

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Triethylene Glycol

Other Names 1,2-Bis(2-hydroxyethoxy)ethane; Ethylene glycol dihydroxydiethyl ether; Glycol bis(hydroxyethyl) ether; TEG

Uses Desiccants; solvent and polyols applications.

Chemical Family No Data Available

Chemical Formula C6H14O4

Chemical Name Ethanol, 2,2'-[1,2-ethanediylbis(oxy)]bis-

Product Description No Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

 Organisation
 Location
 Telephone

 Redox Ltd
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Redox Ltd 11 Mayo Road +64-9-2506222

Wiri Auckland 2104 New Zealand

Redox Inc. 3960 Paramount Boulevard +1-424-675-3200

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Lakewood CA 90712

USA

Redox Chemicals Sdn Bhd Level 2, No. 8, Jalan Sapir 33/7 +60-3-5614-2111

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40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia

Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Organisation Location Telephone Poisons Information Centre Westmead NSW 1800-251525 131126 Chemcall Australia 1800-127406 +64-4-9179888 +64-4-9179888 Chemcall Malaysia Chemcall New Zealand 0800-243622 +64-4-9179888 National Poisons Centre New Zealand 0800-764766

CHEMTREC USA & Canada 1-800-424-9300 CN723420

+1-703-527-3887

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Auckland

London

Hawke's Bay



Globally Harmonised System

Hazard Classification Hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Hazard Categories Acute Toxicity (Oral) - Category 5

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 2B

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure) - Category 2

Pictograms

Signal Word Warning

Hazard Statements H303 May be harmful if swallowed.

H320 Causes eye irritation.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements Prevention P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P260 Do not breathe mist/vapour/spray.

Response P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice.

P314 Get medical advice if you feel unwell.

Disposal P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local / regional / national /

international regulations.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Safe Work Australia

National Guide for Classifying Hazardous Chemicals under the Model WHS Regulations

Hazard Classification Hazardous according to the criteria of Safe Work Australia under Model WHS Regulations

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Triethylene glycol	C6H14O4	112-27-6	<=100 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink.

Do not induce vomiting. Call a Poison Centre or doctor/physician for advice. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or

place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and

prevent aspiration. Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming

unconscious.

IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting Eve

the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. If eye

irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

*Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.

Skin IF ON SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash skin with plenty of soap and running

water/shower. If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention. If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention.

Wash contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get immediate medical

advice/attention. Apply resuscitation if victim is not breathing - Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by The material may accentuate any pre-existing dermatitis condition.

Exposure

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Do not approach containers suspected to be hot. Cool

containers with water spray until well after fire is out. Avoid spraying water onto liquid pools.

Flammability Conditions May burn but does not ignite readily. Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame.

Extinguishing Media Use dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), foam or water spray for extinction - Do not use water jets.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers. Mists containing combustible

materials may be explosive.

Hazardous Products of

Combustion

Fire may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes, including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, other pyrolysis

products typical of burning organic material. May emit acrid smoke.

Special Fire Fighting Instructions Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may pollute waterways.

Personal Protective Equipment Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and chemical splash suit. SCBA and structural firefighter's uniform may

provide limited protection.

Flash Point 154 - 177 °C [Closed cup]

0.9 % **Lower Explosion Limit Upper Explosion Limit** 9.2 % **Auto Ignition Temperature** 371 °C.

Hazchem Code No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure Ensure adequate ventilation. ELIMINATE all ignition sources. Do not touch or walk through spilled material - Slippery

when spilt. Clean up all spills immediately. Do not breathe vapours and prevent contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Clean Up Procedures Collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling. Absorb remaining product with earth, sand or other

non-combustible material and transfer to labelled containers for disposal (see SECTION 13).

Containment Stop leak if safe to do so - Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas.

Decontamination Wash area and prevent runoff into drains.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or watercourse. If contamination of drains or waterways

occurs, advise emergency services.

Evacuation Criteria

Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Keep unauthorised personnel away.

Personal Precautionary Measures

Control personal contact by using protective equipment (see SECTION 8). Large spill: Wear SCBA and chemical splash

suit.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Do not breathe

mist/vapours/aerosols and avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8). Avoid contact with incompatible materials. No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources. Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps. Do NOT enter confined spaces until atmosphere has been checked.

Storage Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep containers securely sealed. when not in use.

Protect containers against physical damage and check regularly for leaks. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition -

No smoking. Keep away from foodstuffs and incompatible materials (see SECTION 10).

Container Keep in the original container. Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General No specific exposure standards are available for this product.

Exposure Limits No Data Available

Biological Limits No information available.

Engineering Measures A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust

ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing

dispersion of it into the general work area.

Personal Protection Equipment - Respiratory protection: If risk of overexposure exists, wear an approved respirator. Recommended: Organic

vapour/particulate filter respirator (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716).

- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Safety glasses with side

shields; Chemical goggles. Do NOT wear

contact lenses.

- Hand protection: Handle with gloves. Recommended: Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.

- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended: Overalls; PVC

apron; Barrier cream. Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber.

Special Hazards Precaustions

Work Hygienic Practices

Atmosphere should be regularly checked against established exposure standards to ensure safe working conditions.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Do NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin.

Always wash hands with soap and water after handling. Work clothes should be laundered separately.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Liquid
Appearance Clear liquid

Odour Odourless or very mild, sweet

Colour Colourless pH 7 - 8

Vapour Pressure 1 mmHg (@ 114 °C)

Relative Vapour Density 5.2 Air = 1

Boiling Point 278 - 286 °C **Melting Point** No Data Available **Freezing Point** No Data Available Solubility Miscible with water **Specific Gravity** 1.13 (Water = 1)

Flash Point 154 - 177 °C [Closed cup]

Auto Ignition Temp 371 °C

Evaporation Rate No Data Available No Data Available **Bulk Density Corrosion Rate** No Data Available **Decomposition Temperature** No Data Available Density No Data Available **Specific Heat** No Data Available

Molecular Weight 150.20

Net Propellant Weight No Data Available No Data Available **Octanol Water Coefficient Particle Size** No Data Available **Partition Coefficient** No Data Available No Data Available **Saturated Vapour Concentration Vapour Temperature** No Data Available Viscosity No Data Available **Volatile Percent** No Data Available **VOC Volume** No Data Available

Additional Characteristics Material is hygroscopic, i.e. absorbs moisture from the air.

Potential for Dust Explosion Not applicable.

Fast or Intensely Burning

Characteristics

No information available.

Flame Propagation or Burning

Rate of Solid Materials

No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could

Contribute Unusual Hazards to a

Fire

No information available.

Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity

May burn but does not ignite readily. Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame.

Reactions That Release Gases or

Vapours

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes, including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide,

other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material. May emit acrid smoke.

Release of Invisible Flammable

Vapours and Gases

Mists containing combustible materials may be explosive.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General Information No information available. **Chemical Stability** Product is considered stable.

Conditions to Avoid No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources. Avoid contact with incompatible materials.

Materials to Avoid Incompatible/reactive with strong acids and bases, acid chlorides, acid anhydrides, oxidising agents.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes, including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide,

other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material. May emit acrid smoke.

Hazardous Polymerisation Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information

- Acute toxicity: May be harmful if swallowed. Overexposure causes nervous system symptoms; These include headache, muscle weakness and in-coordination, giddiness, confusion, delirium and coma. Digestive symptoms may include nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.
- Skin corrosion/irritation: May cause mild inflammation of the skin either following direct contact or after a delay of some time. Repeated exposure can cause contact dermatitis which is characterised by redness, swelling and blistering.
- Eye damage/irritation: Causes eye irritation. Prolonged eye contact may cause inflammation, characterised by a temporary redness of the conjunctiva.
- Respiratory/skin sensitisation: No information available.
- Germ cell mutagenicity: No adverse mutagenic effects are anticipated.
- Carcinogenicity: No information available.
- Reproductive toxicity: Reproductive toxicity tests in animals have been negative.
- STOT (single exposure): Prolonged overexposure to vapours can cause respiratory irritation and may cause drowsiness and dizziness; This may be accompanied by narcosis, reduced alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination and vertigo. Inhalation hazard is increased at higher temperatures.
- STOT (repeated exposure): May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (kidneys, nervous system).
- Aspiration toxicity: No information available.

Carcinogen Category

None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity No information available.

Persistence/Degradability Readily biodegradable.

Mobility Adsorption to solid soil phase is not expected. he substance will not evaporate into the atmosphere from the water

surface. The substance is predicted to be primarily present in water.

Environmental Fate Prevent entry into drains and waterways.

 $\textbf{Bioaccumulation Potential} \qquad \qquad \text{No potential for bioaccumulation}.$

Environmental Impact No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information Dispose of in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations. All empty packaging should be disposed of in

accordance with Local, State, and Federal Regulations or recycled/reconditioned at an approved facility.

Special Precautions for Land Fill Contact a specialist disposal company or the local waste regulator for advice. Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or

recycling should be managed in an appropriate and approved waste disposal facility.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name Triethylene Glycol

Class C2 Combustible Liquids - Flash Point >93°C, Closed Cup, Not Excluded Flammable

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name Triethylene Glycol
Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

 Proper Shipping Name
 Triethylene Glycol

 Class
 No Data Available

 Subsidiary Risk(s)
 No Data Available

 No Data Available
 No Data Available

Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (Papua New Guinea)

Proper Shipping Name Triethylene Glycol
Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (Singapore)

Proper Shipping Name Triethylene Glycol

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name
Class
No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s)
No Data Available
No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Triethylene Glycol **Proper Shipping Name** Class No Data Available Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available **UN Number** No Data Available Hazchem No Data Available **Pack Group** No Data Available No Data Available **Special Provision EMS** No Data Available

Marine Pollutant No

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for SEA transport.

Air Transport

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping NameTriethylene GlycolClassNo Data AvailableSubsidiary Risk(s)No Data AvailableUN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for AIR transport.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification

NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information No Data Available
Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code HSR002503 - Additives Process Chemicals and Raw Materials (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Listed

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Listed

Europe (EINECS) Listed

Europe (REACh) Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI) Listed

Korea (KECI) Listed

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Listed

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Listed

USA (TSCA) Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes

TRETGL0703, TRETGL0704, TRETGL0900, TRETGL1000, TRETGL1001, TRETGL1002, TRETGL1003, TRETGL1004, TRETGL1005, TRETGL1006, TRETGL1007, TRETGL1008, TRETGL1011, TRETGL1500, TRETGL1900, TRETGL2000, TRETGL2001, TRETGL2010, TRETGL2020, TRETGL2030, TRETGL2500, TRETGL2700, TRETGL3000, TRETGL3001, TRETGL3100, TRETGL3100, TRETGL3400, TRETGL3600, TRETGL3700, TRETGL3710, TRETGL3720, TRETGL3730, TRETGL3800, TRETGL4000, TRETGL4001, TRETGL4100, TRETGL4200, TRETGL4400, TRETGL4600,

TRETGL4800, TRETGL4850, TRETGL4850, TRETGL4900, TRETGL5000, TRETGL5001, TRETGL5500, TRETGL5800, TRETGL5805, TRETGL5810, TRETGL5815, TRETGL5820, TRETGL5830, TRETGL5840, TRETGL5910, TRETGL6000, TRETGL6100, TRETGL6200, TRETGL6650, TRETGL7000, TRETGL7500, TRETGL7600, TRETGL7700, TRETGL7800, TRETGL7900, TRETGL8100, TRETGL8900, TRETGL9001, TRETGL9020, TRETGL9050, TRETGL9110, TRETGL9500, TRETGL9501, TRETGL9990, TRETGL9980, TRETGL9990

Revision

Revision Date 04 Jul 2019

Key/Legend < Less Than
> Greater Than

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square CentimetresCO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand **deg C (°C)** Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

g Grams

g/cm³ Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism **IDLH** Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health **immiscible** Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury inH2O Inch of Water

K Kelvin **kg** Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

Ib Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre

m³ Cubic Metre

mbar Millibar

 $\mathbf{mg}\;\mathbf{M}illigram$

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH20 Millimetres of Water

mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours
ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations **wt** Weight