



1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Mimosa Extract

Other Names Mimosa Extract - CLAROTAN

Uses Industrial applications.

Chemical Family No Data Available **Chemical Formula** Unspecified

Chemical Name Acacia mearnsi, ext., bisulfited

Product Description No Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Redox Ltd	2 Swettenham Road Minto NSW 2566 Australia	+61-2-97333000
Redox Ltd	11 Mayo Road Wiri Auckland 2104 New Zealand	+64-9-2506222
Redox Inc.	3960 Paramount Boulevard Suite 107 Lakewood CA 90712 USA	+1-424-675-3200
Redox Chemicals Sdn Bhd	Level 2, No. 8, Jalan Sapir 33/7 Seksyen 33, Shah Alam Premier Industrial Park 40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia	+60-3-5614-2111

Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Poisons Information Centre	Westmead NSW	1800-251525 131126
Chemcall	Australia	1800-127406 +64-4-9179888
Chemcall	Malaysia	+64-4-9179888
Chemcall	New Zealand	0800-243622 +64-4-9179888
National Poisons Centre	New Zealand	0800-764766
CHEMTREC	USA & Canada	1-800-424-9300 CN723420 +1-703-527-3887

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Globally Harmonised System

Corporate Office Sydney
Locked Bag 15 Minto NSW 2566 Australia
2 Swettenham Road Minto NSW 2566 Australia All Deliveries: 4 Holmes Road Minto NSW 2566 Australia

E-mail

Phone +61 2 9733 3000 +61 2 9733 3111 sydney@redox.com www.redox.com 92 000 762 345

Adelaide Brisbane Melbourne Perth Sydney

New Zealand Auckland Hawke's Bay Oakland Mexico London





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Hazard Classification NOT hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)

Signal Word None

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous

Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Acacia mearnsi, ext., bisulfited	Unspecified	92456-58-1	60 - 100 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable

> for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms

Eye IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for

and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Skin IF ON SKIN: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical

attention if symptoms occur.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention

if symptoms occur.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or

inhaled. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Medical Conditions Aggravated

by Exposure

No information available.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be

taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done

without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Flammability Conditions May burn but does not ignite readily.

Extinguishing Media Use dry chemical powder - Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible

dust-air mixture.

Fire and Explosion Hazard May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.

Hazardous Products of

Combustion

Fire may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes.

Special Fire Fighting

Instructions

Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may pollute waterways.

Personal Protective Equipment Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full

face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

No Data Available

Flash Point

Lower Explosion Limit No Data Available **Upper Explosion Limit** No Data Available **Auto Ignition Temperature** No Data Available **Hazchem Code** No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Do not touch or walk through spilled

material. Shut off all ignition sources - No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust.

Clean Up Procedures Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Vacuum or sweep up material

and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor (see

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant

SECTION 13). Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal.

Containment Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas.

Decontamination No information available.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). **Evacuation Criteria** Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering.

Personal Precautionary

Measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see SECTION 8).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Use

only with adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment; Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate (see SECTION 8). Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by

grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material.

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store protected from direct Storage

sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see SECTION 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Use

appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Container Store in original container. Do not store in unlabeled containers.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General No specific exposure standards are available for this product. For dusts from solid substances without specific

occupational exposure standards:

- Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard (Nuisance dusts): 8 hr TWA = 10 mg/m3 (measured as inhalable dust).

- New Zealand WES (Particulates not otherwise classified): TWA = 10 mg/m3; TWA = 3 mg/m3 (respirable dust).

No Data Available **Exposure Limits**

Biological Limits No information available.

Engineering Measures Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process

enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust

concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

- Respiratory protection: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the **Personal Protection Equipment**

appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to

ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716).

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- Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, safety glasses with sideshields should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.
- Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
- Skin/body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body, appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Special Hazards Precaustions

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Work Hygienic Practices

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical StateSolidAppearancePowderOdourOdourlessColourBeige

pH 4.0 - 4.5 (20% w/w)

Vapour Pressure No Data Available

Relative Vapour Density No Data Available

Boiling Point No Data Available

Melting Point No Data Available

Freezing Point No Data Available

Solubility No Data Available

Specific Gravity 0.5 - 0.7

Flash Point No Data Available **Auto Ignition Temp** No Data Available **Evaporation Rate** No Data Available **Bulk Density** No Data Available Corrosion Rate No Data Available **Decomposition Temperature** No Data Available **Density** No Data Available **Specific Heat** No Data Available **Molecular Weight** No Data Available **Net Propellant Weight** No Data Available **Octanol Water Coefficient** No Data Available **Particle Size** No Data Available **Partition Coefficient** No Data Available Saturated Vapour Concentration No Data Available **Vapour Temperature** No Data Available Viscosity No Data Available **Volatile Percent** No Data Available **VOC Volume** No Data Available

Additional Characteristics No information available.

Potential for Dust Explosion May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.

Fast or Intensely Burning

Characteristics

No information available.

Flame Propagation or Burning

Rate of Solid Materials

No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a

No information available.

Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity

May burn but does not ignite readily.

Reactions That Release Gases

or Vapours

Fire may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes.

Release of Invisible Flammable

Vapours and Gases

No information available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General Information Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Chemical Stability The product is stable.

Conditions to Avoid Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take

precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Prevent dust accumulation.

Materials to Avoid Incompatible/reactive with oxidizing materials.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Hazardous Polymerisation No information available.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information Information on possible routes of exposure:

- Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

- Eye contact: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes. Adverse symptoms may include irritation, redness.

- Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

- Inhalation: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs. Adverse symptoms may include respiratory tract irritation, coughing. Chronic effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to

chronic respiratory irritation.

Carcinogen Category None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Fate

Ecotoxicity No information available. Persistence/Degradability No information available.

No information available. Mobility

> No known significant effects or critical hazards. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Bioaccumulation Potential No information available. **Environmental Impact** No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply

with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special Precautions for Land Fill

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping NameMimosa ExtractClassNo Data AvailableSubsidiary Risk(s)No Data AvailableUN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data Available

HazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name

Class

No Data Available

Subsidiary Risk(s)

No Data Available

No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number

No Data Available

Hazchem

No Data Available

Pack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name
Class
No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s)
No Data Available
No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping NameMimosa ExtractClassNo Data AvailableSubsidiary Risk(s)No Data AvailableUN NumberNo Data Available

Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name Mimosa Extract No Data Available Class No Data Available Subsidiary Risk(s) **UN Number** No Data Available Hazchem No Data Available **Pack Group** No Data Available No Data Available **Special Provision EMS** No Data Available

Marine Pollutant No

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for SEA transport.

Air Transport

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping NameMimosa ExtractClassNo Data AvailableSubsidiary Risk(s)No Data AvailableUN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for AIR transport.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous

Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General InformationNo Data AvailablePoisons Schedule (Aust)Not Scheduled

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code Not Assessed

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC) Not Listed

Canada (DSL) Not Determined

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Not Determined

Europe (EINECS) 296-235-3

Europe (REACh) Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI) Not Determined

Korea (KECI) Not Determined

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Not Determined

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Not Determined

USA (TSCA) Not Determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes MIMOSA3100, MIMOSA3200

Revision 4

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square CentimetresCO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand **deg C (°C)** Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

g Grams

g/cm³ Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health immiscible Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury
inH2O Inch of Water

K Kelvin

kg Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

Ib Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours. **LD50** LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50%

(one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre

m³ Cubic Metre

mbar Millibar

mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours

mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH2O Millimetres of Water

mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations

wt Weight