

### 1. IDENTIFICATION

**Product Name Decontaminant - TDI (TODIIS)** 

Other Names TDI neutralisation solution

Uses A solution used for the neutralisation of TDI; it should be made available during the handling operations of TDI.

**Chemical Family** No Data Available **Chemical Formula** Unspecified

**Chemical Name** Ammonia, aqueous solution & surfactant

**Product Description** Slow reacting neutralising mixture for TDI spills; This is a standard mixture and will neutralise the TDI in 30-60 minutes.

# **Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet**

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Redox Ltd	2 Swettenham Road Minto NSW 2566 Australia	+61-2-97333000
Redox Ltd	11 Mayo Road Wiri Auckland 2104 New Zealand	+64-9-2506222
Redox Inc.	3960 Paramount Boulevard Suite 107 Lakewood CA 90712 USA	+1-424-675-3200
Redox Chemicals Sdn Bhd	Level 2, No. 8, Jalan Sapir 33/7 Seksyen 33, Shah Alam Premier Industrial Park 40400 Shah Alam	+60-3-5614-2111

# **Emergency Contact Details**

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Sengalor, Malaysia

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Poisons Information Centre	Westmead NSW	1800-251525 131126
Chemcall	Australia	1800-127406 +64-4-9179888
Chemcall	Malaysia	+64-4-9179888
Chemcall	New Zealand	0800-243622 +64-4-9179888
National Poisons Centre	New Zealand	0800-764766
CHEMTREC	USA & Canada	1-800-424-9300 CN723420 +1-703-527-3887

### 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Schedule 5

Auckland

London



### **Globally Harmonised System**

Hazard Classification Hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Hazard Categories Serious Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 2A

Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) - Category 3

**Pictograms** 



Signal Word Warning

Hazard Statements H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

**Precautionary Statements** Prevention **P280** Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

**P261** Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray.

**P271** Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Response P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice.
P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

**P304 + P340** IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

**P405** Store locked up.

Disposal P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local / regional / national /

international regulations.

# **National Transport Commission (Australia)**

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

# **Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)**

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

**HSNO Classifications** Health Hazards **6.1E** Substances that are acutely toxic –May be harmful, Aspiration hazard

6.3A Substances that are irritating to the skin6.4A Substances that are irritating to the eye

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Conc. ammonia, aqueous	H5NO	1336-21-6	3 - 8 %
Liquid detergent	Unspecified	Unspecified	0.2 - 2 %
Water	H2O	7732-18-5	Balance %

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth, then drink a glass of water. Do not induce vomiting. Call a Poison Centre or

doctor/physician for advice.

Eye IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting

the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. If eye

irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

**Skin** IF ON SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Flush skin with running water for at least 15 minutes.

If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a Poison Centre or

doctor/physician for advice. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically.

 $\label{thm:medical conditions Aggravated by} \ \ \mbox{No information available}.$ 

**Exposure** 

### **5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

General Measures Consider evacuation! If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with water spray until

well after fire is out.

Flammability Conditions Non-combustible; Material itself does not burn.

**Extinguishing Media** If material is involved in a fire, use dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), foam or water spray for extinction.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Containers may explode when heated. When heated, vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. The presence of oil

or other combustible material will increase the fire hazard.

**Hazardous Products of** 

Combustion

Fire or heat will produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive gases, including Ammonia, Nitrogen oxides.

Special Fire Fighting Instructions Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may cause pollution.

Personal Protective Equipment Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only

provide limited protection.

Flash Point
No Data Available
Lower Explosion Limit
No Data Available
Upper Explosion Limit
No Data Available
Auto Ignition Temperature
No Data Available
Hazchem Code
No Data Available

#### **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**General Response Procedure** Ensure adequate ventilation. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Do

not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapours and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Clean Up Procedures Pick up with sand or other non-combustible absorbent material and place into containers for later disposal (see SECTION

13).

**Containment** Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

**Decontamination** After cleaning, flush away traces with water.

**Environmental Precautionary** 

Measures

Storage

Prevent entry into drains and waterways.

Evacuation Criteria Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep unauthorised personnel away.

Personal Precautionary Measures Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8).

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling** Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

adequate ventilation - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Use

personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8).

\*Decontamination of TDI spills and leftovers: TDI spills and leftovers are to be treated with extreme care in order to avoid human exposure to the toxic gases and wastes. It is necessary to neutralise or convert the reactive isocyanate groups of the TDI spills or leftover into harmless compounds and dispose of immediately. For spills: the neutralisation solution must be sprayed on and then covered with suitable absorbent. This standard Ammonia, surfactant and water mixture will neutralise the TDI in 30 - 60 minutes. The neutralised and absorbed material must be collected carefully and disposed of immediately. For leftovers in containers: Sufficient quantity of neutralisation solution should be added and left for one or

more days UNCOVERED to let the Carbon dioxide escape. The residual material must be disposed of immediately.

Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from foodstuffs and incompatible materials (see

SECTION 10). Store locked up.

**Container** Keep in the original container.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

**General** No specific exposure standards are available for this product.

COMPONENT: Ammonia (CAS No. 7664-41-7):

Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard: TWA = 25 ppm (17 mg/m3); STEL = 35 ppm (24 mg/m3).

- New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standard [Next review: 2023]: TWA = 25 ppm (17 mg/m3); STEL = 35 ppm (24 mg/m3).

**Exposure Limits** No Data Available

**Biological Limits** No information available.

**Engineering Measures** A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust

ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing

dispersion of it into the general work area.

Personal Protection Equipment - Respiratory protection: In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection. Recommended: Ammonia (K) filter

or supplied-air respirator (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716).

- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Chemical goggles.

- Hand protection: Wear protective gloves. Recommended: Impervious gloves.

- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended: Overalls,

safety shoes.

**Special Hazards Precaustions** 

No information available.

Work Hygienic Practices Do r

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the

toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or re-use.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical StateLiquidAppearanceLiquidOdourAmmoniacal

Colour Colourless
pH No Data Available

Vapour Pressure

No Data Available

Relative Vapour Density

No Data Available

Boiling Point

No Data Available

Melting PointNo Data AvailableFreezing PointNo Data AvailableSolubilityMiscible with waterSpecific GravityNo Data Available

Flash Point

Auto Ignition Temp

No Data Available

Evaporation Rate

No Data Available

Bulk Density

No Data Available

Corrosion Rate

No Data Available

Decomposition TemperatureNo Data AvailableDensityNo Data AvailableSpecific HeatNo Data AvailableMolecular WeightNo Data AvailableNet Propellant WeightNo Data AvailableOctanol Water CoefficientNo Data Available

Particle Size
Partition Coefficient
No Data Available
Partition Coefficient
No Data Available
Saturated Vapour Concentration
Vapour Temperature
No Data Available
No Data Available

Viscosity

No Data Available

Volatile Percent

No Data Available

No Data Available

No Data Available

No Data Available

Additional Characteristics No information available.

Potential for Dust Explosion Not applicable.

Fast or Intensely Burning No information available.

Characteristics

**Rate of Solid Materials** 

Flame Propagation or Burning No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a No information available.

Properties That May Initiate or

**Contribute to Fire Intensity** 

Non-combustible; Material itself does not burn.

**Reactions That Release Gases or** 

**Vapours** 

 $\label{lem:corrosive} \textbf{Fire or heat will produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive gases, including Ammonia, Nitrogen oxides. } \\$ 

Release of Invisible Flammable

Vapours and Gases

When heated, vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**General Information** When heated, vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

**Chemical Stability** Stable under normal storage and handling conditions.

**Conditions to Avoid** Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to Avoid Incompatible/reactive with acids, oxidising agents and reducing agents.

**Hazardous Decomposition** 

**Products** 

Fire or heat will produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive gases, including Ammonia, Nitrogen oxides.

Hazardous Polymerisation Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information - Acute toxicity: Ingestion may cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, abdominal pain and irritation/ulceration to the mouth

and throat. COMPONENT: Aqueous ammonia (CAS No. 1336-21-6) is Harmful if swallowed and if inhaled.

- Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes skin irritation. COMPONENT: Aqueous ammonia (CAS No. 1336-21-6) Causes severe skin burns.

- Eye damage/irritation: Causes serious eye irritation. COMPONENT: Aqueous ammonia (CAS No. 1336-21-6) Causes serious eye damage.

- Respiratory/skin sensitisation: No information available.

- Germ cell mutagenicity: Not considered to have significant genotoxic potential.

- Carcinogenicity: Considered to have a low potential to cause carcinogenic effects.

- Reproductive toxicity: Not expected to cause specific reproductive or developmental toxicity.

- STOT (single exposure): May cause respiratory irritation. COMPONENT: Aqueous ammonia (CAS No. 1336-21-6) is

Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

- STOT (repeated exposure): Ocular and respiratory tract irritation has been reported for workers repeatedly exposed to ammonia. Tolerance appears to develop with repeated exposure [NICNAS].

- Aspiration toxicity: No information available.

Acute

**Ingestion** Acute toxicity (Oral):

COMPONENT: Aqueous ammonia (CAS No. 1336-21-6):

- LD50, Rats: 350 mg/kg bw. [NICNAS].

**Inhalation** Acute toxicity (Inhalation):

COMPONENT: Ammonia (CAS No. 7664-41-7): - LC50, Rats: 5,137 mg/m3 (1 h) [NICNAS]. - LC50, Mice: 2,961 mg/m3 (1 h) [NICNAS].

Carcinogen Category None

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity** Aquatic toxicity:

 ${\bf COMPONENT: Aqueous\ ammonia\ (CAS\ No.\ 1336-21-6)\ is\ Very\ toxic\ to\ aquatic\ life.}$ 

Persistence/Degradability Readily biodegradable.

Mobility No information available.

**Environmental Fate** Prevent entry into drains and waterways.

Bioaccumulation Potential Does not bioaccumulate.

Environmental Impact No Data Available

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information Dispose of contents/container through a licensed waste contractor and in accordance with local/regional/national

regulations.

Special Precautions for Land Fill Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

# Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name Decontaminant - TDI (TODIIS)

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

### Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name Decontaminant - TDI (TODIIS)

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

**Comments** NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

# Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name Decontaminant - TDI (TODIIS)

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

**Comments** NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

# Land Transport (United States of America)

**US DOT** 

Proper Shipping Name Decontaminant - TDI (TODIIS)

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

**Sea Transport** 

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name Decontaminant - TDI (TODIIS)

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available
EMS No Data Available

Marine Pollutant No

**Comments** NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for SEA transport.

**Air Transport** 

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping Name Decontaminant - TDI (TODIIS)

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for AIR transport.

**National Transport Commission (Australia)** 

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information AMMONIA (excluding its salts and derivatives other than ammonium hydroxide) in preparations containing 5 % or less of

ammonia.

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Schedule 5

### **Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)**

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

**Approval Code** HSR002503

### **National/Regional Inventories**

Listed Australia (AIIC)

Canada (DSL) Not Determined

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Not Determined

**Europe (EINECS)** Not Determined

**Europe (REACh)** Not Determined

Not Determined Japan (ENCS/METI)

Not Determined Korea (KECI)

Not Determined Malaysia (EHS Register)

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

**Philippines (PICCS)** Not Determined

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

**Switzerland (Inventory of Notified** 

Substances)

Not Determined

Not Determined Taiwan (NCSR)

Not Determined **USA (TSCA)** 

# **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

DECONT1000, DECONT2500, DECONT2700 **Related Product Codes** 

Revision

**Revision Date** 07 Oct 2022 Key/Legend < Less Than

> Greater Than

**AICS** Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

**CAS** Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square Centimetres CO2 Carbon Dioxide

**COD** Chemical Oxygen Demand deg C (°C) Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

**g** Grams

g/cm³ Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

**HSNO** Hazardous Substance and New Organism

**IDLH** Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health

immiscible Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury

inH20 Inch of Water

K Kelvin

kg Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

**Ib** Pound

**LC50** LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

**LD50** LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre

m³ Cubic Metre

mbar Millibar

mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours

mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH20 Millimetres of Water

mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

**NIOSH** National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

**NOHSC** National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

**OECD** Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

**PEL** Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

**R** Rankine

**RCP** Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

**STEL** Short Term Exposure Limit

**TLV** Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

**UN** United Nations

wt Weight