

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Caprolactam

Other Names .epsilon.-Caprolactam; e-Caprolactam

Uses Manufacture of Nylon.

Chemical Family No Data Available

Chemical Formula C6H11NO

Chemical Name 2H-Azepin-2-one, hexahydro-

Product Description No Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

 Organisation
 Location
 Telephone

 Redox Ltd
 2 Swettenham Road
 +61-2-97333000

Minto NSW 2566 Australia

Redox Ltd 11 Mayo Road +64-9-2506222

Wiri Auckland 2104 New Zealand

Redox Inc. 3960 Paramount Boulevard +1-424-675-3200

Suite 107

Lakewood CA 90712

USA

Redox Chemicals Sdn Bhd Level 2, No. 8, Jalan Sapir 33/7 +60-3-5614-2111

Seksyen 33, Shah Alam Premier Industrial Park

40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia

Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

OrganisationLocationTelephonePoisons Information CentreWestmead NSW1800-251525131126

Chemcall Australia 1800-127406 +64-4-9179888

Chemcall Malaysia +64-4-9179888

 Chemcall
 New Zealand
 0800-243622

 +64-4-9179888
 +64-4-9179888

National Poisons Centre New Zealand 0800-764766

CHEMTREC USA & Canada 1-800-424-9300 CN723420

+1-703-527-3887

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled



Globally Harmonised System

Hazard Classification Hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Hazard Categories Acute Toxicity (Oral) - Category 4

Acute Toxicity (Inhalation) - Category 4
Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 2A

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) - Category 3

Pictograms



Signal Word Warning

Hazard Statements H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

 Precautionary Statements
 Prevention
 P261
 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P270 Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Response P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice.

P330 Rinse mouth.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local / regional / national /

international regulations.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Safe Work Australia

National Guide for Classifying Hazardous Chemicals under the Model WHS Regulations

Hazard Classification Hazardous according to the criteria of Safe Work Australia under Model WHS Regulations

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

| Chemical Entity | Formula | CAS Number | Proportion |
|-----------------|---------|------------|------------|
| e-Caprolactam | C6H11NO | 105-60-2 | <=100 % |

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth with water. Call a Poison Centre or doctor/physician for advice. Never give anything by

mouth to an unconscious person.

Eye IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting

the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. If eye

irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

Skin IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If skin irritation

occurs, get medical advice/attention.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a Poison Centre or

doctor/physician for advice. Apply resuscitation if victim is not breathing - Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by No information available.

Exposure

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is out.

Flammability Conditions Combustible solid; May burn but does not ignite readily.

Extinguishing Media Use dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), foam or water spray for extinction.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Hazardous Products of

Combustion

Fire may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes, including Carbon oxides, Nitrogen oxides, ammonia, Hydrogen

cyanide.

Special Fire Fighting Instructions Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may pollute waterways.

Personal Protective Equipment Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and chemical splash suit. SCBA and structural firefighter's uniform may

provide limited protection.

Flash Point 125 °C Lower Explosion Limit 1.4 % Upper Explosion Limit 8.0 % Auto Ignition Temperature 375 °C

Hazchem Code No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Ensure adequate ventilation. ELIMINATE all ignition sources. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid **General Response Procedure**

generating dust. Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Clean Up Procedures Collect material (sweep up and shovel) and keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal (see SECTION 13).

Containment Stop leak if safe to do so - Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas. Prevent dust cloud.

Decontamination No information available.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Prevent entry into drains and waterways.

Evacuation Criteria

Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Keep unauthorised personnel away.

Personal Precautionary Measures Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

> adequate ventilation - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Minimise dust generation and accumulation. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8). WARNING! May form combustible dust concentrations in air (during processing). Provide adequate precautions, such as

electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Storage Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from moisture

(hygroscopic). Keep away from heat and sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from incompatible materials (see

SECTION 10). Store locked up.

Container Keep in the original container.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General For Caprolactam (CAS No. 105-60-2):

- Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard (dust): TWA = 1 mg/m3; STEL = 3 mg/m3

- Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard (dust and vapour): TWA = 10 mg/m3; STEL = 2 mg/m3

- New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standard (dust): TWA = 1 mg/m3; STEL = 3 mg/m3

- New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standard (vapour): TWA = 5 ppm (23 mg/m3); STEL = 10 ppm (46 mg/m3)

Exposure Limits No Data Available

Biological Limits No information available.

Engineering Measures A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust

ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing

dispersion of it into the general work area.

Personal Protection Equipment - Respiratory protection: In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection. Recommended: Organic

vapour/particulate filter respirator (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716).

- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Safety glasses with side-

shields.

- Hand protection: Wear protective gloves. Recommended: Chemical resistant protective gloves, e.g. Butyl rubber, Nitrile

rubber.

- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended: Apron,

protective boots, chemical-protective suit. Body protection must be chosen depending on activity and possible exposure.

Special Hazards Precaustions No information available.

Work Hygienic Practices Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product. Take off

contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Solid

Appearance Solid (flakes)
Odour Unpleasant

ColourWhite (colourless liquid)pHNo Data AvailableVapour Pressure0.26 Pa (@ 25 °C)

Relative Vapour Density $3.91 \, \text{Air} = 1$ Boiling Point $267 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Melting Point $70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Freezing Point $70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$

Solubility Soluble in water (77.2 g/100 ml)

Evaporation Rate

Bulk Density

No Data Available

Corrosion Rate

No Data Available

Decomposition Temperature

No Data Available

Density

No Data Available

Specific Heat

No Data Available

Molecular Weight

No Data Available

Net Propellant WeightNo Data AvailableOctanol Water Coefficient-0.19 (Log Pow)Particle SizeNo Data AvailablePartition CoefficientNo Data AvailableSaturated Vapour ConcentrationNo Data Available

Vapour Temperature 20 °C

Viscosity 9 cP (@ 78 °C)

Volatile Percent No Data Available

VOC Volume No Data Available

Additional Characteristics No information available.

Potential for Dust Explosion Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Fast or Intensely Burning

Characteristics

No information available.

Flame Propagation or Burning

Rate of Solid Materials

No information available.

No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could

Contribute Unusual Hazards to a

Fire

Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity

contribute to the intensity

Reactions That Release Gases or Vapours

 $\label{eq:combustible} \mbox{Combustible solid; } \mbox{May burn but does not ignite readily.}$

Gases or Fire/decomposition may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes, including Carbon oxides, Nitrogen oxides,

ammonia, Hydrogen cyanide.

Release of Invisible Flammable

Vapours and Gases

No information available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General Information No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

Chemical Stability Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Conditions to Avoid Avoid generating dust. Avoid temperatures >100 °C and sources of ignition.

Materials to Avoid Incompatible/reactive with strong oxidising agents, strong bases.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes, including Carbon oxides, Nitrogen oxides,

ammonia, Hydrogen cyanide.

Hazardous Polymerisation Will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information - Acute toxicity: Harmful if swallowed and if inhaled.

Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes skin irritation.
 Eye damage/irritation: Causes serious eye irritation.
 Respiratory/skin sensitisation: Not classified.

Germ cell mutagenicity: Not classified.
Carcinogenicity: Not classified.
Reproductive toxicity: Not classified.

- STOT (single exposure): May cause respiratory irritation.

- STOT (repeated exposure): Not classified.

- Aspiration toxicity: Not classified.

Acute

Ingestion Acute toxicity (Oral):

LD50, Rat (male): 1,475 mg/kg bw.LD50, Rat (female): 1,876 mg/kg bw.

Other Acute toxicity (Dermal):

- LD50, Rat: >2,000 mg/kg bw.

Inhalation Acute toxicity (Inhalation):

- LC50, Rat (male/female): 8.16 mg/l (4 h) aerosol.

Carcinogen Category None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Aquatic toxicity:

- LC50, Fish (freshwater): >100 mg/L (96 h).

EC50, Invertebrates (freshwater): >1,000 mg/L (48 h).EC50, Algae (freshwater): >1,000 mg/L (72 h).

Persistence/Degradability Readily biodegradable.

Mobility No information available.

Environmental FateThe product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms nor to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

Bioaccumulation PotentialThere is no evidence that e-Caprolactam bio-accumulates in organisms.

Environmental Impact No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General InformationContact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dispose of contents/container in

accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name
Class
No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s)
No Data Available
No Data Available
No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name Caprolactam

Class No Data Available

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available

Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name Caprolactam

Class No Data Available

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name Caprolactam

Class No Data Available

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name Caprolactam Class No Data Available Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available **UN Number** No Data Available No Data Available Hazchem **Pack Group** No Data Available No Data Available **Special Provision** No Data Available **EMS**

Marine Pollutant No

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for SEA transport.

Air Transport

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping NameCaprolactamClassNo Data AvailableSubsidiary Risk(s)No Data AvailableUN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for AIR transport.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods ClassificationNOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information No Data Available
Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code HSR002503 - Additives, Process Chemicals and Raw Materials (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Not Determined

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Not Determined

Europe (EINECS) 203-313-2

Europe (REACh) Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI) Not Determined

Korea (KECI) Not Determined

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Not Determined

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Not Determined

USA (TSCA) Not Determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes CAPROL1000, CAPROL1001, CAPROL1002, CAPROL1003, CAPROL1004, CAPROL1005, CAPROL1006, CAPROL1007,

CAPROL1008, CAPROL1009, CAPROL1010, CAPROL1011, CAPROL1012, CAPROL1013, CAPROL1014, CAPROL1015, CAPROL1016, CAPROL1066, CAPROL1200, CAPROL1300, CAPROL1500, CAPROL2000, CAPROL2001, CAPROL2400, CAPROL2500, CAPROL2600, CAPROL2601, CAPROL2700, CAPROL3000, CAPROL3050, CAPROL3051, CAPROL3500, CAPROL4000, CAPROL4000, CAPROL4000, CAPROL5200, CAPROL5200, CAPROL6000, CAPROL6000, CAPROL8001,

CAPROL8002, CAPROL9000, CAPROL9800, CAPROL9801

Revision 4

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square CentimetresCO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand **deg C (°C)** Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

g Grams

g/cm3 Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism

IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health

immiscible Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury

inH20 Inch of Water

K Kelvin

kg Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

Ib Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre

m³ Cubic Metre

mbar Millibar

mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours

mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH20 Millimetres of Water

mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations

wt Weight