

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Allantoin

Other Names 5-Ureidohydantoin

Uses Pharmaceutical & cosmetic applications.

Chemical Family No Data Available

Chemical Formula C4H6N4O3

Chemical Name Urea, (2,5-dioxo-4-imidazolidinyl)-

Product Description No Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

 Organisation
 Location
 Telephone

 Redox Ltd
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Minto NSW 2566 Australia

Redox Ltd 11 Mayo Road +64-9-2506222

Wiri Auckland 2104 New Zealand

Redox Inc. 3960 Paramount Boulevard +1-424-675-3200

Suite 107

Lakewood CA 90712

USA

Redox Chemicals Sdn Bhd Level 2, No. 8, Jalan Sapir 33/7 +60-3-5614-2111

Seksyen 33, Shah Alam Premier Industrial Park

40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia

Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

OrganisationLocationTelephonePoisons Information CentreWestmead NSW1800-251525
131126

Chemcall Australia 1800-127406 +64-4-9179888

Chemcall Malaysia +64-4-9179888

 Chemcall
 New Zealand
 0800-243622

 +64-4-9179888
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National Poisons Centre New Zealand 0800-764766

CHEMTREC USA & Canada 1-800-424-9300 CN723420

+1-703-527-3887

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled



Globally Harmonised System

Hazard Classification NOT hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Signal Word None

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Allantoin	C4H6N4O3	97-59-6	100 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical advice/attention. Never give anything by

mouth to an unconscious person.

Eye IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting

the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. If eye

irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

Skin IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation

occurs, get medical advice/attention.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Remove

contaminated clothing and loosen remaining clothing. If respiratory symptoms persist, get medical advice/attention. Give

artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by None known.

Exposure

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is out.

Flammability Conditions May be combustible at high temperature.

Extinguishing Media Use dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), foam or water spray for extinction.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Hazardous Products of

Combustion

Fire may produce irritating and/or toxic fumes, including Carbon oxides, Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may pollute waterways. **Special Fire Fighting Instructions**

Personal Protective Equipment Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only

provide limited protection.

Flash Point No Data Available No Data Available **Lower Explosion Limit Upper Explosion Limit** No Data Available **Auto Ignition Temperature** No Data Available **Hazchem Code** No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure Ensure adequate ventilation. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (if dust clouds can occur). Do not touch or walk through

spilled material. Avoid generating dust. Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Clean Up Procedures Take up mechanically; Sweep or vacuum up, but avoid generating dust. Collect and seal in properly labelled containers

for disposal (see SECTION 13).

*Vacuuming or wet sweeping may be used to avoid dust dispersal.

Containment Stop leak if safe to do so - Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas. Prevent dust cloud. Cover powder spill

with plastic sheet or tarp to minimize spreading.

Decontamination No information available.

Environmental Precautionary

Prevent entry into drains and waterways. If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency

Measures

Evacuation Criteria Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Keep unauthorised personnel away.

Personal Precautionary Measures Wear protective equipment to avoid skin and eye contact and breathing in dust (see SECTION 8).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Minimise dust generation and accumulation. Avoid breathing dust, mists and/or vapours and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8). WARNING: May form combustible dust concentrations in

air. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use -Storage

check regularly for spills. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition - No smoking, Keep away from incompatible

materials (see SECTION 10).

Keep only in the original container. Container

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. For dusts from solid substances without specific General

occupational exposure standards:

- Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard (Nuisance dusts): 8 hr TWA = 10 mg/m3, measured as inhalable dust.

- New Zealand WES (Particulates not otherwise classified): TWA = 10 mg/m3; TWA = 3 mg/m3 (respirable).

Exposure Limits No Data Available

Biological Limits No information available.

Engineering Measures A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust

ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing

dispersion of it into the general work area.

Personal Protection Equipment

- Respiratory protection: Wear respiratory protection in case of inadequate ventilation or if an inhalation risk exists. Recommended: Dust mask/respirator. Use

respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716).

- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Safety glasses. Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards.
- Hand protection: Handle with gloves. Recommended: Impervious gloves, e.g. Nitrile rubber.
- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended: Overalls,

safety shoes. The type of protective

equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the hazardous substance(s) at the specific

workplace.

Special Hazards Precaustions

No information available.

Work Hygienic Practices

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Solid

Appearance Crystalline powder

Odour Odourless
Colour White

pH 4.5 - 6.0 (5 g/L)

Vapour Pressure No Data Available

Relative Vapour Density No Data Available

Boiling Point No Data Available

Melting Point 225 - 236 °C

Freezing Point No Data Available

Solubility
Slightly soluble in water
Specific Gravity
No Data Available
Flash Point
No Data Available
Auto Ignition Temp
No Data Available
Evaporation Rate
No Data Available
Bulk Density
Approx. 800 kg/m3
Corrosion Rate
No Data Available

Decomposition Temperature >225 °C

Density Approx. 1.7 g/cm3 **Specific Heat** No Data Available **Molecular Weight** No Data Available **Net Propellant Weight** No Data Available **Octanol Water Coefficient** No Data Available **Particle Size** No Data Available **Partition Coefficient** No Data Available **Saturated Vapour Concentration** No Data Available **Vapour Temperature** No Data Available Viscosity No Data Available **Volatile Percent** No Data Available **VOC Volume** No Data Available **Additional Characteristics** No information available.

Potential for Dust Explosion Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Fast or Intensely Burning

Characteristics

No information available.

Flame Propagation or Burning

Rate of Solid Materials

No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could

Contribute Unusual Hazards to a

No information available.

Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity

May be combustible at high temperature.

Reactions That Release Gases or

Vapours

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating and/or toxic fumes, including Carbon oxides, Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

Release of Invisible Flammable

Vapours and Gases

No information available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General Information No hazardous reactions when stored and handled according to prescribed instructions.

Chemical Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Avoid generating dust. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to Avoid Incompatible/reactive with oxidising agents.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating and/or toxic fumes, including Carbon oxides, Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

Hazardous Polymerisation

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information Information on possible routes of exposure:

> - Ingestion: Not a hazard under normal use conditions. No adverse effects expected; however, large amounts may cause nausea and vomiting.

> - Eye contact: Not a hazard under normal use conditions. Non-irritant (Rabbit). This material may cause eye irritation upon direct contact. May cause physical irritation to the eyes.

- Skin contact: Not a hazard under normal use conditions. This material may cause irritation upon prolonged or repeated skin contact.

- Inhalation: Not a hazard under normal use conditions. Breathing in vapours and dust may cause respiratory irritation. Chronic effects: Non-mutagenic. Non-teratogenic. No evidence of carcinogenic potential.

Acute

Ingestion Acute toxicity (Oral):

- LD50, Rat: >5,000 mg/kg [Supplier's SDS].

Carcinogen Category None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Aquatic toxicity:

> - LC50, Fish (Brachydanio rerio): >5,000 mg/L [OECD 203]. - ECO, Bacteria (Pseudomonas putida): >10 g/L [IRCHA].

Biodegradability: >80 % [OECD 302 B]. Persistence/Degradability

No information available. **Mobility**

Environmental Fate Prevent entry into drains and waterways.

Bioaccumulation Potential No information available. No Data Available

Environmental Impact

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Special Precautions for Land Fill Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Dispose of contaminated packaging as

unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name Allantoin

Class No Data Available No Data Available Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available **UN Number** Hazchem No Data Available No Data Available **Pack Group Special Provision** No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name Allantoin

Class No Data Available Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available No Data Available Hazchem **Pack Group** No Data Available **Special Provision** No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name Allantoin

Class No Data Available Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name Allantoin

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name Allantoin

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available
EMS No Data Available

Marine Pollutant No

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for SEA transport.

Air Transport

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping Name Allantoin

ClassNo Data AvailableSubsidiary Risk(s)No Data AvailableUN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for AIR transport.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information No Data Available
Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code Not Hazardous

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Listed

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Not Determined

Europe (EINECS) 202-592-8

Europe (REACh) Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI) Listed

Korea (KECI) Not Determined

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Not Determined

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Not Determined

USA (TSCA) Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes ALLANT1000, ALLANT1001, ALLANT1002, ALLANT1003, ALLANT1000, ALLANT2000, ALLANT2000, ALLANT2000

Revision 3

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square Centimetres

CO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand

deg C (°C) Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

g Grams

g/cm³ Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism

IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health

immiscible Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury

inH20 Inch of Water

K Kelvin

kg Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

Ib Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre

m³ Cubic Metre

mbar Millibar

mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours

mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH20 Millimetres of Water

mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations

wt Weight