

1. IDENTIFICATION

Chemical Name

Product Name Betaine Anhydrous

Other Names Actibeet 96% Betaine Anhydrous; Methanaminium, 1-carboxy-N,N,N-trimethyl-, inner salt; Trimethylglycine

Uses Feed additive.

Chemical Family No Data Available

Chemical Formula C5H11NO2

Product Description No Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

 Organisation
 Location
 Telephone

 Redox Ltd
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Minto NSW 2566 Australia

Betaine

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Wiri Auckland 2104 New Zealand

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Lakewood CA 90712

USA

Redox Chemicals Sdn Bhd Level 2, No. 8, Jalan Sapir 33/7 +60-3-5614-2111

Seksyen 33, Shah Alam Premier Industrial Park

40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia

Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Organisation Location Telephone Poisons Information Centre Westmead NSW 1800-251525 131126 Chemcall Australia 1800-127406 +64-4-9179888 +64-4-9179888 Chemcall Malaysia Chemcall New Zealand 0800-243622 +64-4-9179888 National Poisons Centre New Zealand 0800-764766 CHEMTREC USA & Canada 1-800-424-9300 CN723420

CHEMITRE USA & Callada 1500-424-5500 CN72542

+1-703-527-3887

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled



Globally Harmonised System

Hazard Classification NOT hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Signal Word None

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Safe Work Australia

National Guide for Classifying Hazardous Chemicals under the Model WHS Regulations

Hazard Classification NOT hazardous according to the criteria of Safe Work Australia under Model WHS Regulations

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Betaine	C5H11NO2	107-43-7	95 - 100 %
Ingredients determined not to be hazardous	Unspecified	Unspecified	Balance %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth, then drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical advice/attention. Never

give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Eye IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting

the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. If eye

irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

Skin IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If skin irritation

occurs, get medical advice/attention.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If respiratory symptoms

persist, get medical advice/attention.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by No information available.

Exposure

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is out.

May burn but does not ignite readily. **Flammability Conditions**

Extinguishing Media Use dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), foam or water spray for extinction - Do not use water jets. Use firefighting

measures that suit the environment.

Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a Fire and Explosion Hazard

potential dust explosion hazard.

Hazardous Products of

Combustion

Fire may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes, including Carbon oxides, Nitrogen oxides, trimethylamine.

Special Fire Fighting Instructions Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately - Do not allow to enter into drains or surface water.

Personal Protective Equipment Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and chemical splash suit. SCBA and structural firefighter's uniform may

provide limited protection.

Flash Point No Data Available **Lower Explosion Limit** No Data Available **Upper Explosion Limit** No Data Available **Auto Ignition Temperature** No Data Available Hazchem Code No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure Ensure adequate ventilation. ELIMINATE all ignition sources. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid

generating dust. Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Clean Up Procedures Collect material (pick up mechanically) and place it in suitable containers for later disposal (see SECTION 13). Avoid raising

dust.

Containment Stop leak if safe to do so - Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas. Prevent dust cloud.

Decontamination Ventilate area and wash spill site after material pickup is complete. **Environmental Precautionary** Do not allow to enter into surface water, groundwater or drains.

Measures

Evacuation Criteria

Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Restricted access to contaminated areas until cleaning work is finished.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

> adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Minimise dust generation and accumulation. Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8). Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert

atmospheres.

Storage Store (at room temperature) in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed.

Product is hygroscopic - Protect from moisture. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away

from incompatible materials (see SECTION 10).

Container Keep in the original container.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General The product does not contain any relevant quantities of substances with critical values that have to be monitored at the

workplace. For dusts from solid substances without specific occupational exposure standards:

- Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard (Nuisance dusts): 8 hr TWA = 10 mg/m3 (measured as inhalable dust).

- New Zealand WES (Particulates not otherwise classified): TWA = 10 mg/m3; TWA = 3 mg/m3 (respirable dust).

Exposure Limits No Data Available

Biological Limits No information available.

Engineering Measures A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust

ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing

dispersion of it into the general work area.

Personal Protection Equipment - Respiratory protection: In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection. Recommended: Dust

mask/particulate filter respirator (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716).

- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Safety glasses with side-

shields or protective goggles.

- Hand protection: Handle with gloves. Recommended: Suitable protective gloves, e.g. Neoprene, Nitrile rubber.

- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Protective clothing needs to be selected specifically for the workplace, depending on concentrations and quantities of the hazardous substances

handled.

Special Hazards Precaustions Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are

released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.

Work Hygienic Practices Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands after working with product. Take off contaminated

clothing and wash before reuse. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on

surfaces.

Characteristic

No Data Available

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical StateSolidAppearanceCrystalline

Odour

Corrosion Rate

Colour Yellow to light brown

pH No Data Available
 Vapour Pressure No Data Available
 Relative Vapour Density No Data Available
 Boiling Point No Data Available

Melting PointNo Data AvailableFreezing PointNo Data AvailableSolubilityNo Data Available

Specific GravityNo Data AvailableFlash PointNo Data AvailableAuto Ignition TempNo Data AvailableEvaporation RateNo Data AvailableBulk DensityNo Data Available

Decomposition Temperature No Data Available

Density No Data Available
Specific Heat No Data Available

Molecular Weight No Data Available
Net Propellant Weight No Data Available

Octanol Water Coefficient No Data Available

Particle Size No Data Available

 Partition Coefficient
 No Data Available

 Saturated Vapour Concentration
 No Data Available

 Vapour Temperature
 No Data Available

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ViscosityNo Data AvailableVolatile PercentNo Data AvailableVOC VolumeNo Data Available

Additional Characteristics Product is hygroscopic.

Potential for Dust Explosion Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Fast or Intensely Burning

Characteristics

No information available.

Flame Propagation or Burning

Rate of Solid Materials

No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a

No information available.

Fire

Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity

May burn but does not ignite readily.

Reactions That Release Gases or

Vapours

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes, including Carbon oxides, Nitrogen oxides,

trimethylamine.

Release of Invisible Flammable

Vapours and Gases

No information available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General Information No hazardous reactions known if stored and used as prescribed. Risk of development of trimethylamine in hot, strongly

alkaline solution.

Chemical Stability Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Conditions to Avoid Avoid denerating dust. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to Avoid Incompatible/reactive with oxidising agents, alkalis (concentrated).

Hazardous Decomposition

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes, including Carbon oxides, Nitrogen oxides, trimethylamine.

Products

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Hazardous Polymerisation

Will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information Information on possible routes of exposure:

- Ingestion: No adverse effects expected.

- Eye contact: Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

- Skin contact: Prolonged skin contact may cause skin irritation.

- Inhalation: Breathing dust may cause irritation to respiratory system.

Chronic effects: No information available.

Acute

Ingestion Acute toxicity (Oral):

- LD50, Rat: 11,179 mg/kg bw.

Carcinogen Category None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Aquatic toxicity:

- EC50, Crustacea (Daphnia magna): 4,335 mg/l (48 h).

- EC50, Algae (Desmodesmus subspicatus): 1,199 mg/l (72 h).

Persistence/Degradability No information available. Mobility No information available.

Environmental Fate Do not allow to enter into surface water, groundwater or drains.

Bioaccumulation Potential No information available. **Environmental Impact** No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations. Use only authorised contractors. Do

not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Special Precautions for Land Fill Uncleaned packaging: After complete emptying and cleaning, send to an authorised contractor to be reconditioned or

recycled.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name Betaine Anhydrous Class No Data Available Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available No Data Available

No Data Available **UN Number** Hazchem No Data Available **Pack Group** No Data Available **Special Provision** No Data Available

NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport. Comments

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name Betaine Anhydrous Class No Data Available Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available No Data Available **UN Number** No Data Available

Hazchem No Data Available **Pack Group** No Data Available **Special Provision** No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping NameBetaine AnhydrousClassNo Data AvailableSubsidiary Risk(s)No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name

Class

No Data Available

Subsidiary Risk(s)

No Data Available

No Data Available

No Data Available

No Data Available

Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name Betaine Anhydrous Class No Data Available Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available **UN Number** No Data Available Hazchem No Data Available No Data Available **Pack Group Special Provision** No Data Available **EMS** No Data Available

Marine Pollutant No

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for SEA transport.

Air Transport

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping NameBetaine AnhydrousClassNo Data AvailableSubsidiary Risk(s)No Data AvailableUN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for AIR transport.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification

NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information No Data Available
Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code Not Hazardous

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Not Determined

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Not Determined

Europe (EINECS) 203-490-6

Europe (REACh) Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI) Not Determined

Korea (KECI) Not Determined

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Not Determined

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Not Determined

USA (TSCA) Not Determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes BETAIN1000, BETAIN1001, BETAIN1002, BETAIN1003, BETAIN1500, BETAIN2000, BETAIN3500, BETAIN3600,

BETAIN3900, BETAIN3901, BETAIN3910, BETAIN3950, BETAIN4000, BETAIN4050, BETAIN4200, BETAIN6000,

BETAIN6100, BETAIN6101, BETAIN7000, BETAIN7010, BETAIN7011, BETAIN7012, BETAIN7013, BETAIN7900, BETAIN8200,

BETAIN9000

Revision 4

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square CentimetresCO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand **deg C (°C)** Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

g Grams

g/cm3 Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism **IDLH** Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health **immiscible** Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury
inH2O Inch of Water

K Kelvin **kg** Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

Ib Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre m³ Cubic Metre mbar Millibar

mg Milligram mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH2O Millimetres of Water mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health **NOHSC** National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion
ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours
ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure **STEL** Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations

wt Weight