

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Rubber Antioxidant TMQ

Other Names 1,2-Dihydro-2,2,4-trimethylquinoline, oligomers; LINKWELL TMQ; Polymerized-2,2,4-trimetyl-1,2-dihydroquinoline;

Trimethyldihydroquinoline, polymer

Uses Rubber antioxidant.

Chemical Family No Data Available

Chemical Formula (C12H15N)n

Chemical Name Quinoline, 1,2-dihydro-2,2,4-trimethyl-, homopolymer

Product Description No Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

OrganisationLocationTelephoneRedox Ltd2 Swettenham Road
Minto NSW 2566+61-2-97333000

Australia

Wiri Auckland 2104
New Zealand

Redox Inc. 3960 Paramount Boulevard +1-424-675-3200

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Lakewood CA 90712

USA

Redox Chemicals Sdn Bhd Level 2, No. 8, Jalan Sapir 33/7 +60-3-5614-2111

Seksyen 33, Shah Alam Premier Industrial Park

40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia

Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Poisons Information Centre	Westmead NSW	1800-251525 131126
Chemcall	Australia	1800-127406 +64-4-9179888
Chemcall	Malaysia	+64-4-9179888
Chemcall	New Zealand	0800-243622 +64-4-9179888
National Poisons Centre	New Zealand	0800-764766
CHEMTREC	USA & Canada	1-800-424-9300 CN7234

 CHEMIREC
 USA & Canada
 1-800-424-9300 CN723420

+1-703-527-3887

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust)

Not Scheduled

Phone Fax E-mail Web

+61 2 9733 3000 +61 2 9733 3111 sydney@redox.com www.redox.com 92 000 762 345 Australia
Adelaide
Brisbane
Melbourne
Perth
Sydney

New Zealand Auckland Christchurch Hawke's Bay UK Malaysia
Kuala Lumpur
USA
Los Angeles
Oakland
Mexico
Saltillo



Globally Harmonised System

Hazard Classification Hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Hazard Categories Long-term Hazard To The Aquatic Environment - Category 3

Signal Word None

Hazard Statements H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements Prevention P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Disposal P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local / regional / national /

international regulations.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Inhaled

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
1,2-Dihydro-2,2,4-trimethylquinoline, oligomers	(C12H15N)x	26780-96-1	<=100 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open

airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Eye Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and

remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Skin Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical

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Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained

personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation

attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse

Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get

medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar,

tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically based on judgement of doctor and individual reactions of patient.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure

Medical Conditions Aggravated by No information available on medical conditions aggravated by exposure to this product.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is out.

Flammability Conditions May burn but does not ignite readily. Combustible in contact with open flame.

Extinguishing Media Use dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), foam or water spray for extinction - Do not use water jet.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Hazardous Products of

Fire may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes, including nitrogen compounds, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide.

Combustion

Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may pollute waterways.

Special Fire Fighting Instructions Core Personal Protective Equipment W

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and chemical splash suit. SCBA and structural firefighter's uniform may

provide limited protection.

Flash Point
No Data Available
Lower Explosion Limit
No Data Available
Upper Explosion Limit
No Data Available
Auto Ignition Temperature
No Data Available
Hazchem Code
No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure Ensure adequate ventilation. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (if dust clouds can occur). Do not touch or walk through

spilled material. Avoid generating dust. Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Clean Up Procedures Sweep up, place in a container and hold for waste disposal (see SECTION 13). Avoid dispersal of dust in the air. Non-

sparking tools should be used.

Containment Stop leak if safe to do so – Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas. Prevent dust cloud.

Decontamination No information available.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Evacuation Criteria Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Keep unauthorised personnel away.

Personal Precautionary Measures Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Minimise dust generation and accumulation. Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8). WARNING: May form combustible dust concentrations in air (during processing). Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before

transferring material. Avoid release to the environment.

Storage Storage Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat

and sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from foodstuffs and incompatible materials (see SECTION 10).

Container

Keep in the original container. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General No specific exposure standards are available for this product. For dusts from solid substances without specific

occupational exposure standards:

- Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard (Nuisance dusts): 8 hr TWA = 10 mg/m3 (measured as inhalable dust).

- New Zealand WES (Particulates not otherwise classified): TWA = 10 mg/m3; TWA = 3 mg/m3 (respirable dust).

Exposure Limits No Data Available

Biological Limits No information available.

Engineering Measures A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust

ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing

dispersion of it into the general work area.

Personal Protection Equipment - Respiratory protection: In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection. Recommended: Dust

mask/particulate filter respirator (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716).

- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Safety glasses with side-

shields. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.

 $\hbox{-} \ \ \hbox{Hand protection: Handle with gloves. Recommended: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves.}$

- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended: Lab coat. Personal protective equipment for the body, appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures, should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before

handling this product.

Special Hazards Precaustions Handling and/or processing of this material may generate a dust which can cause mechanical irritation of the eyes, skin,

nose and throat.

Work Hygienic Practices Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the

toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or re-use. Routine housekeeping

should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Solid
Appearance Pastilles

Odour No information available.

ColourAmber or brownpHNo Data AvailableVapour PressureNo Data AvailableRelative Vapour DensityNo Data Available

Boiling Point>315 °CMelting Point72 - 94 °CFreezing PointNo Data Available

Solubility <0.1 g/100 mL (in water) 23°C

Specific GravityNo Data AvailableFlash PointNo Data AvailableAuto Ignition TempNo Data AvailableEvaporation RateNo Data AvailableBulk DensityNo Data AvailableCorrosion RateNo Data AvailableDecomposition TemperatureNo Data Available

Density 1.08 g/cm3

Specific Heat No Data Available **Molecular Weight** No Data Available **Net Propellant Weight** No Data Available **Octanol Water Coefficient** No Data Available **Particle Size** No Data Available **Partition Coefficient** No Data Available **Saturated Vapour Concentration** No Data Available No Data Available **Vapour Temperature** No Data Available Viscosity **Volatile Percent** No Data Available

Additional Characteristics No information available.

Potential for Dust Explosion Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Fast or Intensely Burning

Characteristics

VOC Volume

No information available.

No Data Available

Flame Propagation or Burning

Rate of Solid Materials

No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a

Fire

No information available.

Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity

May burn but does not ignite readily. Combustible in contact with open flame.

Reactions That Release Gases or

Vapours

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes, including nitrogen compounds, carbon

monoxide, carbon dioxide.

Release of Invisible Flammable

Vapours and Gases

No information available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General InformationNo known hazardous reactions under normal conditions of use.Chemical StabilityStable under recommended storage and handling conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Avoid generating dust. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic

discharges.

Materials to Avoid Incompatible/reactive with oxidants, nitric acid.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

 $Fire/decomposition\ may\ produce\ irritating,\ toxic\ and/or\ corrosive\ fumes,\ including\ nitrogen\ compounds,\ carbon$

monoxide, carbon dioxide.

Hazardous Polymerisation No information available.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information - Acute toxicity: May be harmful if swallowed.

- Skin corrosion/irritation: Not irritating. TMQ is not irritating to skin or eye [ECHA].

- Eye damage/irritation: Not irritating. TMQ is not irritating to skin or eye [ECHA]. Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.

- Respiratory/skin sensitisation: Not sensitizing. TMQ was not sensitizing in a guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) conducted according to OECD TG 406 [ECHA].

- Germ cell mutagenicity: Based on the available information, no classification is required [ECHA].
- Carcinogenicity: Based on the available information, no classification is required [ECHA]. It is not listed by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).
- Reproductive toxicity: Insufficient data to classify.
- STOT (single exposure): Insufficient data to classify. Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
- STOT (repeated exposure): Based on the available information, no classification is required [ECHA]. Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.
- Aspiration toxicity: Insufficient data to classify.

Acute

Ingestion Acute toxicity (Oral):

- LD50, Rat: 2,680 mg/kg [Supplier's SDS].

Carcinogen Category None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity No information available.

Persistence/Degradability Not readily biodegradable (0%, 28 days).

Mobility No information available.

Environmental Fate Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects - Avoid release to the environment.

Bioaccumulation Potential No information available.

Environmental Impact No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

 $\label{thm:continuous} \textbf{Special Precautions for Land Fill} \qquad \textbf{No information available}.$

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name Rubber Antioxidant TMQ

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name Rubber Antioxidant TMQ

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name Rubber Antioxidant TMQ

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name Rubber Antioxidant TMQ

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name Rubber Antioxidant TMQ

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available
EMS No Data Available

Marine Pollutant No

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for SEA transport.

Air Transport

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping Name Rubber Antioxidant TMQ

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for AIR transport.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information No Data Available
Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code Not Assessed

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Listed

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Listed

Europe (EINECS) 500-051-3

Europe (REACh) Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI) Listed

Korea (KECI) Listed

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Not Determined

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Not Determined

USA (TSCA) Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes TMQAAA1000, TMQAAA1001, TMQAAA1002, TMQAAA1003, TMQAAA1004, TMQAAA1700, TMQAAA1701, TMQAAA1702,

TMQAAA1703, TMQAAA1704, TMQAAA2000, TMQAAA2500, TMQAAA3500, TQMAAA1000

Revision

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square CentimetresCO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand **deg C (°C)** Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

g Grams

g/cm³ Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism **IDLH** Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health **immiscible** Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury
inH2O Inch of Water

K Kelvin **kg** Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

Ib Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre m³ Cubic Metre mbar Millibar mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH2O Millimetres of Water mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health **NOHSC** National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations

wt Weight