

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Titanium Dioxide (Rutile)

Other Names CI 77891; Pigment White 6; R2195; R906; R-996; RC 822+; Rutile [CAS#1317-80-2]

Uses Pigment, opacifying agent.

No Data Available **Chemical Family**

Chemical Formula TiO2

Chemical Name Titanium dioxide **Product Description** No Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

Organisation Location Telephone Redox Ltd 2 Swettenham Road +61-2-97333000

> Minto NSW 2566 Australia

Redox Ltd 11 Mayo Road +64-9-2506222

> Wiri Auckland 2104 New Zealand

3960 Paramount Boulevard Redox Inc. +1-424-675-3200

Suite 107

Lakewood CA 90712

USA

Redox Chemicals Sdn Bhd Level 2, No. 8, Jalan Sapir 33/7 +60-3-5614-2111

Seksyen 33, Shah Alam Premier Industrial Park

40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia

Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Poisons Information Centre	Westmead NSW	1800-251525 131126
Chemcall	Australia	1800-127406 +64-4-9179888
Chemcall	Malaysia	+64-4-9179888
Chemcall	New Zealand	0800-243622 +64-4-9179888
National Poisons Centre	New Zealand	0800-764766
CHEMTREC	USA & Canada	1-800-424-9300 CN72

1-800-424-9300 CN723420 CHEMIREC USA & Canada

+1-703-527-3887

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled



Globally Harmonised System

Hazard Classification NOT hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Signal Word None

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Titanium dioxide	TiO2	13463-67-7	80 - 100 %
Amorphous Silica	SiO2	7631-86-9	0 - 8 %
Aluminium hydroxide	AI(OH)3	21645-51-2	0 - 5 %
Zirconium oxide	ZrO2	1314-23-4	0 - 1%
Ingredients determined not to be hazardous	Unspecified	Unspecified	Balance %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get

medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Eye IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting

the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. If eye

irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

Skin IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation

occurs, get medical advice/attention.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If respiratory symptoms

persist, get medical advice/attention. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Administer oxygen if breathing is

difficult.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by No information available.

Exposure

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be

taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area.

Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is out.

Flammability Conditions Product is inert, non-flammable and non-combustible.

Extinguishing Media If material is involved in a fire, use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding environment and circumstances.

Fire and Explosion Hazard No specific fire or explosion hazard.

*Static discharge can potentially build up during transport and/or when pouring product from plastic bags. In the presence

of flammable or combustible materials, a safety assessment should be carried out.

Hazardous Products of

Combustion

Decomposition products may include metal oxide/oxides.

*At high temperature decomposition products may include formaldehyde and ethyl acrolein as a result of decomposition

of the organic component.

Special Fire Fighting Instructions Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may cause pollution.

Personal Protective Equipment Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only

provide limited protection.

Flash Point

Lower Explosion Limit

Upper Explosion Limit

Auto Ignition Temperature

Hazchem Code

No Data Available

No Data Available

No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Ensure adequate ventilation. ELIMINATE

all ignition sources. Do not touch or walk through spilled material - Can cause slippery conditions when wet! Avoid

generating dust. Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Clean Up Procedures Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container.

*Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal.

Containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

Decontamination No information available.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant

authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Evacuation Criteria Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected

personnel from entering.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid generating dust. Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8). Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Storage Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep

container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid exposure to moisture. Keep away from heat and sources of ingnition - No smoking. Keep away from food/feedstuffs and incompatible materials (see SECTION 10). Use appropriate

containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Container Keep in the original container. Do not store in unlabelled containers.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General For Titanium dioxide (CAS No. 13463-67-7):

- Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard: TWA = 10 mg/m3 (This value is for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica).

COMPONENT: Aluminium oxide (CAS No. 1344-28-1):

- Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard: TWA = 10 mg/m3 (This value is for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica).

COMPONENT: Amorphous Silica (CAS No. 7631-86-9):

- Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard: TWA = 2 mg/m3 (respirable dust).

COMPONENT: Zirconium oxide (CAS No. 1314-23-4):

- Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard for Zirconium compounds (as Zr): TWA = 5 mg/m3; STEL = 10 mg/m3.

Exposure Limits No Data Available

Biological Limits No information available.

Engineering Measures A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust

ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing

dispersion of it into the general work area.

Personal Protection Equipment - Respiratory protection: In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection. Recommended: Use a properly

fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they

must use appropriate, certified respirators (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716).

- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: If operating conditions

cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.

- Hand protection: Handle with gloves. Recommended: Natural rubber/Natural latex, Polyvinyl chloride.

- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended: Personal protective equipment for the body, appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this

product.

Special Hazards Precaustions Handling and/or processing of this material may generate a dust which can cause mechanical irritation of the eyes, skin,

nose, and throat. Avoid breathing dust. Minimise prolonged skin contact to prevent drying, as all fine powders can absorb moisture and natural oils from the surface of the skin, which could lead to skin cracking.

*Each work environment must be assessed to determine hazards.

Work Hygienic Practices Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical

products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.

*Individuals having sensitive skin may find it beneficial to use a barrier cream or moisturizer when excessive or prolonged

contact with the skin is likely.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical StateSolidAppearancePowderOdourOdourlessColourWhite

pH 5.5 - 8.5 (10 g/100 ml aq. sol'n)

Vapour PressureNo Data AvailableRelative Vapour DensityNo Data AvailableBoiling Point2,500 - 3,000 °CMelting Point1,830 - 1,850 °CFreezing PointNo Data AvailableSolubilityInsoluble in water

Specific Gravity 3.6 - 4.2

Flash Point No Data Available
Auto Ignition Temp No Data Available
Evaporation Rate No Data Available

Bulk Density No Data Available No Data Available **Corrosion Rate Decomposition Temperature** No Data Available Density No Data Available **Specific Heat** No Data Available **Molecular Weight** No Data Available **Net Propellant Weight** No Data Available **Octanol Water Coefficient** No Data Available **Particle Size** No Data Available **Partition Coefficient** No Data Available **Saturated Vapour Concentration** No Data Available **Vapour Temperature** No Data Available Viscosity No Data Available **Volatile Percent** No Data Available **VOC Volume** No Data Available **Additional Characteristics**

No information available.

Potential for Dust Explosion Static discharge can potentially build up during transport and/or when pouring product from plastic bags. In the presence

of flammable or combustible materials, a safety assessment should be carried out.

Fast or Intensely Burning

Characteristics

No information available.

Flame Propagation or Burning

Rate of Solid Materials

No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could

Contribute Unusual Hazards to a

Fire

No information available.

Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity

Product is inert, non-flammable and non-combustible.

Reactions That Release Gases or

Vapours

Decomposition products may include metal oxide/oxides.

*At high temperature decomposition products may include formaldehyde and ethyl acrolein as a result of decomposition

of the organic component.

Release of Invisible Flammable

Vapours and Gases

No information available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General Information No information available.

Chemical Stability Chemically stable and non-reactive.

Conditions to Avoid Avoid generating dust. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Materials to Avoid None known.

Hazardous Decomposition

Decomposition products may include metal oxide/oxides.

Products

*At high temperature decomposition products may include formaldehyde and ethyl acrolein as a result of decomposition

of the organic component.

Hazardous Polymerisation Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information - Acute toxicity: Practically non-toxic. Not classified based on available information.

- Skin corrosion/irritation: Not classified based on available information. Individuals with sensitive skin may experience skin drying on prolonged or repeated exposure.
- Eye damage/irritation: Not classified based on available information. No significant irritation expected other than mechanical irritation.
- Respiratory/skin sensitisation: Not classified based on available information.
- Germ cell mutagenicity: Not classified based on available information.
- Carcinogenicity: Not classified based on available information. COMPONENT: Titanium dioxide (CAS No. 13463-67-7): Based on the results of chronic inhalation studies (with positive results only in a single species rat), IARC has concluded that "There is inadequate evidence in humans for the carcinogenicity of titanium dioxide" but that "There is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for carcinogenicity of titanium dioxide". IARCs overall evaluation was that "Titanium dioxide is possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B)." In 2020, the European Commission classified Titanium dioxide (TiO2), in powder form containing 1% or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter <= 10 μ m, as category 2 suspected carcinogen by inhalation.
- Reproductive toxicity: Not classified based on available information.
- STOT (single exposure): Not classified based on available information. Dust may induce mild and temporary upper respiratory irritation with cough and shortness of breath.
- STOT (repeated exposure): Not classified based on available information.
- Aspiration toxicity: Not classified based on available information.

Acute

Ingestion Acute toxicity (Oral):

COMPONENT: Titanium dioxide (CAS No. 13463-67-7):

- LD50, Rats: >5,000 mg/kg bw.

Inhalation Acute toxicity (Inhalation):

COMPONENT: Titanium dioxide (CAS No. 13463-67-7):

- LC50, Rat: >6.82 mg/L air (4 h).

Carcinogen Category None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Aquatic toxicity:

COMPONENT: Titanium dioxide (CAS No. 13463-67-7): - LC50, Fish (Leuciscus idus): 1,000 mg/L (48 h).

Persistence/Degradability The material is not biodegradable.

Mobility No information available.

Environmental Fate Prevent entry into drains and waterways.

Bioaccumulation Potential Does not bioaccumulate.

Environmental Impact No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Special Precautions for Land Fill This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product

residues.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name Titanium Dioxide (Rutile)

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name Titanium Dioxide (Rutile)

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name Titanium Dioxide (Rutile)

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (Singapore)

Proper Shipping Name Titanium Dioxide (Rutile)

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
No Data Available

NO Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name Titanium Dioxide (Rutile)

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name Titanium Dioxide (Rutile)

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available
EMS No Data Available

Marine Pollutant No

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for SEA transport.

Air Transport

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping Name Titanium Dioxide (Rutile)

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for AIR transport.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information No Data Available

Poisons Schedule (Aust)

Not Scheduled

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code Not Hazardous

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Not Determined

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Not Determined

Europe (EINECS) 236-675-5

Europe (REACh) Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI) Not Determined

Korea (KECI) Not Determined

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Not Determined

Philippines (PICCS) Not Determined

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Not Determined

USA (TSCA) Not Determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes TIDIEN1000, TIDIOX0100, TIDIOX0200, TIDIOX0300, TIDIOX0500, TIDIOX0501, TIDIOX0810, TIDIOX0810, TIDIOX0940,

TIDIOX1000, TIDIOX1001, TIDIOX1002, TIDIOX1003, TIDIOX1004, TIDIOX1005, TIDIOX1006, TIDIOX1007, TIDIOX1008, TIDIOX1009, TIDIOX1010, TIDIOX1011, TIDIOX1012, TIDIOX1013, TIDIOX1014, TIDIOX1015, TIDIOX1016, TIDIOX1017, TIDIOX1018, TIDIOX1019, TIDIOX1021, TIDIOX1100, TIDIOX2000, TIDIOX2160, TIDIOX2165, TIDIOX2195, TIDIOX2196, TIDIOX2198, TIDIOX2295, TIDIOX2500, TIDIOX2501, TIDIOX2502, TIDIOX2503, TIDIOX2600, TIDIOX3000, TIDIOX3001, TIDIOX3002, TIDIOX3003, TIDIOX4000, TIDIOX4200, TIDIOX5000, TIDIOX5001, TIDIOX5880, TIDIOX6100, TIDIOX6101, TIDIOX6300, TIDIOX6400, TIDIOX6800, TIDIOX6995, TIDIOX7000, TIDIOX7011, TIDIOX7300, TIDIOX7500, TIDIOX7501, TIDIOX7510, TIDIOX7600, TIDIOX7901, TIDIOX8001, TIDIOX8030, TIDIOX8080, TIDIOX8101, TIDIOX8102, TIDIOX8220, TIDIOX8221, TIDIOX8221, TIDIOX8300, TIDIOX8400, TIDIOX8500, TIDIOX9000, TIDIOX9010, TIDIOX9020, TIDIOX9050, TIDIOX9060, TIDIOX9061, TIDIOX9001, TIDIOX9000, TIDIOX9060, TIDIOX9690, TIDIOX9690, TIDIOX9601, TIDIOX9600, TIDIOX

Revision 6

Revision Date 25 Apr 2022

< Less Than

Key/Legend

> Greater Than

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square Centimetres

CO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand

deg C (°C) Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

g Grams

g/cm3 Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism

IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health

immiscible Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury

inH20 Inch of Water

K Kelvin

kg Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

Ib Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre

m³ Cubic Metre

mbar Millibar

mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours

mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH20 Millimetres of Water

mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations

wt Weight