

#### 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Citric acid, monohydrate

Other Names No Data Available

**Uses** Cleaning/washing agents and additives; Manufacture of other chemicals.

Chemical FamilyNo Data AvailableChemical FormulaC6H807.H20

**Chemical Name** 1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-, monohydrate

Product Description No Data Available

## **Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet**

 Organisation
 Location
 Telephone

 Redox Ltd
 2 Swettenham Road
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Minto NSW 2566 Australia

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Seksyen 33, Shah Alam Premier Industrial Park

40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia

### **Emergency Contact Details**

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Poisons Information Centre	Westmead NSW	1800-251525 131126
Chemcall	Australia	1800-127406 +64-4-9179888
Chemcall	Malaysia	+64-4-9179888
Chemcall	New Zealand	0800-243622 +64-4-9179888
National Poisons Centre	New Zealand	0800-764766
CHEMTREC	USA & Canada	1-800-424-9300 CN723

1-800-424-9300 CN723420 +1-703-527-3887

### 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled



### **Globally Harmonised System**

Hazard Classification Hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Hazard Categories Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 2A

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) - Category 3

**Pictograms** 



Signal Word Warning

Hazard Statements H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

**USH232** May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

**Precautionary Statements** Prevention **P280** Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

**P261** Avoid breathing dusts or mists.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Response P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

**P337 + P313** If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

**P332 + P313** If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

**P304 + P340** IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

**P405** Store locked up.

Disposal **P501** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local / regional / national /

international regulations.

### **National Transport Commission (Australia)**

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Storage

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

#### Safe Work Australia

National Guide for Classifying Hazardous Chemicals under the Model WHS Regulations

Hazard Classification Hazardous according to the criteria of Safe Work Australia under Model WHS Regulations

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Citric acid, monohydrate	C6H8O7.H2O	5949-29-1	<=100 %

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

**Swallowed** IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth, then drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical advice/attention if you feel

unwell.

IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting Eye

the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. If eye

irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

Skin IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation

occurs, get medical advice/attention.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a Poison Centre or

doctor/physician for advice. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult.

**Advice to Doctor** Treat symptomatically.

\*Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May

cause respiratory irritation.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by No information available.

**Exposure** 

#### **5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

**General Measures** If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is out.

Dike fire-control water for later disposal.

**Flammability Conditions** May burn but does not ignite readily.

**Extinguishing Media** Use dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), foam or water spray for extinction. Do not scatter spilled material with high-

pressure water streams.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

**Hazardous Products of** 

Combustion

Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases, including Carbon oxides.

**Special Fire Fighting Instructions** Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may cause pollution.

**Personal Protective Equipment** Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only

provide limited protection.

**Flash Point** No Data Available No Data Available **Lower Explosion Limit Upper Explosion Limit** No Data Available **Auto Ignition Temperature** No Data Available **Hazchem Code** No Data Available

### **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Ensure adequate ventilation. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (if dust clouds can occur). Do not touch or walk through **General Response Procedure** 

spilled material. Minimise dust generation and accumulation. Avoid breathing dusts or mists and contact with eyes, skin

and clothing.

**Clean Up Procedures** Carefully shovel or sweep up spilled material and place in suitable container for disposal (see SECTION 13).

\*Avoid generating dust. Use non-sparking tools.

Containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Prevent dust cloud. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined

Decontamination After cleaning, flush away traces with water. **Environmental Precautionary** Prevent entry into drains and waterways.

Measures

**Evacuation Criteria** 

Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Keep unauthorised personnel away.

Personal Precautionary Measures Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8).

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

> adequate ventilation - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Minimise dust generation and accumulation. Avoid breathing dusts or mists and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8). WARNING: May form combustible dust concentrations in air! Keep away from heat and sources of ignition - NO smoking. Take precautionary

measures against static discharges.

Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from moisture. Storage

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from incompatible materials (see SECTION 10).

Store locked up.

Container Keep in the original container.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General No specific exposure standards are available for Citric acid, monohydrate. For dusts from solid substances without

specific occupational exposure standards:

- Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard (Nuisance dusts): 8 hr TWA = 10 mg/m3 (measured as inhalable dust).

- New Zealand WES (Particulates not otherwise classified): TWA = 10 mg/m3; TWA = 3 mg/m3 (respirable dust).

**Exposure Limits** No Data Available

**Biological Limits** No information available.

**Engineering Measures** A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust

ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing

dispersion of it into the general work area.

**Personal Protection Equipment** - Respiratory protection: Wear respiratory protection in case of inadequate ventilation or if an inhalation risk exists.

Recommended: Dust mask/particulate respirator (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716).

- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Chemical goggles.

- Hand protection: Wear protective gloves. Recommended: Impervious gloves.

- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended: Impervious

clothing, e.g. Overalls, safety shoes or boots.

**Special Hazards Precaustions** 

No information available.

**Work Hygienic Practices** 

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling, before breaks and at the end of work. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure

that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Solid **Physical State** 

Crystalline powder **Appearance** 

Odour Odourless White Colour

рΗ 1.5 - 2.5 (5% soln.) **Vapour Pressure** No Data Available **Relative Vapour Density** No Data Available

**Boiling Point** Decomposes before boiling

**Melting Point** 153 °C

**Freezing Point** No Data Available Solubility Soluble in water

**Specific Gravity** 1.665

**Flash Point** No Data Available **Auto Ignition Temp** No Data Available **Evaporation Rate** No Data Available **Bulk Density** No Data Available **Corrosion Rate** No Data Available **Decomposition Temperature** No Data Available Density No Data Available **Specific Heat** No Data Available **Molecular Weight** 210.14 g/mol **Net Propellant Weight** No Data Available **Octanol Water Coefficient** No Data Available **Particle Size** No Data Available **Partition Coefficient** No Data Available

**Saturated Vapour Concentration** No Data Available Vapour Temperature No Data Available Viscosity No Data Available **Volatile Percent** No Data Available **VOC Volume** No Data Available

**Additional Characteristics** No information available.

**Potential for Dust Explosion** Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

**Fast or Intensely Burning** 

Characteristics

No information available.

Flame Propagation or Burning

**Rate of Solid Materials** 

No information available.

**Non-Flammables That Could** 

Contribute Unusual Hazards to a

Fire

No information available.

**Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity** 

May burn but does not ignite readily.

**Reactions That Release Gases or** 

**Vapours** 

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases, including Carbon oxides.

**Release of Invisible Flammable** 

Vapours and Gases

No information available.

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General InformationReacts exothermically with alkalis.Chemical StabilityStable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Avoid generating dust. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static

discharges. Protect from moisture.

Materials to Avoid Incompatible/reactive with strong oxidising agents, alkalis, steel, metals.

**Hazardous Decomposition** 

Products

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases, including Carbon oxides.

Hazardous Polymerisation Hazard

Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **General Information**

Information on toxicological effects:

- Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes skin irritation.
- Eye damage/irritation: Causes serious eye irritation.
- Respiratory/skin sensitisation: Based on the available information on citric acid, no hazard classification for sensitisation is recommended [NICNAS].
- Germ cell mutagenicity: Based on the available information, no hazard classification for mutagenicity is recommended [NICNAS].
- Carcinogenicity: Based on the available information, no hazard classification for carcinogenicity is recommended [NICNAS].
- Reproductive toxicity: Based on the available information, no hazard classification for reproductive or developmental toxicity is recommended [NICNAS].
- STOT (single exposure): May cause respiratory irritation.
- STOT (repeated exposure): Citric acid is not considered to cause serious damage to health from repeated oral exposure [NICNAS].
- Aspiration toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on likely routes of exposure:

- Ingestion: Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.
- Eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.
- Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.
- Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation. Inhalation of citric acid aerosols may induce coughing and bronchoconstriction.

Chronic effects: The main effects relating to consuming large and/or frequent doses of citric acid in humans relate to its acidity and strong chelating properties potentially leading to dental erosion or effects on how the body handles metals [NICNAS].

Acute

**Ingestion** Acute toxicity (Oral):

- LD50, Rats: 3,000 - 12,000 mg/kg bw. [Citric acid; NICNAS].

Other Acute toxicity (Dermal):

- LD50, Rats: >2,000 mg/kg bw. [Citric acid; OECD TG 402; NICNAS].

Carcinogen Category None

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity** Aquatic toxicity:

- LC50, Fish (Leuciscus idus): 440 mg/L (48 h) [Citric acid; OECD 203; ECHA]. - LC50, Crustacea (Daphnia magna): 1,535 mg/L (24 h) [Citric acid; ECHA].

Persistence/Degradability Readily biodegradable.

Mobility No information available.

**Environmental Fate** Prevent entry into drains and waterways.

**Bioaccumulation Potential** Does not accumulate in organisms.

Environmental Impact No Data Available

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**General Information** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Special Precautions for Land Fill Packaging that may not be cleansed must be disposed of in the same manner as the product.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

**Proper Shipping Name** Citric acid, monohydrate

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

**Comments** NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

## Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name Citric acid, monohydrate

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

**Comments** NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

## Land Transport (New Caledonia)

Proper Shipping Name Citric acid, monohydrate

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available

Pack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

**Comments** NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

## Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

**Proper Shipping Name** Citric acid, monohydrate

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

### Land Transport (United States of America)

**US DOT** 

Proper Shipping Name Citric acid, monohydrate

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

**Comments** NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

## Sea Transport

**IMDG** Code

**Proper Shipping Name** Citric acid, monohydrate

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available
EMS No Data Available

Marine Pollutant No

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for SEA transport.

## **Air Transport**

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping Name Citric acid, monohydrate

ClassNo Data AvailableSubsidiary Risk(s)No Data AvailableUN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data Available

Pack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for AIR transport.

### **National Transport Commission (Australia)**

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information No known restrictions for Citric acid, monohydrate have been identified.

\*WCO (World Customs organisation) HS Code: 2918.14

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

### **Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)**

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code HSR002503 - Additives, Process Chemicals and Raw Materials (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020

## **National/Regional Inventories**

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Listed

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Listed

Europe (EINECS) Not Determined

**Europe (REACh)** Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI) Listed

Korea (KECI) Not Determined

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Listed

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Listed

USA (TSCA) Not Determined

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

#### **Related Product Codes**

CIACID0100, CIACID0101, CIACID0103, CIACID0105, CIACID0110, CIACID0115, CIACID0120, CIACID0500, CIACID0501, CIACID0502, CIACID0505, CIACID0505, CIACID0510, CIACID1160, CIACID1190, CIACID1500, CIACID1501, CIACID1502, CIACID1503, CIACID1504, CIACID1505, CIACID1506, CIACID1700, CIACID1701, CIACID1702, CIACID1703, CIACID1704, CIACID1705, CIACID1706, CIACID1863, CIACID2100, CIACID2101, CIACID2102, CIACID2103, CIACID2104, CIACID2105, CIACID2106, CIACID2107, CIACID2108, CIACID2109, CIACID2109, CIACID2111, CIACID2112, CIACID2113, CIACID2114, CIACID2115, CIACID2116, CIACID2117, CIACID2118, CIACID2119, CIACID2120, CIACID2121, CIACID2122, CIACID2900, CIACID2901, CIACID2902, CIACID2903, CIACID2904, CIACID2905, CIACID3070, CIACID3072, CIACID3300, CIACID3301, CIACID3310, CIACID3400, CIACID3401, CIACID3500, CIACID3501, CIACID3502, CIACID3503, CIACID4000, CIACID4001, CIACID4002, CIACID4003, CIACID4004, CIACID4005, CIACID4006, CIACID4300, CIACID4301, CIACID4302, CIACID4400, CIACID4401, CIACID4402, CIACID4903, CIACID4903, CIACID4904, CIACID4906, CIACID4906, CIACID4903, CIACID4904, CIACID4905, CIACID4906, CIACID4900, CIACID4900, CIACID500, CIACID9001, CIACID9

Revision

**AICS** Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square CentimetresCO2 Carbon Dioxide

**COD** Chemical Oxygen Demand **deg C (°C)** Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

**g** Grams

g/cm3 Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

**HSNO** Hazardous Substance and New Organism **IDLH** Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health **immiscible** Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury inH2O Inch of Water

**K** Kelvin **kg** Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

**Ib** Pound

**LC50** LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

**LD50** LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

**Itr** or **L** Litre

 ${\bf m^3}$  Cubic Metre

mbar Millibar

mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours

mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH20 Millimetres of Water

mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

**OECD** Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

**PEL** Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

**psi** Pounds per Square Inch

 ${\bf R}$  Rankine

**RCP** Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

**STEL** Short Term Exposure Limit

**TLV** Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

**TWA** Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

**UN** United Nations

wt Weight