

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Vitamin B6, hydrochloride

 Other Names
 Pyridoxine, hydrochloride; Pyridoxol, hydrochloride; Vitamin B6, HCl

 Uses
 Active pharmaceutical ingredient, nutritional ingredient, feed additive.

Chemical Family No Data Available
Chemical Formula C8H11NO3.HCI

Chemical Name 3,4-Pyridinedimethanol, 5-hydroxy-6-methyl-, hydrochloride

Product Description No Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

 Organisation
 Location
 Telephone

 Redox Ltd
 2 Swettenham Road
 +61-2-97333000

Minto NSW 2566 Australia

Redox Ltd 11 Mayo Road +64-9-2506222

Wiri Auckland 2104 New Zealand

Redox Inc. 3960 Paramount Boulevard +1-424-675-3200

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Redox Chemicals Sdn Bhd Level 2, No. 8, Jalan Sapir 33/7 +60-3-5614-2111

Seksyen 33, Shah Alam Premier Industrial Park

40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia

Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Poisons Information Centre	Westmead NSW	1800-251525 131126
Chemcall	Australia	1800-127406 +64-4-9179888
Chemcall	Malaysia	+64-4-9179888
Chemcall	New Zealand	0800-243622 +64-4-9179888
National Poisons Centre	New Zealand	0800-764766
CHEMTREC	USA & Canada	1-800-424-9300 CN723420

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

+1-703-527-3887



Globally Harmonised System

Hazard Classification NOT hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Signal Word None

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Safe Work Australia

National Guide for Classifying Hazardous Chemicals under the Model WHS Regulations

Hazard Classification NOT hazardous according to the criteria of Safe Work Australia under Model WHS Regulations

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Pyridoxine hydrochloride	C8H11NO3.HCI	58-56-0	<=100 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical advice/attention if a large

amount has been ingested or if you feel unwell.

Eye IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting

the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. If eye

irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

Skin IF ON SKIN: Wash immediately with plenty of soap and water/shower. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before

reuse. If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If respiratory symptoms

persist, get medical advice/attention.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically. Show this SDS to the doctor in attendance.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by No information available.

Exposure

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is out.

Flammability Conditions Combustible; May burn but does not ignite readily.

Extinguishing MediaUse dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), foam or water spray for extinction. Do not scatter spilled material with high-

pressure water streams.

*Use fire extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Hazardous Products of

Combustion

Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases, including Carbon oxides, Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Hydrogen

chloride gas.

Special Fire Fighting Instructions

Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may pollute waterways. Fire residues and contaminated fire

extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Personal Protective Equipment

Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only

provide limited protection.

Flash Point

No Data Available

Lower Explosion Limit

No Data Available

Upper Explosion Limit

No Data Available

Auto Ignition Temperature

No Data Available

Hazchem Code

No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure Ensure adequate ventilation. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (if dust clouds can occur). Do not touch or walk through

spilled material. Avoid generating dust. Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Clean Up Procedures Sweep or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal (see SECTION 13).

*Avoid the generation of dusts during clean-up.

Containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Prevent dust cloud. Cover powder spill with plastic sheet or tarp to minimise

spreading.

Decontamination Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Prevent entry into drains and waterways.

Evacuation Criteria Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Keep unauthorised personnel away.

Personal Precautionary Measures Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see SECTION 8).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Minimise dust generation and accumulation. Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see SECTION 8). Consider dust explosion hazard. Take precautionary measures against

static discharges

Storage Storage Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, protected from light. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from humidity.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from incompatible materials (see SECTION 10).

Container Keep in the original, light-resistant containers.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values. For dusts from solid substances without specific

occupational exposure standards:

- Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard (Nuisance dusts): 8 hr TWA = 10 mg/m3 (measured as inhalable dust).

- New Zealand WES (Particulates not otherwise classified): TWA = 10 mg/m3; TWA = 3 mg/m3 (respirable dust).

Exposure Limits No Data Available

Biological Limits No information available.

Engineering Measures A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust

ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing

dispersion of it into the general work area.

Personal Protection Equipment

 $\hbox{-} Respiratory \ protection: In \ case \ of \ in a dequate \ ventilation, \ wear \ respiratory \ protection. \ Recommended: \ Dust$

mask/particulate filter respirator (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716).

- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Safety glasses with side-shields. Face shield or goggles may be required if splash potential exists or corrosive materials are present.

- Hand protection: Handle with gloves. Recommended: Chemically compatible gloves, e.g. Nitrile rubber. Consider the hazard characteristics of this product and any special workplace conditions when selecting the appropriate type of protective gloves. Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical

breakthrough.

- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended: Cloth lab coat. Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the hazardous substance(s) at the work

place.

Special Hazards Precaustions

No information available.

Work Hygienic Practices

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or re-use. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Solid
Appearance Powder

OdourCharacteristic, nut-likeColourWhite or almost white

pH 2.4 - 3 (5% aqueous solution) **Vapour Pressure** <0.0000001 kPa (@ 25 °C)

Relative Vapour Density 7.1 Air = 1

Boiling Point No Data Available

Melting Point 205 - 212 °C (decomposes)

Freezing Point No Data Available

Solubility Freely soluble in water - Slightly soluble in alcohol; Insoluble in ether

Specific Gravity No Data Available **Flash Point** No Data Available **Auto Ignition Temp** No Data Available **Evaporation Rate** No Data Available **Bulk Density** No Data Available **Corrosion Rate** No Data Available **Decomposition Temperature** No Data Available Density No Data Available **Specific Heat** No Data Available **Molecular Weight** 205.64 g/mol **Net Propellant Weight** No Data Available **Octanol Water Coefficient** No Data Available **Particle Size** No Data Available **Partition Coefficient** No Data Available **Saturated Vapour Concentration** No Data Available

Vapour TemperatureNo Data AvailableViscosityNo Data AvailableVolatile PercentNo Data AvailableVOC VolumeNo Data Available

Additional Characteristics No information available.

Potential for Dust Explosion Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Fast or Intensely Burning Characteristics

No information available.

Flame Propagation or Burning

Rate of Solid Materials

No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a No information available.

Fire

Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity

Combustible; May burn but does not ignite readily.

Reactions That Release Gases or

Vapours

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases, including Carbon oxides, Nitrogen oxides (NOx),

Hydrogen chloride gas.

Release of Invisible Flammable

Vapours and Gases

No information available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General Information No information available.

Chemical Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Avoid dust formation.

Materials to Avoid Incompatible with alkaline solutions, Iron salts, oxidising agents.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases, including Carbon oxides, Nitrogen oxides (NOx),

Hydrogen chloride gas.

Hazardous Polymerisation Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information - Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation: No information available.Eye damage/irritation: No information available.

- Respiratory/skin sensitisation: No information available.

- Germ cell mutagenicity: S. typhimurium Ames assay, Result: Negative.

- Carcinogenicity: This material is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, NTP, OSHA.

Reproductive toxicity: Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
 STOT (single exposure): Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.

STOT (repeated exposure): Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
 Aspiration toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute

Ingestion Acute toxicity (Oral):

LD50, Rat: 4,000 mg/kg [Supplier's SDS].LD50, Mouse: 5,500 mg/kg [Supplier's SDS].

Carcinogen Category None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

EcotoxicityNo information available.Persistence/DegradabilityReadily biodegradable.MobilityNo information available.

Environmental Fate Prevent entry into drains and waterways.

Bioaccumulation Potential No information available.

Environmental Impact No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations. Offer surplus and non-recyclable

solutions to a licensed disposal company.

Special Precautions for Land Fill Contaminated packaging: Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name Vitamin B6, hydrochloride

Class No Data Available

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name Vitamin B6, hydrochloride

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name Vitamin B6, hydrochloride

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name Vitamin B6, hydrochloride

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name Vitamin B6, hydrochloride

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available
EMS No Data Available

Marine Pollutant No

Air Transport

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping Name Vitamin B6, hydrochloride

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information No Data Available
Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code Not Hazardous

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Listed

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Listed

Europe (EINECS) Listed

Europe (REACh) Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI) Listed

Korea (KECI) Not Determined

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Listed

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Not Determined

USA (TSCA) Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes VITBFH1000, VITBFH1001, VITBFH1002, VITBFH1003, VITBFH1004, VITBFH1005, VITBFH1006, VITBFH1007, VITBFH1008,

VITBFH1019, VITBFH1010, VITBFH1011, VITBFH1012, VITBFH1013, VITBFH1014, VITBFH1015, VITBFH1016, VITBFH1017, VITBFH1100, VITBFH1600, VITBFH2000, VITBFH2001, VITBFH2002, VITBFH3000, VITBFH5000, VITBFH5001, VITBFH5003, VITBFH6000, VITBFP1000, VITBFP1000, VITBFP1001, VITBFP1002, VITBFP1003, VITBFP1003, VITBFP1004, VITBFP1005, VITBFP1006, VITBFP1000, VITBFP2000, VITBFP2100, VITBFP3001, VITBFP3010, VITBFP3010, VITBFP4100, VITBFP4100, VITBFP3010, VITBFP3010, VITBFP3010, VITBFP4100, VITBFP

VITBFP4101, VITBFP4102, VITBFP6000, VITBFP6100, VITBFP6200, VITBFP6250

Revision 4

Revision Date 02 Jan 2022

< Less Than

Key/Legend

> Greater Than

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square Centimetres

CO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand

deg C (°C) Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

g Grams

g/cm3 Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism

IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health

immiscible Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury

inH20 Inch of Water

K Kelvin

kg Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

Ib Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre

m³ Cubic Metre

mbar Millibar

mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours

mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH20 Millimetres of Water

mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations

wt Weight