

#### 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Sodium hypophosphite

Other Names Phosphinic acid, sodium salt, monohydrate

**Uses** Industrial use; Reducing agent; Electroless nickel plating; Food additive.

Chemical Family No Data Available
Chemical Formula NaH2PO2.H2O

**Chemical Name** Sodium hypophosphite, monohydrate

Product Description No Data Available

# **Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet**

 Organisation
 Location
 Telephone

 Redox Ltd
 2 Swettenham Road
 +61-2-97333000

Minto NSW 2566 Australia

Redox Ltd 11 Mayo Road +64-9-2506222

Wiri Auckland 2104 New Zealand

Redox Inc. 3960 Paramount Boulevard +1-424-675-3200

Suite 107

Lakewood CA 90712

USA

Redox Chemicals Sdn Bhd Level 2, No. 8, Jalan Sapir 33/7 +60-3-5614-2111

Seksyen 33, Shah Alam Premier Industrial Park

40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia

### **Emergency Contact Details**

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Poisons Information Centre	Westmead NSW	1800-251525 131126
Chemcall	Australia	1800-127406 +64-4-9179888
Chemcall	Malaysia	+64-4-9179888
Chemcall	New Zealand	0800-243622 +64-4-9179888
National Poisons Centre	New Zealand	0800-764766
CHEMTREC	USA & Canada	1-800-424-9300 CN723420

+1-703-527-3887

### 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled





### **Globally Harmonised System**

Hazard Classification NOT hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Signal Word None

### **National Transport Commission (Australia)**

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

**Dangerous Goods Classification**NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Sodium hypophosphite, monohydrate	NaH2PO2.H2O	10039-56-2	100 %

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

### Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

**Swallowed** IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth, then drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical

personnel. Call a Poison Centre or doctor/physician for advice if a large quantity is ingested or if you feel unwell.

Eye IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting

the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for 5 - 15 minutes. If eye

irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

\*Do not apply neutralizing agents.

Skin IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation

occurs, get medical advice/attention.

\*Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing until recovered. If

respiratory symptoms persist, get medical advice/attention. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Administer

oxygen if breathing is difficult.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by No information available.

Exposure

## **5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

General Measures Consider evacuation! If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Do not move the load if exposed to

heat. Cool containers and dilute toxic gases with water spray until well after fire is out.

Flammability Conditions Non-combustible material.

Extinguishing Media If material is involved in a fire, use dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), foam or water spray for extinction - Do not use

water jets.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard. Dust cloud can be ignited by a spark!

**Hazardous Products of** 

Combustion

Decomposes on heating, emitting toxic fumes, including oxides of phosphorus and phosphine.

Special Fire Fighting Instructions Contain runoff from fire control water - Runoff may cause pollution.

Personal Protective Equipment Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only

provide limited protection.

Flash Point
No Data Available
Lower Explosion Limit
No Data Available
Upper Explosion Limit
No Data Available
Auto Ignition Temperature
No Data Available
Hazchem Code
No Data Available

### **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

General Response Procedure Ensure adequate ventilation. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flame). Do not touch or walk

through spilled material. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Clean Up Procedures Sweep or vacuum up, but avoid generating dust. Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal

(see SECTION 13).

Containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Prevent dust cloud. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined

areas

**Decontamination**Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Wash clothing and equipment after handling.

**Environmental Precautionary** 

Measures

Prevent entry into soils, drains and waterways.

Evacuation Criteria Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Keep unauthorised personnel away. Keep upwind.

Personal Precautionary Measures Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8).

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling** Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8). WARNING: May form combustible dust concentrations in air. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Storage Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from

water/moisture (hygroscopic). Keep away from heat and sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from incompatible

materials (see SECTION 10).

**Container** Keep in the original, properly labelled container.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. For dusts from solid substances without specific

occupational exposure standards:

- Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard (Nuisance dusts): 8 hr TWA = 10 mg/m3 (measured as inhalable dust).

- New Zealand WES (Particulates not otherwise classified): TWA = 10 mg/m3 (total); TWA = 3 mg/m3 (respirable).

**Exposure Limits** No Data Available

**Biological Limits** No information available.

**Engineering Measures** A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust

ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing

dispersion of it into the general work area.

\*Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

**Personal Protection Equipment** - Respiratory protection: Wear respiratory protection in case of inadequate ventilation or dust production. Recommended:

P1 dust mask/respirator (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716). On heating, gas mask with filter type B.

- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Safety glasses or goggles (in case of dust production).

- Hand protection: Handle with gloves. Recommended: Impervious gloves.

- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended: Overalls,

safety shoes.

**Special Hazards Precaustions** No information available.

**Work Hygienic Practices**Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Take off contaminated

clothing and wash it before reuse. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on

surfaces.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Solid

**Appearance** Crystalline powder or granular

Odour Odourless
Colour White

pH 6 - 8 5 % soln.

Vapour Pressure No Data Available

Relative Vapour Density No Data Available

Boiling Point Decomposes

Melting Point No Data Available

Freezing Point No Data Available

Solubility Soluble in water

Specific Gravity 1.77

Flash Point

Auto Ignition Temp

No Data Available

Evaporation Rate

No Data Available

Bulk Density

No Data Available

Corrosion Rate

No Data Available

**Decomposition Temperature** >238 °C

Density No Data Available **Specific Heat** No Data Available **Molecular Weight** 105.99 g/mol **Net Propellant Weight** No Data Available **Octanol Water Coefficient** No Data Available **Particle Size** No Data Available **Partition Coefficient** No Data Available **Saturated Vapour Concentration** No Data Available Vapour Temperature No Data Available Viscosity No Data Available **Volatile Percent** No Data Available **VOC Volume** No Data Available **Additional Characteristics** No information available.

**Potential for Dust Explosion** Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard. Dust cloud can be ignited by a spark!

**Fast or Intensely Burning** 

Characteristics

No information available.

Flame Propagation or Burning

**Rate of Solid Materials** 

No information available.

**Non-Flammables That Could** Contribute Unusual Hazards to a

No information available.

**Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity** 

Non-combustible material.

**Reactions That Release Gases or** 

**Vapours** 

Decomposes on heating, emitting toxic fumes, including oxides of phosphorus and phosphine.

**Release of Invisible Flammable** Vapours and Gases

Heating of aqueous solutions during evaporation may result in explosions due to the formation of phosphine gas. Reaction of iodine with the anhydrous salt is violently exothermic and can cause ignition. Heating mixtures with perchloric acid, perchlorates, chlorates and nitrates results in an explosion.

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**General Information** May decompose violently at high temperature and/or pressure or in the presence of a catalyst. Violent to explosive

reaction with (strong) oxidisers and with (some) halogens.

**Chemical Stability** Stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure. **Conditions to Avoid** Avoid dust formation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Protect from water/moisture (hygroscopic).

**Materials to Avoid** Incompatible/reactive with oxidising agents, strong acids, alkalis, chlorates, nitrates, halogens. Decomposes on heating, emitting toxic fumes, including oxides of phosphorus and phosphine.

**Hazardous Decomposition** 

**Products** 

**Hazardous Polymerisation** Will not occur.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information Information on possible routes of exposure:

- Ingestion: No adverse health effects expected; May cause gastrointestinal irritation; Large amounts may cause nausea

and vomiting.

- Eye contact: May cause slight physical irritation/discomfort.

- Skin contact: May cause slight physical irritation, particularly with prolonged or repeated skin contact.

- Inhalation: May cause slight respiratory irritation.

Chronic effects: No information available.

Acute

Ingestion Acute toxicity (Oral):

- LD50, Rat: 5,556 mg/kg [Supplier's SDS].

**Carcinogen Category** None

### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity** Aquatic toxicity:

- LC50, Fish (Brachydanio rerio): >100 mg/l

- LC50, Algae/other aquatic plants (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata): >100 mg/l

- EC50, Crustacea (Daphnia): >100 mg/l

\*The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

Persistence/Degradability

No information available.

Mobility

No information available.

**Environmental Fate** 

Prevent entry into soils, drains and waterways.

**Bioaccumulation Potential** 

Not bioaccumulative.

Environmental Impact

No Data Available

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**General Information** Dispose of contents/container in a safe manner and in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

**Special Precautions for Land Fill** 

Normally suitable for disposal at an approved landfill site.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name Sodium hypophosphite
Class No Data Available

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

**Comments** NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

### Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name

Class

No Data Available

Subsidiary Risk(s)

No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

**Comments** NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

# Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping NameSodium hypophosphiteClassNo Data AvailableSubsidiary Risk(s)No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

### Land Transport (United States of America)

**US DOT** 

Proper Shipping Name
Class
No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s)
No Data Available
No Data Available
No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

**Comments** NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

### **Sea Transport**

IMDG Code

**Proper Shipping Name** Sodium hypophosphite Class No Data Available Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available **UN Number** No Data Available Hazchem No Data Available No Data Available **Pack Group Special Provision** No Data Available **EMS** No Data Available

Marine Pollutant No

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for SEA transport.

# **Air Transport**

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping NameSodium hypophosphiteClassNo Data AvailableSubsidiary Risk(s)No Data AvailableUN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for AIR transport.

### **National Transport Commission (Australia)**

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information No Data Available
Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

# **Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)**

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code Not Hazardous

# **National/Regional Inventories**

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Not Determined

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Not Determined

**Europe (EINECS)** 600-090-7

Europe (REACh) Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI) Not Determined

Korea (KECI) Not Determined

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Not Determined

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Not Determined

USA (TSCA) Not Determined

### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Related Product Codes SOHYPO1000, SOHYPO1001, SOHYPO1002, SOHYPO1003, SOHYPO1004, SOHYPO1005, SOHYPO1006, SOHYPO1007,

SOHYPO1008, SOHYPO1009, SOHYPO1010, SOHYPO1011, SOHYPO1012, SOHYPO1013, SOHYPO1014, SOHYPO1800, SOHYPO2000, SOHYPO2100, SOHYPO2200, SOHYPO2201, SOHYPO2300, SOHYPO2500, SOHYPO2501, SOHYPO2510,

SOHYPO2700, SOHYPO3000, SOHYPO4000, SOHYPO5000, SOHYPO6000, SOHYPO7000, SOHYPO8000

Revision 5

Revision Date 05 Apr 2022

### Key/Legend

< Less Than

> Greater Than

**AICS** Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

**CAS** Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square Centimetres

CO2 Carbon Dioxide

**COD** Chemical Oxygen Demand

deg C (°C) Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

g Grams

g/cm3 Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

**HSNO** Hazardous Substance and New Organism

**IDLH** Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health

immiscible Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury

inH20 Inch of Water

K Kelvin

kg Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

**Ib** Pound

**LC50** LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

**LD50** LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre

m<sup>3</sup> Cubic Metre

mbar Millibar

mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours

mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH20 Millimetres of Water

mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

 $\mbox{\bf NIOSH}$  National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

**NOHSC** National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

**OECD** Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

**PEL** Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

**psi** Pounds per Square Inch

**R** Rankine

**RCP** Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

**STEL** Short Term Exposure Limit

**TLV** Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

**UN** United Nations

wt Weight