

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Cetyl Alcohol
Other Names CO-1698PT

Uses Intermediate, Cosmetics.

Chemical Family No Data Available

Chemical FormulaC16H34OChemical Name1-HexadecanolProduct DescriptionNo Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

 Organisation
 Location
 Telephone

 Redox Ltd
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Minto NSW 2566 Australia

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Wiri Auckland 2104 New Zealand

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40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia

Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Organisation Location Telephone Poisons Information Centre Westmead NSW 1800-251525 131126 Chemcall Australia 1800-127406 +64-4-9179888 +64-4-9179888 Chemcall Malaysia Chemcall New Zealand 0800-243622 +64-4-9179888

National Poisons Centre New Zealand 0800-764766

CHEMTREC USA & Canada 1-800-424-9300 CN723420

+1-703-527-3887

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Redox Ltd
Corporate Office Sydney
Locked Bag 15 Minto NSW 2566 Australia
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All Deliveries: 4 Holmes Road Minto NSW 2566 Australia

Phone Fax E-mail Web

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Kuala Lumpur
USA
Los Angeles
Oakland
Mexico



Globally Harmonised System

Hazard Classification NOT hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Signal Word None

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
1-Hexadecanol	C16H34O	36653-82-4	98 - 100 %
1-Tetradecanol (Impurities)	C14H300	112-72-1	<=2 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical

advice/attention.

Eye IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting

the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. If eye

irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

Skin IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation

occurs, get medical advice/attention.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If respiratory symptoms

persist, get medical advice/attention. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Administer oxygen if breathing is

difficult.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where

possible).

Medical Conditions Aggravated by No information available.

Exposure

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is out.

Flammability Conditions May burn but does not ignite readily.

Extinguishing Media Use dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), alcohol-resistant foam or water spray/fog for extinction - Do not use water jets.

Fire and Explosion Hazard May emit toxic fumes under fire conditions.

Fire may produce irritating and/or toxic fumes, including Carbon oxides.

Hazardous Products of

Combustion

Special Fire Fighting Instructions Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Personal Protective Equipment Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only

provide limited protection.

Flash Point 160 °C [PMCC]

Lower Explosion Limit No Data Available

Upper Explosion Limit No Data Available

Auto Ignition Temperature No Data Available

Hazchem Code No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure Ensure adequate ventilation. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (if dust clouds can occur). Do not touch or walk through

spilled material. Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Clean Up Procedures With clean shovel, place material into clean, dry container and cover loosely; move containers from spill area.

*Liquid spill: Pick up with sand or other non-combustible absorbent material and place into containers for later disposal

(see SECTION 13).

Containment Stop leak if safe to do so – Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas. Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later

disposal. Cover powder spill with plastic sheet or tarp to minimize spreading.

Decontamination No information available.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Avoid subsoil penetration.

Evacuation Criteria Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Keep unauthorised personnel away.

Personal Precautionary Measures Wear personal protective clothing (see SECTION 8).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

adequate ventilation, especially if working at elevated temperatures or in enclosed areas. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Minimise dust generation and accumulation. Avoid breathing dusts or mists. Limit all unnecessary personal contact. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8).

Storage Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat

and all sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from food/feedstuffs and incompatible materials (see SECTION 10).

Container Keep in the original container.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General No specific exposure standards are available for this product. For dusts from solid substances without specific

occupational exposure standards:

- Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard (Nuisance dusts): 8 hr TWA = 10 mg/m3 (measured as inhalable dust).

- New Zealand WES (Particulates not otherwise classified): TWA = 10 mg/m3 (total); TWA = 3 mg/m3 (respirable).

Exposure Limits No Data Available

Biological Limits No information available.

Engineering Measures A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust

ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing

dispersion of it into the general work area.

Personal Protection Equipment

- Respiratory protection: None under normal use conditions. In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection. Recommended: Breathing apparatus with filter (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716).
- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Tightly sealed safety
- Hand protection: Handle with gloves. Recommended: Protective gloves, e.g. polychloroprene, nitrile rubber, butyl
- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended: Overalls; PVC

apron.

Special Hazards Precaustions

No information available.

Work Hygienic Practices

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical StateSolidAppearanceWaxy solidOdourMild, soapyColourWhite

pH No Data Available

Vapour Pressure <1 mmHg (@ 22 °C)

Relative Vapour Density No Data Available

Boiling Point >248.89 °C (@ 760 mmHg)

Melting Point 47 - 50 °C

Freezing Point No Data Available
Solubility No Data Available

Specific Gravity 0.81

Flash Point 160 °C [PMCC] **Auto Ignition Temp** No Data Available **Evaporation Rate** No Data Available **Bulk Density** No Data Available **Corrosion Rate** No Data Available **Decomposition Temperature** No Data Available Density No Data Available **Specific Heat** No Data Available **Molecular Weight** No Data Available **Net Propellant Weight** No Data Available **Octanol Water Coefficient** No Data Available **Particle Size** No Data Available **Partition Coefficient** No Data Available **Saturated Vapour Concentration** No Data Available **Vapour Temperature** No Data Available Viscosity No Data Available **Volatile Percent** No Data Available **VOC Volume** No Data Available

Additional Characteristics No information available.

Potential for Dust Explosion Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Fast or Intensely Burning

Characteristics

No information available.

Flame Propagation or Burning

Rate of Solid Materials

No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a No information available.

No information available.

Fire

Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity

May burn but does not ignite readily.

Reactions That Release Gases or

Vapours

Fire/thermal decomposition may produce irritating and/or toxic fumes, including Carbon oxides.

Release of Invisible Flammable

Vapours and Gases

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General InformationNo information available.Chemical StabilityStable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Avoid excessive heat, exposure to light and ionizing radiation. Avoid contamination with other substances.

Materials to Avoid Incompatible/reactive with strong oxidising agents.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

None under normal use conditions. Fire/thermal decomposition may produce irritating and/or toxic fumes, including

Carbon oxides.

Hazardous Polymerisation

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information - Acute toxicity: Not Classified.

- Skin corrosion/irritation: Not Classified.
- Eye damage/irritation: Not Classified.
- Respiratory/skin sensitisation: Not Classified.
- Germ cell mutagenicity: Not Classified.
- Carcinogenicity: Not Classified.
- Reproductive toxicity: Not Classified.
- STOT (single exposure): Not Classified.
- STOT (repeated exposure): Not Classified.

- Aspiration toxicity: Not Classified.

Acute

Ingestion Acute toxicity (Oral):

COMPONENT: 1-Hexadecanol:

- LD50, Rat: >2,000 mg/kg bw [OECD 401].

COMPONENT: 1-Tetradecanol:

- LD50, Rat: >2,000 mg/kg bw [OECD 401].

Other Acute toxicity (Dermal):

COMPONENT: 1-Hexadecanol:

- LD50, Rabbit: >8,000 mg/kg (24 h) [Read-across: CAS No. 112-72-1].

COMPONENT: 1-Tetradecanol: - LD50, Rabbit: 8,000 mg/kg bw (24 h).

Inhalation Acute toxicity (Inhalation):

COMPONENT: 1-Hexadecanol:

- LC50, Rat: >1.5 mg/L (1 h) [Read-across: CAS No. 112-72-1].

COMPONENT: 1-Tetradecanol: - LC50, Rat: >1.5 mg/L (1 h).

Carcinogen Category

None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity No information available.

Persistence/Degradability Readily biodegradable.

COMPONENT: 1-Hexadecanol:

- Percent degradation (Aerobic): 82.4 % (28 days).

COMPONENT: 1-Tetradecanol:

- Percent degradation (Aerobic): 82.2 % (28 days).

Mobility COMPONENT: 1-Hexadecanol:

- log Koc: 5.4

COMPONENT: 1-Tetradecanol:

- log Koc: 4.53

Environmental Fate Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Avoid subsoil penetration.

Bioaccumulation Potential Non-bioaccumulative.

COMPONENT: 1-Hexadecanol:

- Octanol/water partition coefficient: 6.7 - Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1,000 L/kg

COMPONENT: 1-Tetradecanol:

Octanol/water partition coefficient: 5.5
 Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1,000 L/kg

Environmental Impact No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Special Precautions for Land Fill Can be incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name Cetyl Alcohol
Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available

Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name Cetyl Alcohol
Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name
Cetyl Alcohol
No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s)
No Data Available
No Data Available
UN Number
No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name
Class
No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s)
No Data Available
No Data Available
UN Number
No Data Available

Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name Cetyl Alcohol Class No Data Available Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available **UN Number** No Data Available Hazchem No Data Available **Pack Group** No Data Available **Special Provision** No Data Available **EMS** No Data Available

Marine Pollutant No

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for SEA transport.

Air Transport

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping Name
Cetyl Alcohol
Class
No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s)
No Data Available
UN Number
No Data Available
Hazchem
No Data Available
Pack Group
No Data Available
Special Provision
No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for AIR transport.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information No Data Available
Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code Not Hazardous

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Not Determined

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Not Determined

Europe (EINECS) Not Determined

Europe (REACh) Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI) Not Determined

Korea (KECI) Not Determined

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Not Determined

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Not Determined

USA (TSCA) Not Determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes CEALCO1000, CEALCO1001, CEALCO1002, CEALCO1003, CEALCO1004, CEALCO1005, CEALCO1006, CEALCO1007,

CEALCO1008, CEALCO1009, CEALCO1010, CEALCO1011, CEALCO2000, CEALCO2010, CEALCO2500, CEALCO3000,

CEALCO4000, CEALCO5000

Revision

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square CentimetresCO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand **deg C (°C)** Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

g Grams

g/cm3 Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism **IDLH** Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health **immiscible** Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury
inH2O Inch of Water

K Kelvin **kg** Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

Ib Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre

m³ Cubic Metre

mbar Millibar

mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH2O Millimetres of Water mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations

wt Weight