMPONENT: Nickel metal (CAS No. 7440-02-0):

- Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard: TWA = 1 mg/m3; Suspected human carcinogen (Carc. 2); Respiratory and/or skin

sensitiser (Sen).

- New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standard (2018): TWA = 0.02 mg/m3 or 0.005 mg/m3 (respirable dust).

Exposure Limits No Data Available

No information available.

Biological Limits

Engineering Measures

A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area.

Personal Protection Equipment

- Respiratory protection: In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection. Recommended: Use a full-face particle filter respirator as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716).
- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Face shield and safety glasses.
- Hand protection: Wear protective gloves. Recommended: Nitrile rubber (full/splash contact).
- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended: Complete suit protecting against chemicals. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the hazardous substance(s) at the specific workplace.

Special Hazards Precaustions

Depending on the degree of exposure, periodic medical examination is suggested.

Work Hygienic Practices

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Isolate contaminated clothing by sealing in a bag or other container. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Solid

Appearance Crystalline solid
Odour Odourless
Colour Light green

pH 6

Vapour PressureNo Data AvailableRelative Vapour DensityNo Data AvailableBoiling PointNo Data AvailableMelting PointNo Data AvailableFreezing PointNo Data Available

Solubility Soluble in water (625 g/l) 0°C

Specific Gravity 3.68

Flash Point

Auto Ignition Temp

No Data Available

Evaporation Rate

No Data Available

Bulk Density

No Data Available

Corrosion Rate

No Data Available

848 °C **Decomposition Temperature** Density 3.68 g/cm3 **Specific Heat** No Data Available **Molecular Weight** 262.85 g/mol **Net Propellant Weight** No Data Available **Octanol Water Coefficient** No Data Available **Particle Size** No Data Available **Partition Coefficient** No Data Available **Saturated Vapour Concentration** No Data Available Vapour Temperature No Data Available Viscosity No Data Available

Volatile Percent No Data Available **VOC Volume** No Data Available

Additional Characteristics No information available.

Potential for Dust Explosion Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard. If dry, it can be charged electrostatically by swirling, pneumatic transport, pouring, etc.

Fast or Intensely Burning

Characteristics

No information available.

Flame Propagation or Burning **Rate of Solid Materials**

No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a No information available.

Properties That May Initiate or

Non-combustible; however, dust explosion possible if in powder or granular form, mixed with air.

Contribute to Fire Intensity

Reactions That Release Gases or Vapours

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes, including Sulfur oxides, Nickel/nickel oxides.

Release of Invisible Flammable

Vapours and Gases

No information available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General Information Reacts with oxidants; This generates fire and explosion hazard. The solution in water is a weak acid.

Chemical Stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Avoid generating dust. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Materials to Avoid Incompatible/reactive with strong oxidising agents, acids.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes, including Sulfur oxides, Nickel/nickel oxides.

Hazardous Polymerisation No information available.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information

- Acute toxicity: Harmful if swallowed and if inhaled. Symptoms include abdominal pain, dizziness, headache, nausea, vomiting.
- Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes skin irritation, redness.
- Eye damage/irritation: May cause eye irritation, redness.
- Respiratory/skin sensitisation: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction (GPMT).
- Germ cell mutagenicity: Suspected of causing genetic defects. In vitro tests showed mutagenic effects.
- Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer if inhaled. Nickel compounds are classified by the IARC Monographs as "Carcinogenic to humans" (Group 1).
- Reproductive toxicity: May damage fertility or the unborn child. Presumed human reproductive toxicant.
- STOT (single exposure): The substance is irritating to the skin, eyes and respiratory tract.
- STOT (repeated exposure): Causes damage to organs (respiratory tract) through prolonged or repeated exposure (inhalation). Repeated or prolonged inhalation of the aerosol may cause effects on the lungs and nasal sinuses. This may result in inflammation and ulceration.
- Aspiration toxicity: No information available.

Acute

Acute toxicity (Oral): Ingestion

- LD50, Rat: 361.9 mg/kg (anhydrous substance [OECD TG 425].

Inhalation Acute toxicity (Inhalation):

- LC50, Rat: 2.48 mg/l (4 h) (anhydrous substance).

Carcinogen Category Carc. 1A

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

 Ecotoxicity
 No information available.

 Persistence/Degradability
 No information available.

 Mobility
 No information available.

Environmental Fate Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects - Avoid release to the environment.

Bioaccumulation Potential No information available.

Environmental Impact No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information Recover, if possible, or dispose of contents/container to a licensed disposal company and in accordance with

local/regional/national regulations.

Special Precautions for Land Fill Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner

and scrubber.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping NameNickel SulphateClassNo Data AvailableSubsidiary Risk(s)No Data Available

EPG 47 Low To Moderate Hazard Substances

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available

Special Provision AU01

Comments Not regulated as DG when transported by road or rail in packagings that do not incorporate a receptacle

exceeding 500 kg(L) or IBCs.

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Nickel sulphate, hexahydrate)

Class 9 Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods and Articles

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

EPG 47 Low To Moderate Hazard Substances

UN Number 3077 Hazchem 2Z

Pack Group III

Special Provision No Data Available

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Nickel sulphate, hexahydrate)

Class 9 Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods and Articles

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

EPG 47 Low To Moderate Hazard Substances

 UN Number
 3077

 Hazchem
 2Z

 Pack Group
 III

Special Provision No Data Available

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Nickel sulphate, hexahydrate)

Class 9 Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods and Articles

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

ERG 171 Substances (Low to Moderate Hazard)

 UN Number
 3077

 Hazchem
 2Z

 Pack Group
 III

Special Provision No Data Available

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Nickel sulphate, hexahydrate)

Class 9 Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods and Articles

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

UN Number 3077
Hazchem 2Z
Pack Group III

Special Provision No Data Available

EMS F-A, S-F Marine Pollutant Yes

Air Transport

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Nickel sulphate, hexahydrate)

Class 9 Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods and Articles

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

 UN Number
 3077

 Hazchem
 2Z

 Pack Group
 III

Special Provision No Data Available

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by

Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information NICKEL SULFATE
Poisons Schedule (Aust) Schedule 6

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code HSR005114 (Reissued)

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Not Determined

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Not Determined

Europe (EINECS) 232-104-9

Europe (REACh) Listed

Japan (ENCS/METI) Not Determined

Korea (KECI) Not Determined

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Not Determined

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Not Determined

USA (TSCA) Not Determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes NISULP1000, NISULP1001, NISULP1002, NISULP1003, NISULP1004, NISULP1005, NISULP1006, NISULP1007, NISULP1008,

NISULP1009, NISULP1010, NISULP1011, NISULP1012, NISULP1013, NISULP1014, NISULP1800, NISULP1801, NISULP1802, NISULP1803, NISULP1804, NISULP1805, NISULP1806, NISULP1807, NISULP1808, NISULP2000, NISULP2100, NISULP2500, NISULP3000, NISULP3500, NISULP4500, NISULP4501, NISULP5000, NISULP6000, NISULP6100, NISULP6200, NISULP6900, NISULP6901, NISULP6902, NISULP6903, NISULP6904, NISULP6905, NISULP6906, NISULP6907, NISULP6908, NISULP6909, NISULP6910, NISULP6911, NISULP6912, NISULP6913, NISULP6914, NISULP6915, NISULP6915, NISULP6916, NISULP6917, NISULP6918, NISULP6919, NISULP7000, NISULP8000

Revision

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square CentimetresCO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand **deq C (°C)** Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

g Grams

g/cm3 Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism **IDLH** Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health **immiscible** Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury inH2O Inch of Water

K Kelvin **kg** Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

Ib Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre m³ Cubic Metre mbar Millibar

mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH20 Millimetres of Water

mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne TWA Time Weighted Average ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours UN United Nations wt Weight