

Safety Data Sheet GPTA EM2387 - Low Viscosity Revision 3, Date 02 Jul 18

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name GPTA EM2387 - Low Viscosity

Other Names EM2387/G3.5POTA; Glycerol propoxylate triacrylate; Propoxylated glycerol triacrylate; Propoxylated glycerol

triacrylate

Uses UV Coatings, inks, adhesives, photoresists.

Chemical Family No Data Available

Chemical Formula UVCB

Chemical Name Glycerol, propoxylated, esters with acrylic acid

Product Description No Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Redox Ltd	2 Swettenham Road Minto NSW 2566 Australia	+61-2-97333000
Redox Ltd	11 Mayo Road Wiri Auckland 2104 New Zealand	+64-9-2506222
Redox Inc.	3960 Paramount Boulevard Suite 107 Lakewood CA 90712 USA	+1-424-675-3200
Redox Chemicals Sdn Bhd	Level 2, No. 8, Jalan Sapir 33/7 Seksyen 33, Shah Alam Premier Industrial Park 40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia	+60-3-5614-2111

Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Poisons Information Centre	Westmead NSW	1800-251525 131126
Chemcall	Australia	1800-127406 +64-4-9179888
Chemcall	Malaysia	+64-4-9179888
Chemcall	New Zealand	0800-243622 +64-4-9179888
National Poisons Centre	New Zealand	0800-764766
CHEMTREC	USA & Canada	1-800-424-9300 CN723420 +1-703-527-3887

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Globally Harmonised System



Safety Data Sheet GPTA EM2387 - Low Viscosity Revision 3, Date 02 Jul 18

Hazard Classification Hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Hazard Categories Serious Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 2A

Sensitisation (Skin) - Category 1

Pictograms



Signal Word Warning

Hazard Statements H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary Statements Prevention P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

P261 Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response **P337 + P313** If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/...

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Disposal P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local / regional / national /

international regulations.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous

Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

HSNO Classifications Health **6.1E** Substances that are acutely toxic –May be harmful, Aspiration hazard

Hazards

6.3A Substances that are irritating to the skin6.4A Substances that are irritating to the eye

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Propoxylated glyceryl triacrylate	UVCB	52408-84-1	<=100 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth, then drink 1 - 2 glasses of (lukewarm) water. Do not induce vomiting. Call a Poison

Centre or doctor/physician for advice if a large quantity is swallowed or if you feel unwell. Never give anything by

mouth to an unconscious person.

Eve IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally

lifting the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15

minutes. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

Skin IF ON SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Flush skin with (lukewarm) running water for at

least 15 minutes; Wash with plenty of (mild) soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs, get medical

advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a Poison Centre

or doctor/physician for advice. Apply resuscitation if victim is not breathing; Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult.

Keep victim calm and warm - Obtain immediate medical care - Prompt action is essential

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed. Ensure that attending medical personnel are aware of the identity

and nature of the product(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

Medical Conditions Aggravated

by Exposure

May cause an allergic skin reaction, in susceptible individuals upon repeated exposure.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is

Flammability Conditions May burn but does not ignite readily.

Extinguishing Media Use dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), foam or water spray for extinction - Do not use water jets.

Fire and Explosion Hazard High temperatures, inhibitor depletion, accidental impurities or exposure to radiation or oxidizers may cause

spontaneous polymerizing reaction, generating heat/pressure. Closed containers may rupture or explode during

Fire may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes, including acrid smoke, Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide.

runaway polymerization.

Hazardous Products of

Special Fire Fighting

Combustion

Instructions

Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may pollute waterways.

Personal Protective Equipment Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and chemical splash suit. SCBA and structural firefighter's uniform

may provide limited protection.

Flash Point >110 °C [Closed cup] **Lower Explosion Limit** No Data Available **Upper Explosion Limit** No Data Available **Auto Ignition Temperature** No Data Available **Hazchem Code** No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Ensure adequate ventilation. ELIMINATE all ignition sources. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid **General Response Procedure**

breathing vapours and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Clean Up Procedures Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to a suitable, vented container for disposal

(see SECTION 13).

Containment Stop leak if safe to do so - Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas. Large spill: Dike and recover.

Decontamination No information available.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Prevent entry into soils, drains and waterways.

Evacuation Criteria Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Keep unauthorised personnel away. Large spill: Obtain emergency

help by fire or emergency unit.

Personal Precautionary

Measures

Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid breathing mist/vapours and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8). Avoid high temperatures and keep away from ignition sources - No smoking. If material freezes, heat and mix to redistribute the inhibitor; Product may also be heated to facilitate handling. Heat product container slowly to 40 °C for not more than 24 hours. Convection ovens or warm water bath are recommended for heating (due to more efficient heat transfer); Do not use localised heat sources (e.g. drum or band heaters). An air space,

preferably an air bubble flow, should be provided for at all times during heating.

Storage Storage Store drums in a cool (above 10 °C and below 32 °C), dry and well-ventilated place. Protect from direct sunlight/UV

radiation. Prevent material from freezing (inhibitor can separate from product as a solid). Keep away from heat (high temperatures) and sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from incompatible materials and other initiators (see

SECTION 10). Use product within six months of receipt for optimum results. - Bulk storage temperature range: 15 - 27 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

Container Keep only in the original container. This product is inhibited to prevent uncontrolled polymerisation. A polymerisation

reaction can generate heat and pressure and may cause product container to rupture. Check inhibitor content often and add inhibitor to bulk liquid if needed. Maintain head space in storage containers to support oxygen requirements

of the inhibitor(s). Do not blanket or mix with oxygen free (inert) gas.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia.

Exposure Limits No Data Available

Biological Limits No information available.

Engineering Measures A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source.

exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Using local exhaust ventilation and closed processing system

for mass production. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Personal Protection Equipment - Respiratory protection: Wear respiratory protection if handling this material at elevated temperatures or under mist

forming conditions. Recommended: Organic vapour/particulate respirator (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716).

- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Chemical splash googles; Face-shield in case of possible splashing or spraying, airborne particles/vapours. Contact lenses should

NOT be worn.

- Hand protection: Wear protective gloves. Recommended: Nitrile gloves (for product without solvents added); Thick

(>0.5 mm) Nitrile gloves (for product used with solvents). Do NOT use natural rubber gloves.

- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended: Apron,

boots, head and face protection, depending on the conditions of use.

Special Hazards Precaustions

No information available.

Work Hygienic Practices

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately and wash before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the

workplace.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical StateLiquidAppearanceLiquidOdourMildColourClean, clearpH~6.8 - 7.2

Vapour PressureNo Data AvailableRelative Vapour DensityNo Data Available

Boiling Point >100 °C

Melting Point No Data Available

Freezing Point No Data Available Solubility No Data Available **Specific Gravity** 1.08 - 1.11

Flash Point >110 °C [Closed cup] **Auto Ignition Temp** No Data Available **Evaporation Rate** No Data Available **Bulk Density** No Data Available **Corrosion Rate** No Data Available **Decomposition Temperature** No Data Available **Density** 1.08 - 1.11 g/cm3 Specific Heat No Data Available Molecular Weight No Data Available **Net Propellant Weight** No Data Available **Octanol Water Coefficient** No Data Available **Particle Size** No Data Available **Partition Coefficient** No Data Available Saturated Vapour Concentration No Data Available Vapour Temperature No Data Available 70 - 100 cps (@ 25 °C) Viscosity Volatile Percent No Data Available **VOC Volume** No Data Available

Additional Characteristics No information available.

Potential for Dust Explosion Not applicable.

Fast or Intensely Burning

Characteristics

No information available.

Flame Propagation or Burning

Rate of Solid Materials

No information available. No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a

May burn but does not ignite readily.

Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity

Reactions That Release Gases

or Vapours

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes, including acrid smoke, Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide.

Release of Invisible Flammable

Vapours and Gases

No information available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General Information This product is inhibited to prevent uncontrolled polymerisation.

Chemical Stability Stable on normal condition.

Conditions to Avoid Avoid high temperatures, localised heating and sources of ignition. Protect from direct sunlight/UV radiation. Prevent

material from freezing. Avoid oxidising conditions and inert gas blanketing.

Materials to Avoid Incompatible/reactive with strong oxidisers, strong reducers, free radical initiators, inert gases, oxygen scavengers.

Hazardous Decomposition Fire/decomposition may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes, including acrid smoke, Carbon monoxide,

Products

Hazardous Polymerisation

Carbon dioxide.

High temperatures, inhibitor depletion, accidental impurities, or exposure to radiation or oxidisers may cause spontaneous (runaway) polymerising reaction, generating heat/pressure.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information

- Acute toxicity: This material is expected to be a slight ingestion hazard.
- Skin corrosion/irritation: This material is expected to be a skin irritant; Symptoms may include localised redness or rash and swelling of the affected area. Symptoms may be delayed. A more severe skin response may occur after prolonged contact with this material.
- Eye damage/irritation: Cause serious eye irritation, with symptoms including burning sensation, tearing, redness or swelling.
- Respiratory/skin sensitisation: May cause an allergic skin reaction, in susceptible individuals upon repeated exposure.
- Germ cell mutagenicity: No information available.
- Carcinogenicity: No information available.
- Reproductive toxicity: No information available.
- STOT (single exposure): No significant signs or symptoms indicative of any adverse health hazard are expected to occur at standard conditions due to the low volatility of this material. However, aerosols or vapours which may be generated at elevated processing temperatures, may cause respiratory tract irritation; Symptoms may include coughing, mucous production and shortness of breath.
- STOT (repeated exposure): No information available.
- Aspiration toxicity: No information available.

Carcinogen Category

None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Aquatic toxicity:

- Acute LC50, Freshwater fish (zebra fish): 5.74 mg/L (96 h) [OECD 203].
- Acute EC50, Freshwater invertebrates/daphnia: 91.4 mg/L (48 h) [OECD 202].

- Acute EC50, Freshwater algae (Desmodesmus subspicatus): 12.2 mg/L (72 h) [OECD 201].

Persistence/Degradability Readily biodegradable.

Mobility Low absorption potential; low mobility in soil/sediment.

Environmental Fate Prevent entry into soils, drains and waterways.

Bioaccumulation Potential Low potential for bioaccumulation.

Environmental Impact No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information Dispose of residues and spilled material as hazardous waste (due to potential for internal heat generation) and in

accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Special Precautions for Land Fill Contaminated packaging: Since the emptied containers retain product residue, follow label warnings even after

container is emptied. The container can present explosion or fire hazards, even when emptied. To avoid risk of injury, do not cut, puncture or weld on or near this container.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name GPTA EM2387 - Low Viscosity

Class C2 Combustible Liquids - Flash Point >93°C, Closed Cup, Not Excluded Flammable

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available

Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name GPTA EM2387 - Low Viscosity

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name GPTA EM2387 - Low Viscosity

ClassNo Data AvailableSubsidiary Risk(s)No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name GPTA EM2387 - Low Viscosity

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name GPTA EM2387 - Low Viscosity

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available
EMS No Data Available

Marine Pollutant No

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for SEA transport.

Air Transport

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping Name GPTA EM2387 - Low Viscosity

ClassNo Data AvailableSubsidiary Risk(s)No Data AvailableUN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for AIR transport.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous

Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General InformationNo Data AvailablePoisons Schedule (Aust)Not Scheduled

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code HSR003630

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Listed

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Listed

Europe (EINECS) 500-114-5

Europe (REACh) Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI) Not Determined

Korea (KECI) Listed

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Not Determined

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Not Determined

USA (TSCA) Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes MONOME1000, MONOME1001, MONOME1002, MONOME1100

Revision 3

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square CentimetresCO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand **deg C (°C)** Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

g Grams

g/cm³ Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism **IDLH** Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health **immiscible** Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury inH2O Inch of Water

K Kelvin **kg** Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

Ib Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre

m³ Cubic Metre mbar Millibar mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component

present.

mm Millimetre

mmH2O Millimetres of Water mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health **NOHSC** National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission **OECD** Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion**ppm** Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours **ppm/6h** Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

Safety Data Sheet GPTA EM2387 - Low Viscosity Revision 3, Date 02 Jul 18

TLV Threshold Limit Value tne Tonne TWA Time Weighted Average ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours UN United Nations wt Weight