

### 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Potassium Carbonate Solution

Other Names Potassium carbonate, 50% Solution; Potassium carbonate, Liquid

Uses Cleaning agents and additives; Dishwashing and laundry detergents; Photochemicals; Fillers; Laboratory chemicals; pH

regulating/buffering agent in cosmetic products.

Chemical Family No Data Available

Chemical Formula K2CO3

Chemical Name Carbonic acid, dipotassium salt, aqueous solution

Product Description No Data Available

### Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Redox Ltd	2 Swettenham Road Minto NSW 2566 Australia	+61-2-97333000
Redox Ltd	11 Mayo Road Wiri Auckland 2104 New Zealand	+64-9-2506222
Redox Inc.	3960 Paramount Boulevard Suite 107 Lakewood CA 90712 USA	+1-424-675-3200
Redox Chemicals Sdn Bhd	Level 2, No. 8, Jalan Sapir 33/7 Seksyen 33, Shah Alam Premier Industrial Park	+60-3-5614-2111

# **Emergency Contact Details**

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Poisons Information Centre	Westmead NSW	1800-251525 131126
Chemcall	Australia	1800-127406 +64-4-9179888
Chemcall	Malaysia	+64-4-9179888
Chemcall	New Zealand	0800-243622 +64-4-9179888
National Poisons Centre	New Zealand	0800-764766
CHEMTREC	USA & Canada	1-800-424-9300 CN723420 +1-703-527-3887

### 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Schedule 5



### **Globally Harmonised System**

Hazard Classification Hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Hazard Categories Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 1B

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 1

**Pictograms** 



Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary Statements Prevention P260 Do not breathe mist/vapour/spray.

**P280** Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water or shower]

**P310** Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

**P363** Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Storage **P405** Store locked up.

Disposal P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local / regional / national /

international regulations.

### **National Transport Commission (Australia)**

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

**Dangerous Goods Classification**Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by

Road & Rail (ADG Code)

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Potassium carbonate	K2C03	584-08-7	50 %
Water	H20	7732-18-5	50 %

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

**Swallowed** IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth, then drink a glass of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a Poison Centre or

doctor/physician for advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Eye IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water (continuously) for several minutes, holding eyelids open and

occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Immediately call a Poison Centre or doctor/physician for advice. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a

doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Skin IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Flush skin and hair with running water for at

least 15 minutes. In case of gross contamination, drench contaminated clothing and skin with plenty of water before removing clothes. Immediately call a Poison Centre or doctor/physician for advice. For minor skin contact, avoid

spreading material on unaffected skin. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a Poison

Centre or doctor/physician for advice. Apply resuscitation if victim is not breathing - Do not use direct mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; use alternative respiratory method or proper respiratory device -

Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically. Keep victim calm and warm - Obtain immediate medical care. Ensure that attending medical

personnel are aware of the identity and nature of the product(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

**Medical Conditions Aggravated by** No information available.

**Exposure** 

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is out.

Flammability Conditions Non-combustible; Material does not burn.

**Extinguishing Media** If material is involved in a fire, use dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), foam or water spray for extinction - Do not use

water jets. Use extinguishing medium as appropriate for surrounding fire.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Containers may explode when heated. Decomposes on heating, emitting toxic fumes.

Hazardous Products of

Combustion

Fire or heat will produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive gases, including oxides of Carbon, oxides of Potassium.

**Special Fire Fighting Instructions** Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may be toxic and/or corrosive and may pollute waterways.

Personal Protective Equipment Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and chemical splash suit. Fully-encapsulating, gas-tight suits should be

worn for maximum protection. Structural firefighter's uniform is NOT effective for this material.

Flash Point

No Data Available

Lower Explosion Limit

No Data Available

Upper Explosion Limit

No Data Available

Auto Ignition Temperature

No Data Available

Hazchem Code 2X

#### **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

General Response Procedure Ensure adequate ventilation - Ventilate enclosed spaces before entering. ELIMINATE all ignition sources. Do not touch or

walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapours and prevent contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Clean Up Procedures Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to a suitable, properly labelled container for

disposal (see SECTION 13).

**Containment** Stop leak if safe to do so - Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent

spreading.

**Decontamination** Wash area down with excess water.

Environmental Precautionary Spillages and

Measures

Spillages and decontamination runoff should be prevented from entering drains and watercourses.

Evacuation Criteria Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Keep unauthorised personnel away. Keep upwind and to higher

ground.

Personal Precautionary Measures Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing (see SECTION 8).

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray and prevent contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Wear protective gloves/protective

clothing/eye protection/face protection (see SECTION 8). Avoid exposure to heat.

Storage Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat

and sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from foodstuffs and incompatible materials (see SECTION 10). Store

locked up.

**Container** Keep in the original container.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

**General** No specific exposure standards are available for this product.

**Exposure Limits** No Data Available

**Biological Limits** No information available.

Engineering Measures A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust

ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing

dispersion of it into the general work area.

Personal Protection Equipment - Respiratory protection: Wear respiratory protection in case of inadequate ventilation or if an inhalation risk exists.

Recommended: Wear a suitable mist respirator (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716).

- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to prevent eye contact. Recommended: Chemical goggles, face

shield.

- Hand protection: Wear protective gloves. Recommended: Elbow-length impervious gloves.

- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to prevent skin contact. Recommended: Overalls,

splash apron, rubber boots.

**Special Hazards Precaustions** 

No information available.

**Work Hygienic Practices** 

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and

shoes immediately and wash before storage or reuse.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Liquid
Appearance Clear liquid
Odour Odourless
Colour Colourless
pH ~13

Vapour Pressure No Data Available
Relative Vapour Density No Data Available

Boiling Point ~115 °C

Melting PointNo Data AvailableFreezing PointNo Data AvailableSolubilitySoluble in water

Specific Gravity ~1.5

**Flash Point** No Data Available **Auto Ignition Temp** No Data Available **Evaporation Rate** No Data Available **Bulk Density** No Data Available **Corrosion Rate** No Data Available **Decomposition Temperature** No Data Available Density No Data Available **Specific Heat** No Data Available **Molecular Weight** No Data Available **Net Propellant Weight** No Data Available **Octanol Water Coefficient** No Data Available **Particle Size** No Data Available **Partition Coefficient** No Data Available **Saturated Vapour Concentration** No Data Available **Vapour Temperature** No Data Available Viscosity No Data Available **Volatile Percent** No Data Available **VOC Volume** No Data Available **Additional Characteristics** 

No information available.

**Potential for Dust Explosion** Not applicable.

**Fast or Intensely Burning** 

Characteristics

No information available.

Flame Propagation or Burning

Rate of Solid Materials

No information available.

**Non-Flammables That Could** Contribute Unusual Hazards to a

**Fire** 

No information available.

**Properties That May Initiate or** 

Contribute to Fire Intensity

**Vapours** 

Non-combustible; Material does not burn.

**Reactions That Release Gases or** 

**Release of Invisible Flammable** 

Fire or heat will produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive gases, including oxides of Carbon, oxides of Potassium.

Vapours and Gases

No information available.

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**General Information** Exothermic reaction with acids, evolving carbon dioxide.

**Chemical Stability** Stable under normal conditions.

**Conditions to Avoid** Avoid exposure to heat.

**Materials to Avoid** Incompatible/reactive with acids, lime, metals.

**Hazardous Decomposition** 

**Products** 

Fire or heat will produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive gases, including oxides of Carbon, oxides of Potassium.

**Hazardous Polymerisation** Will not occur.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **General Information**

- Acute toxicity: Low acute toxicity following oral, dermal and inhalation exposure. Aqueous solutions of Potassium carbonate are strongly alkaline; Ingestion of large quantities may produce corrosion of the gastrointestinal tract, vomiting, diarrhoea, circulatory collapse and (even) death [NICNAS].
- Skin corrosion/irritation: Corrosive to skin; Causes severe skin burns.
- Eye damage/irritation: Corrosive to eyes; Causes serious eye damage.
- Respiratory/skin sensitisation: Not considered to be skin sensitising [NICNAS].
- Germ cell mutagenicity: Not considered to be genotoxic [NICNAS].
- Carcinogenicity: Not considered carcinogenic [NICNAS].
- Reproductive toxicity: Does not show specific reproductive or developmental toxicity [NICNAS].
- STOT (single exposure): Potassium carbonate solutions are strongly alkaline and concentrated solutions can produce corrosive effects, including local necrosis of mucous membranes [NICNAS]. Following acute inhalation exposure, respiratory impairment, dermal necrosis (around the mouth) and corneal opacity were noted in all animals tested [NICNAS].
- STOT (repeated exposure): In rats, histopathological changes of the respiratory tract and the lungs were seen following repeated inhalation exposure to Potassium carbonate; These effects were considered local responses to the high alkalinity of this chemical [NICNAS].

[NICNAS].

- Aspiration toxicity: No information available.

Acute

**Ingestion** Acute toxicity (Oral):

COMPONENT: Potassium carbonate (CAS No. 584-08-7):

- LD50, Rat: >2,000 mg/kg bw. [NICNAS].

Other Acute toxicity (Dermal):

COMPONENT: Potassium carbonate (CAS No. 584-08-7):

- LD50, Rat: >2,000 mg/kg bw. [NICNAS].

Carcinogen Category

None

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity** Aquatic toxicity:

LC50, Fish (Rainbow trout): 68 mg/L (96 h).LC50, Fish (Bluegill sunfish): 230 mg/L (96 h).

- EC50, Crustacea (Daphnia magna): 430 mg/L (48 h) hard water. - EC50, Crustacea (Daphnia pulex): 200 mg/L (48 h) soft water.

Persistence/Degradability Potassium carbonate dissociates completely in water to K+ and inorganic carbon species. Both potassium and inorganic

carbon are ubiquitously present in the environment. Biodegradation is not relevant because potassium carbonate is an

inorganic substance.

**Mobility** Due to the ionic character, potassium carbonate has a very low vapour pressure and very high water solubility. Based on

this, potassium carbonate will remain predominantly in the water phase; and no sorption onto soil and sediment organic

matter occurs [ECHA].

**Environmental Fate** May increase pH of waterways and adversely affect aquatic life. Prevent entry into drains and waterways.

**Bioaccumulation Potential**No potential for bioaccumulation. Potassium carbonate is very soluble in water; Therefore the substance does not

accumulate in lipophilic tissues of living organisms. In animals and plants, the mass balance of carbonate and potassium will be regulated by physiological mechanisms to ensure appropriate cell concentrations for natural life processes [ECHA].

**Environmental Impact** No Data Available

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**General Information** Reuse or reprocess, if possible; or dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

**Special Precautions for Land Fill** No information available.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

# Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Potassium carbonate solution)

Class 8 Corrosive Substances
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

EPG 37 Toxic And/Or Corrosive Substances Non-Combustible

 UN Number
 3266

 Hazchem
 2X

 Pack Group
 II

**Special Provision** No Data Available

## Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Potassium carbonate, Solution)

Class 8 Corrosive Substances
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

**EPG** 37 Toxic And/Or Corrosive Substances Non-Combustible

 UN Number
 3266

 Hazchem
 2X

 Pack Group
 II

Special Provision No Data Available

# Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

**Proper Shipping Name**CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Potassium carbonate, Solution)

Class 8 Corrosive Substances
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

**EPG** 37 Toxic And/Or Corrosive Substances Non-Combustible

 UN Number
 3266

 Hazchem
 2X

 Pack Group
 II

Special Provision No Data Available

# **Land Transport (United States of America)**

**US DOT** 

Proper Shipping Name CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Potassium carbonate, Solution)

Class 8 Corrosive Substances
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

ERG 154 Substances - Toxic and/or Corrosive (Non-Combustible)

 UN Number
 3266

 Hazchem
 2X

 Pack Group
 II

**Special Provision** No Data Available

### **Sea Transport**

**IMDG** Code

Proper Shipping Name CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Potassium carbonate, Solution)

Class 8 Corrosive Substances
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

 UN Number
 3266

 Hazchem
 2X

 Pack Group
 II

Special Provision No Data Available

EMS F-A, S-B Marine Pollutant No

Air Transport

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping Name CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Potassium carbonate, Solution)

Class 8 Corrosive Substances
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

UN Number 3266
Hazchem 2X
Pack Group II

Special Provision No Data Available

## **National Transport Commission (Australia)**

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

**Dangerous Goods Classification**Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by

Road & Rail (ADG Code)

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General InformationNo Data AvailablePoisons Schedule (Aust)Schedule 5

## **Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)**

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code Additives Process Chemicals and Raw Materials Corrosive Group Standard 2020 HSR002491

\*HSR005777 (Revoked)

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Listed

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Listed

Europe (EINECS) Not Determined

Europe (REACh) Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI) Not Determined

Korea (KECI) Listed

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Listed

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

**Switzerland (Inventory of Notified** 

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Listed

USA (TSCA) Listed

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Related Product Codes POCARB1800, POCARB1801, POCARB1802, POCARB1804, POCARB1819, POCARB1820, POCARB1821, POCARB1822,

POCARB1823, POCARL1000, POCARL1001, POCARL5000, POCARL5500, POCARL6500

Revision 5

Revision Date 25 Jul 2019
Key/Legend < Less Than

> Greater Than

**AICS** Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

**CAS** Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square CentimetresCO2 Carbon Dioxide

**COD** Chemical Oxygen Demand **deg C (°C)** Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

**g** Grams

g/cm³ Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

**HSNO** Hazardous Substance and New Organism **IDLH** Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health **immiscible** Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury inH2O Inch of Water

**K** Kelvin **kg** Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

**Ib** Pound

**LC50** LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one

half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre m<sup>3</sup> Cubic Metre

mbar Millibar

mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours

mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH20 Millimetres of Water

mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

**NIOSH** National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

**OECD** Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

**PEL** Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

**R** Rankine

**RCP** Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

**STEL** Short Term Exposure Limit

**TLV** Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

**TWA** Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

**UN** United Nations

wt Weight