

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SODIUM DIMETHYLDITHIOCARBAMATE, 40% SOLUTION REVISION 4, DATE 07 DEC 20

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate, 40% solution

Other Names No Data Available

Uses Chemical intermediate; For research and industrial use only.

Chemical Family No Data Available
Chemical Formula C3H6NNaS2

Chemical Name Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate, 40% in water

Product Description No Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

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Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Poisons Information Centre	Westmead NSW	1800-251525 131126
Chemcall	Australia	1800-127406 +64-4-9179888
Chemcall	Malaysia	+64-4-9179888
Chemcall	New Zealand	0800-243622 +64-4-9179888
National Poisons Centre	New Zealand	0800-764766
CHEMTREC	USA & Canada	1-800-424-9300 CN723420 +1-703-527-3887

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled



Globally Harmonised System

Hazard Classification Hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Hazard Categories Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 1

Acute Hazard To The Aquatic Environment - Category 1
Long-term Hazard To The Aquatic Environment - Category 1

Pictograms





Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements Prevention P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P310

P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

Response **P391** Collect spillage.

P305 + P351 + P338 +

 $\label{lem:interpolation} \mbox{IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,}$

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a $\ensuremath{\mathsf{POISON}}$

CENTRE/doctor.

Disposal P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local / regional / national /

international regulations.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods ClassificationNOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate	C3H6NS2.Na	128-04-1	>=40 %
Water	H20	7732-18-5	Balance %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth, then give plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting does occur, continue to give

fluids. Get immediate medical advice/attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting Eye

the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes.

Immediately call a Poison Centre or doctor/physician for advice.

Skin IF ON SKIN: Immediately flush skin with running water for at least 15 minutes, while removing contaminated clothing and

shoes. If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If respiratory symptoms Inhaled

persist, get medical advice/attention. Apply resuscitation if victim is not breathing - Administer oxygen if breathing is

Advice to Doctor Keep victim calm and warm - Obtain immediate medical care. Ensure that attending medical personnel are aware of the

identity and nature of the product(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by No information available.

Exposure

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Special Fire Fighting Instructions

General Measures If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is out.

Flammability Conditions Non-combustible; however, following evaporation of the aqueous component, residual material can burn if ignited.

Extinguishing Media If material is involved in a fire, use dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), foam or water spray for extinction.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Decomposes on heating, emitting toxic fumes. Containers may explode when heated.

Hazardous Products of When heated or involved in a fire carbon disulfide and/or dimethylamine may evolve. These gases may form explosive

Combustion mixtures with air!

Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may pollute waterways. **Personal Protective Equipment** Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and chemical splash suit. SCBA and structural firefighter's uniform may

provide limited protection.

Flash Point No Data Available No Data Available **Lower Explosion Limit Upper Explosion Limit** No Data Available **Auto Ignition Temperature** No Data Available **Hazchem Code** No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure Ensure adequate ventilation. ELIMINATE all ignition sources. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Clean up any

spills as soon as possible. Avoid breathing vapours and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Clean Up Procedures Recover as much of the solution as possible. Absorb remaining material with earth, sand or other non-combustible

material and transfer to a suitable container for disposal (see SECTION 13).

Containment Stop leak if safe to do so - Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas.

Decontamination Neutralize with a very dilute acid, such as acetic acid.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Spillages and decontamination runoff should be prevented from entering drains and watercourses.

Evacuation Criteria Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Keep unauthorised personnel away.

Keep upwind and to higher ground.

Personal Precautionary Measures Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8). Do not attempt to take action without suitable

protective equipment.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid breathing mist/vapours/aerosols and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as

required (see SECTION 8). Avoid release to the environment - Collect spillage (see SECTION 6).

Storage Storage Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid freezing. Keep

away from heat and sources of ignition - No smoking. Do not store combustibles in the area of storage vessels. Keep

away from foodstuffs and incompatible materials (see SECTION 10).

Container Keep in the original container.

*Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate is not compatible with copper or its alloys (i.e. bronze, brass, etc). These materials of

construction should not be used in handling systems or storage containers for this product.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General No specific exposure standards are available for this product.

Exposure Limits No Data Available

Biological Limits No information available.

Engineering Measures A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust

ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing

dispersion of it into the general work area.

Personal Protection Equipment - Respiratory protection: Wear respiratory protection in case of inadequate ventilation or where exposure through

inhalation may occur. Recommended: Suitable mist respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus, positive pressure

(refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716).

- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to prevent eye contact. Recommended: Chemical goggles and full

face-shield. Contact lenses should not be worn.

- Hand protection: Wear protective gloves. Recommended: Impervious gloves.

- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended: Boots, and

chemical suit should be worn to prevent liquid contact.

Special Hazards Precaustions No information available.

Work Hygienic Practices Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water

before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Wash contaminated clothing prior to reuse. Contaminated

shoes cannot be cleaned and should be discarded.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical StateLiquidAppearanceClear liquidOdourSlight amine odour

Colour

pH

10.4 - 11.6 (1% soln.)

Vapour Pressure

No Data Available

Relative Vapour Density

No Data Available

Boiling Point

100 °C (212°F)

Melting Point

No Data Available

Freezing Point

No Data Available

Solubility Completely soluble in water

Specific Gravity 1.17 - 1.19

Flash Point No Data Available

Auto Ignition Temp No Data Available

Evaporation Rate No Data Available **Bulk Density** No Data Available **Corrosion Rate** No Data Available **Decomposition Temperature** No Data Available Density No Data Available **Specific Heat** No Data Available **Molecular Weight** No Data Available **Net Propellant Weight** No Data Available **Octanol Water Coefficient** No Data Available **Particle Size** No Data Available **Partition Coefficient** No Data Available **Saturated Vapour Concentration** No Data Available No Data Available Vapour Temperature Viscosity No Data Available **Volatile Percent** No Data Available **VOC Volume** No Data Available

Additional Characteristics No information available.

Potential for Dust Explosion Not applicable.

Fast or Intensely Burning

Characteristics

Flame Propagation or Burning

Rate of Solid Materials

No information available.

No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could

Contribute Unusual Hazards to a

Properties That May Initiate or

Contribute to Fire Intensity

Reactions That Release Gases or

Vapours

Release of Invisible Flammable

Vapours and Gases

No information available.

Non-combustible; however, following evaporation of the aqueous component, residual material can burn if ignited.

Heating this product will evolve carbon disulfide and dimethylamine.

When heated or involved in a fire carbon disulfide and/or dimethylamine may evolve. These gases may form explosive

mixtures with air!

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General Information No information available. **Chemical Stability** This is a stable material.

Conditions to Avoid Avoid heating.

Materials to Avoid Incompatible/reactive with strong acids or acidic materials.

*Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate is not compatible with copper or its alloys (i.e. bronze, brass, etc). These materials of

construction should not be used in handling systems or storage containers for this product.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

When heated or involved in a fire carbon disulfide and/or dimethylamine may evolve.

Hazardous Polymerisation Will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information - Acute toxicity: May be harmful if swallowed. Ingestion of product solution will cause irritation and corrosion of the

gastrointestinal tract. Symptoms include nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea.

- Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes skin irritation. Contact with product mist or solution will cause skin irritation and may result in corrosion of the skin.
- Eye damage/irritation: Eye contact will cause severe eye irritation and possible corneal damage. Contact with the eyes by product mist or solution will cause irritation and a burning sensation. Eye contact may result in severe corneal injury.
- Respiratory/skin sensitisation: Not classified.
- Germ cell mutagenicity: Not classified.
- Carcinogenicity: Not listed as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA.
- Reproductive toxicity: Not classified.
- STOT (single exposure): Inhalation of product vapours, liquid or mist may produce burns of the respiratory tract.
- STOT (repeated exposure): Not classified.
- Aspiration toxicity: Not classified.

Acute

Ingestion Acute toxicity (Oral):

COMPONENT: Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate (CAS No. 128-04-1):

- LD50, Rat: 1,000 mg/kg- LD50, Mouse: 1,500 mg/kg- LD50, Rabbit: 300 mg/kg

Carcinogen Category None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Aquatic toxicity: The acute effect values (LC50/EC50) for the aquatic toxicity to all three trophic levels are < 1 mg/L and the

lowest effect value for long-term aquatic toxicity is < 0.01 mg/L [ECHA].

M-factor for acute aquatic toxicity: 100M-factor for chronic aquatic toxicity: 10

Persistence/Degradability Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate is considered readily biodegradable.

Mobility No information available.

Environmental Fate Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects - Avoid release to the environment.

Bioaccumulation Potential Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate is considered to have low potential for bioaccumulation.

Environmental Impact No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General InformationDispose of waste from residues/unused products in accordance with local/regional/national regulations. **Special Precautions for Land Fill**Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken for local recycling, recovery or waste disposal.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping NameSodium dimethyldithiocarbamate, 40% solution

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

EPG 47 Low To Moderate Hazard Substances

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available

Special Provision AU01

Comments Not regulated as DG when transported by road or rail in packagings that do not incorporate a receptacle

exceeding 500 kg(L) or IBCs.

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate solution)

Class 9 Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods and Articles

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

EPG 47 Low To Moderate Hazard Substances

 UN Number
 3082

 Hazchem
 3Z

 Pack Group
 III

Special Provision No Data Available

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate solution)

Class 9 Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods and Articles

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

EPG 47 Low To Moderate Hazard Substances

 UN Number
 3082

 Hazchem
 3Z

 Pack Group
 III

Special Provision No Data Available

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate solution)

Class 9 Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods and Articles

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

ERG 171 Substances (Low to Moderate Hazard)

 UN Number
 3082

 Hazchem
 3Z

 Pack Group
 III

Special Provision No Data Available

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate solution)

Class 9 Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods and Articles

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

 UN Number
 3082

 Hazchem
 3Z

 Pack Group
 III

Special Provision No Data Available

EMS F-A, S-F Marine Pollutant Yes

Air Transport IATA DGR

Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate solution)

Class 9 Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods and Articles

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

 UN Number
 3082

 Hazchem
 3Z

 Pack Group
 III

Special Provision No Data Available

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information No Data Available
Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code Additives, Process Chemicals and Raw Materials (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020 HSR002503

*HSR007115 (Revoked)

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Not Determined

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Not Determined

Europe (EINECS) 204-876-7

Europe (REACh) Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI) Not Determined

Korea (KECI) Not Determined

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Not Determined

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Not Determined

USA (TSCA) Not Determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes SODIME1002, SODIME2001, SODIME3500, SODIME4500

Revision 4

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square CentimetresCO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand **deg C (°C)** Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

g Grams

g/cm3 Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism **IDLH** Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health **immiscible** Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury inH2O Inch of Water

K Kelvin **kg** Kilogram

kg/m3 Kilograms per Cubic Metre

Ib Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre m³ Cubic Metre mbar Millibar mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH2O Millimetres of Water mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations

wt Weight