

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone (NMP)

 Other Names
 No Data Available

 Uses
 Industrial solvent.

 Chemical Family
 No Data Available

Chemical Formula C5H9NO

Chemical Name 2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-methyl-

Product Description No Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

 Organisation
 Location
 Telephone

 Redox Ltd
 2 Swettenham Road
 +61-2-97333000

Minto NSW 2566 Australia

Redox Ltd 11 Mayo Road +64-9-2506222

Wiri Auckland 2104 New Zealand

Redox Inc. 3960 Paramount Boulevard +1-424-675-3200

Suite 107

Lakewood CA 90712

USA

Redox Chemicals Sdn Bhd Level 2, No. 8, Jalan Sapir 33/7 +60-3-5614-2111

Seksyen 33, Shah Alam Premier Industrial Park

40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia

Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

OrganisationLocationTelephonePoisons Information CentreWestmead NSW1800-251525
131126ChemcallAustralia1800-127406
+64-4-9179888ChemcallMalaysia+64-4-9179888

Chemcall New Zealand 0800-243622 +64-4-9179888

National Poisons Centre New Zealand 0800-764766

CHEMTREC USA & Canada 1-800-424-9300 CN723420

+1-703-527-3887

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Schedule 6



Globally Harmonised System

Hazard Classification Hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Hazard Categories Flammable Liquids - Category 4

Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 2A

Toxic To Reproduction - Category 1B

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) - Category 3

Pictograms





Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements H227 Combustible liquid.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
 H360D May damage the unborn child.

Precautionary Statements Prevention P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P261 Avoid breathing fumes/mists/vapours/spray.

P210 Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. No smoking.

P235 Keep cool.

Response P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, foam or water mist for

extinction.

Storage P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local / regional / national /

international regulations.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	C5H9NO	872-50-4	<=100 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth, then drink a glass of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a Poison Centre or

doctor/physician for advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Eye IF IN EYES: Do not rub eyes. Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and

occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue flushing until

advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Skin IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes. Immediately flush skin and hair with running

water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a Poison Centre or

doctor/physician for advice. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult.

Advice to Doctor If exposed or concerned, get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s)

involved and take precautions to protect

themselves.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by No information available.

Exposure

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is out.

Flammability Conditions Combustible liquid; may burn but does not ignite readily.

Extinguishing Media Use dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), alcohol-resistant foam or water spray for extinction - Do not use water jets.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Containers may explode when heated. May emit flammable vapour if involved in fire.

Hazardous Products of

Combustion

Fire may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes, including Carbon oxides, Nitrogen oxides.

Special Fire Fighting Instructions Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may pollute waterways.

Personal Protective Equipment Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only

provide limited protection.

Flash Point 91 - 93 °C [Closed cup]

Hazchem Code No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure Ensure adequate ventilation. ELIMINATE all ignition sources. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid

breathing vapours and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Clean Up Procedures Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to a suitable container for disposal (see SECTION

13).

Containment Stop leak if safe to do so – Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas.

Decontamination Ventilate area and wash spill site after material pick-up is complete.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Prevent entry into drains and waterways.

Evacuation Criteria Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Keep unauthorised personnel away.

Personal Precautionary Measures Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

adequate ventilation - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Obtain special instructions before use - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8). Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against

static discharge.

Storage Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool; Keep away

from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources - No smoking. Keep away from foodstuffs and

incompatible materials (see SECTION 10). Store locked up.

*Storage place should be equipped with appropriate fire fighting equipment and leakage emergency equipment.

Container Keep in the original container.

*Do not expose empty containers to heat, sparks, open flames or other ignition sources.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General For 1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS No. 872-50-4):

 $- Safe Work \ Australia \ Exposure \ Standard: \ TWA = 25 \ ppm \ (103 \ mg/m3); \ STEL = 75 \ ppm \ (309 \ mg/m3); \ Absorption \ through$

the skin may be a significant source of exposure (Sk).

- New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standard [Next review 2022]: TWA = 25 ppm (103 mg/m3); STEL = 75 ppm (309

mg/m3); Skin absorption (skin).

Exposure Limits No Data Available

Biological Limits No information available.

Engineering Measures A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust

ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing

dispersion of it into the general work area.

Personal Protection Equipment - Respiratory protection: Wear respiratory protection in case of inadequate ventilation, under conditions of frequent use or heavy exposure. Recommended: Organic vapour/particulate filter respirator or supplied-air respirator (refer to AS/NZS

1715 & 1716).

- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Primary protection chemical

googles with secondary protection face-shield.

- Hand protection: Wear protective gloves. Recommended: Compatible protective gloves.

- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended: Wear anti-

electrostatic clothing.

Special Hazards Precaustions

No information available.

Work Hygienic Practices

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this

product. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Transparent liquid Odour Weak, Amine Colour Colourless

рΗ 7.7 - 8.0 (10% soln.) **Vapour Pressure** 0.345 mmHg (@ 25)

Relative Vapour Density $3.4 \, Air = 1$ **Boiling Point** 202°C -24 °C **Melting Point** -24 °C **Freezing Point**

Solubility Miscible with water

Specific Gravity 1.03

Flash Point 91 - 93 °C [Closed cup]

270 °C **Auto Ignition Temp**

Evaporation Rate $^{\sim}0.03$ (Butyl acetate = 1) **Bulk Density** No Data Available **Corrosion Rate** No Data Available **Decomposition Temperature** No Data Available No Data Available Density **Specific Heat** No Data Available **Molecular Weight** 99.13 g/mol **Net Propellant Weight** No Data Available

Octanol Water Coefficient -0.38

Particle Size No Data Available **Partition Coefficient** No Data Available **Saturated Vapour Concentration** No Data Available **Vapour Temperature** No Data Available Viscosity No Data Available **Volatile Percent** No Data Available **VOC Volume** No Data Available

Additional Characteristics No information available.

Potential for Dust Explosion Not applicable.

Fast or Intensely Burning

Characteristics

No information available.

Flame Propagation or Burning

Rate of Solid Materials

No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a

No information available.

Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity

Combustible liquid; may burn but does not ignite readily.

Reactions That Release Gases or

Vapours

Fire

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes, including Carbon oxides, Nitrogen oxides.

Release of Invisible Flammable

Vapours and Gases

May emit flammable vapour if involved in fire.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General Information No information available.

Chemical Stability This material is stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against

static discharge.

Materials to Avoid Incompatible/reactive with strong oxidising agents, strong reducing agents, strong acids, strong bases and combustible

materials.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes, including Carbon oxides, Nitrogen oxides. May

emit flammable vapour if involved in fire.

Hazardous Polymerisation Will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information - Acute toxicity: Low acute toxicity.

- Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes skin irritation.

- Eye damage/irritation: Causes serious eye irritation.

- Respiratory/skin sensitisation: No evidence of sensitisation [NICNAS]. - Germ cell mutagenicity: Not considered to be genotoxic [NICNAS].

- Carcinogenicity: No evidence of carcinogenicity [NICNAS]

- Reproductive toxicity: May damage the unborn child. Developmental effects, including post implantation loss, foetal malformations and pup mortality, have been observed in rats, rabbits and mice following oral and/or dermal exposure

[NICNAS].

- STOT (single exposure): May cause respiratory irritation.

- STOT (repeated exposure): Not considered to cause serious damage to health from repeated oral and/or dermal exposure [NICNAS]. In a 90 day repeated dose inhalation toxicity study in rats, the NOAEC for both systemic toxicity and local irritation was defined as 0.5 mg/L. Effects observed at higher concentrations (>=1.0 mg/L) included nasal irritation and crust formation, retardation in male body weight gain, changes in red cell parameters, an increase in

polymorphonuclear neutrophils and a decrease in lymphocytes; After recovery, male rats showed a significantly reduced

body weight gain and cellular depletion in the testes [NICNAS].

- Aspiration toxicity: No information available.

Acute

Acute toxicity (Oral): Ingestion

- LD50, Rat: 3,914 mg/kg [Supplier's SDS].

Acute toxicity (Dermal): Other

- LD50, Rat: 5,000 mg/kg [Supplier's SDS].

Carcinogen Category None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Aquatic toxicity:

- LC50, Fish (Leuciscus idus): >500 mg/l (96 h) [Supplier's SDS].

- LC50, Crustacea (Daphnia magna): >1,000 mg/l (24 h) [Supplier's SDS].

- EC50, Algae/aquatic plants (Desmodesmus subspicatus): >500 mg/l (72 h) [DIN 38412; Supplier's SDS].

- EC50, Bacteria (Activated sludge): >600 mg/l (0.5 h) [ISO 8192; Supplier's SDS].

Persistence/Degradability

No information available. No information available.

Environmental Fate

Mobility

Prevent entry into drains and waterways.

Bioaccumulation Potential No information available. **Environmental Impact** No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Special Precautions for Land Fill Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dissolve or mix the material with a

combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone

Class C1 Combustible Liquids - Flash Point >60°C - <=93°C, Closed Cup

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available
EMS No Data Available

Marine Pollutant No

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for SEA transport.

Air Transport

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping Name N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for AIR transport.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information N-METHYL-2-PYRROLIDONE

Poisons Schedule (Aust)

Schedule 6

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code HSR001384 (Reassessed)

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Not Determined

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Not Determined

Europe (EINECS) 212-828-1

Europe (REACh) Registered

Japan (ENCS/METI) Not Determined

Korea (KECI) Not Determined

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Not Determined

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Not Determined

USA (TSCA) Not Determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes MEPYRR0400, MEPYRR0500, MEPYRR0600, MEPYRR0700, MEPYRR0800, MEPYRR0900, MEPYRR0902,

MEPYRR1000, MEPYRR1001, MEPYRR1002, MEPYRR1003, MEPYRR1004, MEPYRR1005, MEPYRR1006, MEPYRR1007, MEPYRR1008, MEPYRR1009, MEPYRR1010, MEPYRR1011, MEPYRR1012, MEPYRR1013, MEPYRR1100, MEPYRR1101, MEPYRR1200, MEPYRR1300, MEPYRR1301, MEPYRR1400, MEPYRR1500, MEPYRR1600, MEPYRR1601, MEPYRR1605, MEPYRR1615, MEPYRR1700, MEPYRR1701, MEPYRR1702, MEPYRR1703, MEPYRR1710, MEPYRR1711, MEPYRR1712, MEPYRR1715, MEPYRR1800, MEPYRR1810, MEPYRR1811, MEPYRR1812, MEPYRR2000, MEPYRR2001, MEPYRR2002, MEPYRR2003, MEPYRR2010, MEPYRR2015, MEPYRR2020, MEPYRR2030, MEPYRR2040, MEPYRR2500, MEPYRR2550, MEPYRR2550, MEPYRR3000, MEPYR3000, MEPYR30000

Revision 5

Revision Date 29 Apr 2020 Reason for Issue Updated SDS

< Less Than
> Greater Than

Key/Legend

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square Centimetres

CO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand

deg C (°C) Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

g Grams

g/cm³ Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism

IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health

immiscible Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury

inH20 Inch of Water

K Kelvin

kg Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

Ib Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre

m³ Cubic Metre

mbar Millibar

mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours

mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram

mg/m3 Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH20 Millimetres of Water

mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations

wt Weight