

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name EO/PO Block Copolymer PE61

Other Names Ethylene glycol, propylene glycol, polymer; Ethylene oxide, propylene oxide, polymer; Poloxalene; Polyethylene glycol,

propoxylated

Uses Surfactant.

Chemical Family No Data Available
Chemical Formula (C3H6O.C2H4O)x

Chemical Name Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane

Product Description No Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

OrganisationLocationTelephoneRedox Ltd2 Swettenham Road
Minto NSW 2566+61-2-97333000

Australia

Redox Ltd 11 Mayo Road +64-9-2506222

Wiri Auckland 2104
New Zealand

Redox Inc. 3960 Paramount Boulevard +1-424-675-3200

Suite 107

Lakewood CA 90712

USA

Redox Chemicals Sdn Bhd Level 2, No. 8, Jalan Sapir 33/7 +60-3-5614-2111

Seksyen 33, Shah Alam Premier Industrial Park

40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia

Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Organisation Location Telephone Poisons Information Centre Westmead NSW 1800-251525 131126 Chemcall Australia 1800-127406 +64-4-9179888 Chemcall Malaysia +64-4-9179888 Chemcall New Zealand 0800-243622

+64-4-9179888

National Poisons Centre New Zealand 0800-764766

CHEMTREC USA & Canada 1-800-424-9300 CN723420

+1-703-527-3887

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Redox Ltd
Corporate Office Sydney
Locked Bag 15 Minto NSW 2566 Australia
2 Swettenham Road Minto NSW 2566 Australia
All Deliveries: 4 Holmes Road Minto NSW 2566 Australia

Phone +61 2 9733 3000 Fax +61 2 9733 3111 E-mail sydney@redox.com Web www.redox.com ABN 92 000 762 345 Australia
Adelaide
Brisbane
Melbourne
Perth
Sydney

New Zealand Auckland Christchurch Hawke's Bay UK Malaysia
Kuala Lumpur
USA
Los Angeles
Oakland
Mexico
Saltillo



Globally Harmonised System

Hazard Classification NOT hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Signal Word None

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane	(C3H6O.C2H4O)x	9003-11-6	<=100 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth with water, then give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless

directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. Never give anything by mouth to

an unconscious person.

Eye IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting

the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. If eye

irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

Skin IF ON SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Flush skin with running water/shower. If skin irritation

occurs, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If respiratory symptoms

persist, get medical advice/attention.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically. Contact a poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or

inhaled.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by No information available.

Exposure

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be

taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area.

Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is out.

Flammability Conditions Combustible liquid; May burn but does not ignite readily.

Extinguishing MediaUse dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), foam or water spray for extinction - Do not use water jet.

Fire and Explosion Hazard

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Flame might be invisible in daylight.

Hazardous Products of

Combustion

Fire may produce irritating and/or toxic fumes, including Carbon oxides.

Special Fire Fighting Instructions

Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may pollute waterways.

Personal Protective Equipment

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and chemical splash suit. SCBA and structural firefighter's uniform may

provide limited protection.

Flash Point >150 °C [Closed cup]
Lower Explosion Limit No Data Available
Upper Explosion Limit No Data Available
Auto Ignition Temperature No Data Available
Hazchem Code No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Ensure adequate ventilation. ELIMINATE

all ignition sources. Do not touch or walk through spilt material - Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up

immediately. Avoid breathing vapours and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Clean Up Procedures Move containers from spill area. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or Contain and collect spillage with non-

combustible, absorbent material (e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth) and place in container for disposal

according to local regulations (see SECTION 13).

Containment Stop leak if safe to do so – Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas.

Decontamination Wash area down with excess water.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Evacuation Criteria

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant

authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected

personnel from entering.

Personal Precautionary Measures Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid breathing mist/vapours/aerosols and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as

required (see SECTION 8).

Storage Storage Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready

for use. Protect containers against physical damage. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from foodstuffs and incompatible materials (see SECTION 10). Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Store

in accordance with local regulations.

Container Keep in the original container. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Do not store in copper or copper alloy containers.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General No value assigned to this material by the Australian regulatory authority.

Exposure Limits No Data Available

Biological Limits No information available.

Engineering Measures

No special ventilation requirements. A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area.

Personal Protection Equipment

- Respiratory protection: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator (Refer to AS/NZS 1715 and 1716).
- Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts (Refer to AS/NZS 1337). Recommended: Chemical splash goggles.
- Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary (Refer to AS/NZS 2161). Recommended: Rubber gloves.
- Skin/body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended: Protective work clothing and safety shoes.

Special Hazards Precaustions

No information available.

Work Hygienic Practices

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Liquid **Appearance** Liquid Odour Characteristic Colour Clear or hazy 5 - 7.5 (2.5% w/w) **Vapour Pressure** <0.1 hPa (@ 20 °C)

Relative Vapour Density >1 Air = 1 **Boiling Point** >200 °C **Melting Point** <0 °C

Freezing Point No Data Available

Solubility Insoluble in (cold) water - Soluble in methanol

Specific Gravity

Flash Point >150 °C [Closed cup] **Auto Ignition Temp** No Data Available **Evaporation Rate** No Data Available **Bulk Density** No Data Available **Corrosion Rate** No Data Available **Decomposition Temperature** No Data Available Density No Data Available **Specific Heat** No Data Available **Molecular Weight** No Data Available **Net Propellant Weight** No Data Available **Octanol Water Coefficient** No Data Available **Particle Size** No Data Available **Partition Coefficient** No Data Available **Saturated Vapour Concentration** No Data Available

Viscosity 338 mPa.s (@ No Data Available)

No Data Available

Vapour Temperature

Volatile Percent No Data Available **VOC Volume** No Data Available

Additional Characteristics Hygroscopic - absorbs moisture or water from surrounding air.

Potential for Dust Explosion Not applicable.

Fast or Intensely Burning

Characteristics

No information available.

Flame Propagation or Burning

Rate of Solid Materials

No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a

Fire

No information available.

Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity

Combustible liquid; May burn but does not ignite readily.

Reactions That Release Gases or

Vapours

Combustion/decomposition products may include: Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide.

Release of Invisible Flammable

No information available.

Vapours and Gases

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General Information Hydrolyses on exposure to strong acids. **Chemical Stability** Product is stable under normal conditions. **Conditions to Avoid** Avoid extreme heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to Avoid Incompatible/reactive with strong acids and oxidising agents.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Fire may

produce irritating and/or toxic fumes, including Carbon oxides.

Hazardous Polymerisation Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information Information on possible routes of exposure:

- Ingestion: No adverse effects expected; however, large amounts may cause nausea and vomiting.

- Eye contact: A mild eye irritant.

- Skin contact: Contact with skin may result in irritation.

- Inhalation: Breathing in mists or aerosols may produce respiratory irritation.

Chronic effects: No information available.

Acute

Ingestion Acute toxicity (Oral):

- LD50, Rat: 3,800 mg/kg (Polyoxyethylene polyoxypropylene block copolymer).

- LD50, Mouse: >2,000 mg/kg [Supplier's SDS].

Carcinogen Category None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Aquatic toxicity (Polyoxyethylene polyoxypropylene block copolymer): **Ecotoxicity**

- Acute IC50, Bacteria: >100 mg/l (24 h). - Acute LC50, Fish: 203 mg/l (96 h).

Persistence/Degradability Not readily biodegradable (<70 %, 28 days) [AS 4351.2: Biodegradability - organic compounds in an aqueous medium].

Mobility No information available.

Environmental Fate No known significant effects or critical hazards. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil,

waterways, drains and sewers.

 ${\bf Bioaccumulation\ Potential} \qquad \qquad {\bf No\ information\ available}.$

Environmental Impact No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General InformationThe generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product

residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation

and any regional local authority requirements.

Special Precautions for Land Fill Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a

safe way.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name EO/PO Block Copolymer PE61

Class C2 Combustible Liquids - Flash Point >93°C, Closed Cup, Not Excluded Flammable

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name EO/PO Block Copolymer PE61

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name EO/PO Block Copolymer PE61

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name EO/PO Block Copolymer PE61

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name EO/PO Block Copolymer PE61

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available
EMS No Data Available

Marine Pollutant No

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for SEA transport.

Air Transport

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping Name EO/PO Block Copolymer PE61

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for AIR transport.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods ClassificationNOT Dangerous Goods according to the Criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information No Data Available
Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code Not Hazardous

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Listed

Canada (NDSL) Not Listed

China (IECSC) Listed

Europe (EINECS) 618-355-0

Europe (REACh) Pre-registered substance

Japan (ENCS/METI) Listed

Korea (KECI) Listed

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Listed

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Listed

USA (TSCA) Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes

SUFPEB1000, SUFPEB1010, SUFPEB1020, SUFPEB1100, SUFPEB1101, SUFPEB1500, SUFPEB1510, SUFPEB1800, SUFPEB1801, SUFPEB1802, SUFPEB1803, SUFPEB1804, SUFPEB1805, SUFPEB1806, SUFPEB1807, SUFPEB1808, SUFPEB1809, SUFPEB1900, SUFPEB1910, SUFPEB2000, SUFPEB2500, SUFPEB2501, SUFPEB2800, SUFPEB2810, SUFPEB3000, SUFPEB3010, SUFPEB4000, SUFPEB5000, SUFPEB6001, SUFPEB6060, SUFPEB7000, SUFPEB8000, SUFPEB8001

Revision 5

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square CentimetresCO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand deg C (°C) Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

q Grams

g/cm³ Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism **IDLH** Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health **immiscible** Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury
inH2O Inch of Water

K Kelvin

kg Kilogram kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

Ib Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre

m³ Cubic Metre

mbar Millibar

mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH20 Millimetres of Water

mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health **NOHSC** National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours
ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations **wt** Weight