

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Cement bonded alumina

Other Names Calcium aluminate cement; Cement Alumina A500; High alumina cement; SECAR 71

Uses Hydraulic binder for concretes and dry-mix mortars manufacturing

Chemical Family No Data Available **Chemical Formula** Unspecified

Chemical Name Cement, alumina, chemicals

Product Description No Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

Organisation Location Telephone Redox Ltd 2 Swettenham Road +61-2-97333000

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40400 Shah Alam

Sengalor, Malaysia

Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Poisons Information Centre	Westmead NSW	1800-251525 131126
Chemcall	Australia	1800-127406 +64-4-9179888
Chemcall	Malaysia	+64-4-9179888
Chemcall	New Zealand	0800-243622 +64-4-9179888
National Poisons Centre	New Zealand	0800-764766
CHEMTREC	USA & Canada	1-800-424-9300 CN723420

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Auckland

London

+1-703-527-3887



Globally Harmonised System

Hazard Classification NOT hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Signal Word None

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
High alumina cement	Unspecified	65997-16-2	>99.5 - 100 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth, then drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical advice/attention if you feel

unwell.

Eye IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting

the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. If eye

irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

*Do not rub eyes - Danger of mechanical damage to cornea!

Skin IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation

occurs, get medical advice/attention.

*Before washing, use a dry brush to remove dust from skin.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing until recovered. If

respiratory symptoms persist, get medical advice/attention.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically.

*According to concentration, aqueous solution causes irritation or burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by No information available.

Exposure

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is out.

Knock down dust with water spray.

Flammability Conditions The product is not combustible and will not support flame. It does not promote combustion with other materials.

Extinguishing Media If material is involved in a fire, use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the

surrounding environment.
*Avoid high volume water jet.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Not considered a significant fire risk; however, containers may burn.

Hazardous Products of Fire or heat may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes.

Combustion *In the event of fire, respirable dust may be formed.

Special Fire Fighting Instructions Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may cause pollution. Fire residues and contaminated fire

extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Personal Protective Equipment Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only

provide limited protection.

Flash Point

No Data Available

Lower Explosion Limit

No Data Available

Upper Explosion Limit

No Data Available

Auto Ignition Temperature

No Data Available

Hazchem Code

No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid generating dust. Avoid breathing dust

and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Clean Up Procedures With clean shovel, place material into clean, dry container and cover loosely; move containers from spill area. Never

return spills in original containers for re-use!

*Use dry clean-up methods. Water reactive (exothermic reaction). Allow to solidify, use mechanical handling equipment.

Containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Prevent dust cloud. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined

areas.

Decontamination No information available.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Prevent entry into drains and waterways. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Evacuation Criteria Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Keep unauthorised personnel away.

Personal Precautionary Measures Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid generating dust. Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as

required (see SECTION 8).

Storage Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed and protect against

physical damage. Protect from moisture/dampness. Keep away from incompatible materials (see SECTION 10).

*Bags should be stacked, blocked, interlocked, and limited in height so that they are stable and secure against sliding or

collapse.

Container Keep in the original or suitable container. Check that all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General No specific exposure standards are available for this product. For dusts from solid substances without specific

occupational exposure standards:

- Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard (Nuisance dusts): 8 hr TWA = 10 mg/m3 (measured as inhalable dust).

- New Zealand WES (Particulates not otherwise classified): TWA = 10 mg/m3; TWA = 3 mg/m3 (respirable dust).

Exposure Limits No Data Available

Biological Limits No information available.

Engineering Measures Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at machinery and at places where dust can be generated.

Personal Protection Equipment - Respiratory protection: Wear respiratory protection in case of inadequate ventilation or if aerosol or dust is formed.

Recommended: Dust mask/particulate respirator (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716).

- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Tightly fitting safety goggles.

 $- \ Hand\ protection: Handle\ with\ gloves.\ Recommended: Impervious\ gloves,\ e.g.\ Nitrile\ rubber,\ Nitrile\ rubber\ impregnated$

otton.

- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended: Long sleeved

lothina

Special Hazards Precaustions No information available.

Work Hygienic Practices Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of the workday. Take off

contaminated clothing and wash it before storage or reuse.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Solid **Physical State Appearance** Powder Odour Odourless Colour White - grey >10.5 - 11.5 (10 %) pН No Data Available **Vapour Pressure Relative Vapour Density** No Data Available **Boiling Point** No Data Available 1.350 - 1.600 °C **Melting Point Freezing Point** No Data Available

Solubility Practically insoluble in water (reacts and hardens)

Specific Gravity 2.9 - 3.2 (Water = 1) **Flash Point** No Data Available **Auto Ignition Temp** No Data Available **Evaporation Rate** No Data Available **Bulk Density** 0.9 - 1.3 g/cm3 **Corrosion Rate** No Data Available **Decomposition Temperature** No Data Available Density No Data Available **Specific Heat** No Data Available **Molecular Weight** No Data Available **Net Propellant Weight** No Data Available **Octanol Water Coefficient** No Data Available **Particle Size** No Data Available **Partition Coefficient** No Data Available **Saturated Vapour Concentration** No Data Available Vapour Temperature No Data Available Viscosity No Data Available **Volatile Percent** No Data Available **VOC Volume** No Data Available

Additional Characteristics No information available.

Potential for Dust Explosion No information available.

Fast or Intensely Burning

Characteristics

No information available.

Flame Propagation or Burning

Rate of Solid Materials

No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a Water reactive (exothermic reaction).

Fire

Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity

The product is not combustible and will not support flame. It does not promote combustion with other materials.

Reactions That Release Gases or

Vapours

Fire or heat may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes.

*In the event of fire, respirable dust may be formed.

Release of Invisible Flammable

Vapours and Gases

No information available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General Information In the presence of water, calcium aluminates react chemically and harden to form stable calcium aluminate hydrates. This

reaction is exothermic and may last up to 24 hours.

Chemical Stability Product is considered stable.

Conditions to AvoidAvoid generating dust. Protect from water/moisture. To avoid thermal decomposition, do not overheat.

Materials to Avoid Incompatible with strong acids and oxidizing agents. Aqueous solution incompatible with acids ammonium salts.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed. Fire or heat may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes.

*In the event of fire, respirable dust may be formed.

Hazardous Polymerisation Will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information

Information on possible routes of exposure:

- Ingestion: Practically nontoxic. May cause gastrointestinal disturbance.
- Eye contact: May cause transient discomfort/irritation. Danger of mechanical damage of cornea. According to concentration, aqueous solution causes irritation or burns of eyes.
- Skin contact: May cause mechanical irritation with prolonged or repeated contact. Handling wet cement may cause contact dermatitis; may cause drying and defatting of the skin. According to concentration, aqueous solution causes irritation or burns of skin.
- Inhalation: Inhalation of dust may cause shortness of breath, tightness of the chest, a sore throat and cough. Risk of infection of the lung after prolonged inhalation of dust particles.

Chronic effects: Cement contact dermatitis (CCD) may occur when contact shows an allergic response, which may progress to sensitisation. Long term exposure to high dust concentrations may cause changes in lung function.

Carcinogen Category

None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Aquatic toxicity:

- Acute LC50, Fish: >100 mg/L (96 h).- Acute EC50, Crustacea: 5.4 mg/L (48 h).

- Acute EC50, Algae/other aquatic plants: 3.6 mg/L (72 h).
 - Acute NOEC, Algae/other aquatic plants: 2.6 mg/L (72 h).

Persistence/Degradability

After hydration (several hours or several days under humid conditions), the product is stable in soil and in water, with a negligible mobility of its components.

Mobility No information available.

Environmental Fate Prevent entry into drains and waterways.

Bioaccumulation Potential No information available.

Environmental Impact No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information Recycle product wherever possible. Bury residue in an authorised landfill and in accordance with local/regional/national

regulations.

Special Precautions for Land Fill Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name Cement, alumina, chemicals

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name Cement, alumina, chemicals

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name Cement, alumina, chemicals

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name Cement, alumina, chemicals

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name Cement, alumina, chemicals

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available
EMS No Data Available

Marine Pollutant No

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for SEA transport.

Air Transport

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping Name Cement, alumina, chemicals

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for AIR transport.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods ClassificationNOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information No Data Available
Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code Not Hazardous

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Not Determined

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Not Determined

Europe (EINECS) 266-045-5

Europe (REACh) Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI) Not Determined

Korea (KECI) Not Determined

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Not Determined

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Not Determined

USA (TSCA) Not Determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes CEALUM1000, CEALUM1500, CEALUM2000, CEALUM5000

Revision

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square Centimetres

CO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand

deg C (°C) Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

g Grams

g/cm³ Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism

IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health

immiscible Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury

inH20 Inch of Water

K Kelvin

kg Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

Ib Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre

m³ Cubic Metre

mbar Millibar

mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours

mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH20 Millimetres of Water

mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations

wt Weight