

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Adipic Acid

Other Names 1,4-Butanedicarboxylic acid; 1,6-Hexanedioic acid

Uses Buffering and masking agent, Fragrance ingredient, pH adjuster in cosmetic products; Adhesives, binding agents;

Cleaning and washing agents; Paints, lacquers and varnishes; Solvents and softeners; pH and process regulation agents; Construction materials and flux agents for casting or joining materials; Leather tanning, dye, finishing, impregnation and care products; Oil and gas extraction, in products such as flocculants, precipitants and neutralisation agents; Intermediate

in the production of lubricating oil additives and polymer preparations.

Chemical Family No Data Available

Chemical Formula C6H10O4

 Chemical Name
 Hexanedioic acid

 Product Description
 No Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Redox Ltd	2 Swettenham Road Minto NSW 2566 Australia	+61-2-97333000
Redox Ltd	11 Mayo Road Wiri Auckland 2104 New Zealand	+64-9-2506222
Redox Inc.	3960 Paramount Boulevard Suite 107 Lakewood CA 90712 USA	+1-424-675-3200
Redox Chemicals Sdn Bhd	Level 2, No. 8, Jalan Sapir 33/7 Seksyen 33, Shah Alam Premier Industrial Park 40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia	+60-3-5614-2111

Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Poisons Information Centre	Westmead NSW	1800-251525 131126
Chemcall	Australia	1800-127406 +64-4-9179888
Chemcall	Malaysia	+64-4-9179888
Chemcall	New Zealand	0800-243622 +64-4-9179888
National Poisons Centre	New Zealand	0800-764766
CHEMTREC	USA & Canada	1-800-424-9300 CN723420 +1-703-527-3887

New Zealand

Hawke's Bay

Auckland

London



2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Globally Harmonised System

Hazard Classification Hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Hazard Categories Serious Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 2A

Pictograms

Signal Word Warning

Hazard Statements H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary Statements Prevention **P280** Wear eye protection/face protection.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response **P337 + P313** If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

HSNO Classifications Health Hazards **6.4A** Substances that are irritating to the eye

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Adipic acid	C6H10O4	124-04-9	<=100 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth, then give a glass of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical

advice/attention. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to

maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. If eye

irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

*Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.

Skin IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation

occurs, get medical advice/attention.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If respiratory symptoms

persist, get medical advice/attention.

Advice to Doctor In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Treat symptomatically.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by No information available.

Exposure

Eye

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is out.

Flammability Conditions Combustible solid.

Extinguishing Media Use dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), foam or water spray for extinction.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Hazardous Products of

Combustion

Fire may produce irritating and/or toxic gases, including oxides of Carbon, acrid smoke and fumes.

Special Fire Fighting Instructions Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may cause pollution.

Personal Protective Equipment Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only

provide limited protection.

Flash Point

Lower Explosion Limit No Data Available **Upper Explosion Limit** No Data Available

>400 °C **Auto Ignition Temperature**

Hazchem Code No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure Ensure adequate ventilation. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames). Do not touch or walk

through spilled material - Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately! Avoid generating dust. Avoid

breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Clean Up Procedures Sweep or vacuum up, but avoid generating dust. Collect and seal in properly labelled containers for disposal (see

SECTION 13).

*Use non-sparking tools.

Containment Stop leak if safe to do so - Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas.

Decontamination After cleaning, flush away any residual traces with water.

Environmental Precautionary

Evacuation Criteria

Avoid discharge into the environment. If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred, advise local emergency

Measures services.

Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Keep unauthorised personnel away.

Personal Precautionary Measures Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Minimise dust generation and accumulation. Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8). WARNING: May form combustible dust concentrations in air! Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations. Provide adequate

precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Storage Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed when not in use - Check

regularly for spills. Protect from moisture/humidity. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep

away from incompatible materials (see SECTION 10).

Container Keep in the original container.

*Not suitable: Steel, Aluminium and its alloys.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General No specific exposure standards are available for this product. For dusts from solid substances without specific

occupational exposure standards:

- Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard (Nuisance dusts): 8 hr TWA = 10 mg/m3 (measured as inhalable dust).

New Zealand WES (Particulates not otherwise classified): TWA = 10 mg/m3; TWA = 3 mg/m3 (respirable dust).

Exposure Limits No Data Available

Biological Limits No information available.

Engineering Measures A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust

ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Ensure ventilation is adequate to maintain air concentrations below workplace

exposure standards.

Personal Protection Equipment - Respiratory protection: In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection. Recommended: Respiratory

protective device with a particle filter (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716).

- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Safety glasses.

- Hand protection: Handle with gloves. Recommended: Impermeable protective gloves.

- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended: Protective

clothing. Impermeable boots.

*Thermal hazards: Wear suitable protective clothing to prevent heat.

Special Hazards Precaustions

No information available.

Work Hygienic Practices Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands after use. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it

housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces.

before reuse. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Routine

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Solid

Appearance Crystalline powder

Odour Odourless

ColourColourless - whitepHNo Data AvailableVapour Pressure10 Pa (@ 18.5 °C)Relative Vapour Density5.04 Air = 1Boiling Point338 °CMelting Point152 °C

Freezing Point No Data Available

Solubility 1.4 g/100 mL water - Moderate 15°C

Specific Gravity No Data Available

Flash Point 196°C >400 °C **Auto Ignition Temp**

Evaporation Rate No Data Available **Bulk Density** No Data Available **Corrosion Rate** No Data Available

Decomposition Temperature 230 °C 1.36 g/mL Density

Specific Heat No Data Available **Molecular Weight** 146.141 g/mol **Net Propellant Weight** No Data Available **Octanol Water Coefficient** logPow = 0.08**Particle Size** No Data Available **Partition Coefficient** No Data Available **Saturated Vapour Concentration** No Data Available **Vapour Temperature** No Data Available No Data Available Viscosity

Additional Characteristics The substance is a weak acid.

Potential for Dust Explosion Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Fast or Intensely Burning

Characteristics

Volatile Percent

VOC Volume

No information available.

No Data Available

No Data Available

Flame Propagation or Burning **Rate of Solid Materials**

No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a

Properties That May Initiate or

No information available.

Contribute to Fire Intensity

Reactions That Release Gases or

Vapours

Combustible solid.

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating and/or toxic gases, including oxides of Carbon, acrid smoke and fumes.

Release of Invisible Flammable

Vapours and Gases

No information available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General Information Reacts with alkalis and oxidizing materials. Corrosive to mild steel at room temperature.

Chemical Stability The substance is stable under normal storage and handling conditions. **Conditions to Avoid** Avoid generating dust. Keep away from heat and ignition sources.

Materials to Avoid Incompatible/reactive with alkalis and oxidising agents.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating and/or toxic gases, including oxides of Carbon, acrid smoke and fumes.

Hazardous Polymerisation Will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information

- Acute toxicity: The chemical is reported to have low acute toxicity via the oral, dermal and inhalation routes. Ingestion of large amounts may cause nausea and vomiting.
- Skin corrosion/irritation: May cause skin irritation. The chemical is reported to be a slight skin irritant in rabbits.
- Eye damage/irritation: Causes serious eye irritation.
- Respiratory/skin sensitisation: The chemical is not a skin sensitiser.
- Germ cell mutagenicity: The chemical is reported to be non-mutagenic.
- Carcinogenicity: The chemical is not carcinogenic.
- Reproductive toxicity: The chemical is not a reproductive or developmental toxicant.
- STOT (single exposure): Breathing in dust may result in respiratory irritation. Due to the acidic character of the substance, a local irritation potential is plausible.
- STOT (repeated exposure): The chemical is of low chronic toxicity via the oral and inhalation routes.
- Aspiration toxicity: No information available.

Acute

Inhalation

Ingestion Acute toxicity (Oral):

- LD50, Rat: 5,560 mg/kg bw. - LD50, Mice: 1,900 mg/kg bw.

Other Acute toxicity (Dermal):

- LD50: >2,000 mg/kg bw. Acute toxicity (Inhalation):

- LC50, Rats: >7.7 mg/L (4 h)

Carcinogen Category

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Aquatic toxicity:

- LC50, Crustacea (Daphnia): 46 mg/L (48 h) [OECD 202].

Persistence/Degradability Inherently biodegradable in water. Readily biodegradable in soil.

Mobility No information available.

Environmental Fate Prevent entry into drains and waterways.

None

Bioaccumulation Potential No information available.

Environmental Impact No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations. Offer surplus and non-recyclable

solutions to a licensed disposal company. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical

incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.

Special Precautions for Land Fill Contaminated packaging: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name Adipic Acid

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name Adipic Acid

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name Adipic Acid

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name Adipic Acid

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name Adipic Acid

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available
EMS No Data Available

Marine Pollutant No

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for SEA transport.

Air Transport

Special Provision

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping Name Adipic Acid
Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for AIR transport.

No Data Available

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the Criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information No Data Available
Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code HSR002503

HSR002761 (Revoked)

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Not Determined

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Not Determined

Europe (EINECS) 204-673-3

Europe (REACh) Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI) Not Determined

Korea (KECI) Not Determined

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Not Determined

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Not Determined

USA (TSCA) Not Determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes ADACID1000, ADACID1001, ADACID1002, ADACID1003, ADACID1004, ADACID1005, ADACID1006, ADACID1007,

ADACID1008, ADACID1009, ADACID1010, ADACID1011, ADACID1012, ADACID1013, ADACID1014, ADACID1015, ADACID1016, ADACID1017, ADACID1018, ADACID1019, ADACID1020, ADACID1021, ADACID1022, ADACID1023, ADACID1024, ADACID1025, ADACID1026, ADACID1027, ADACID1028, ADACID1029, ADACID1030, ADACID1031, ADACID1032, ADACID1033, ADACID1034, ADACID1035, ADACID1036, ADACID1037, ADACID1038, ADACID1039, ADACID1050, ADACID1500, ADACID1501, ADACID1502, ADACID1600, ADACID1601, ADACID1800, ADACID2000, ADACID2100, ADACID2101, ADACID2200, ADACID2250, ADACID2300, ADACID2500, ADACID2600, ADACID3000, ADACID3001, ADACID3002, ADACID3100, ADACID3200, ADACID3300, ADACID3500, ADACID3502, ADACID3600, ADACID3700, ADACID3900, ADACID3905, ADACID3906, ADACID4000, ADACID4001, ADACID4200, ADACID4500, ADACID4600, ADACID4700, ADACID4800, ADACID4900, ADACID5000, ADACID5100, ADACID5500, ADACID5600, ADACID6000, ADACID6500, ADACID7000, ADACID7100, ADACID8000, ADACID8100, ADACID8200, ADACID8300, ADACID

Revision 4

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square CentimetresCO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand **deg C (°C)** Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

g Grams

g/cm³ Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism **IDLH** Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health **immiscible** Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury inH2O Inch of Water

K Kelvin

kg Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

Ib Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre

m³ Cubic Metre

mbar Millibar

mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours

mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH20 Millimetres of Water

mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations

wt Weight