

# **1. IDENTIFICATION**

Product Name	Sulphuric acid (>=5-<15%)
Other Names	Sulphuric acid 10% w/w; Sulphuric acid 5% v/v
Uses	Industrial use.
Chemical Family	No Data Available
Chemical Formula	H2SO4.H2O
Chemical Name	Sulphuric acid, aqueous solution
Product Description	No Data Available

### Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Redox Ltd	2 Swettenham Road Minto NSW 2566 Australia	+61-2-97333000
Redox Ltd	11 Mayo Road Wiri Auckland 2104 New Zealand	+64-9-2506222
Redox Inc.	3960 Paramount Boulevard Suite 107 Lakewood CA 90712 USA	+1-424-675-3200
Redox Chemicals Sdn Bhd	Level 2, No. 8, Jalan Sapir 33/7 Seksyen 33, Shah Alam Premier Industrial Park 40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia	+60-3-5614-2111

### **Emergency Contact Details**

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Poisons Information Centre	Westmead NSW	1800-251525 131126
Chemcall	Australia	1800-127406 +64-4-9179888
Chemcall	Malaysia	+64-4-9179888
Chemcall	New Zealand	0800-243622 +64-4-9179888
National Poisons Centre	New Zealand	0800-764766
CHEMTREC	USA & Canada	1-800-424-9300 CN723420 +1-703-527-3887

### 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

### **Poisons Schedule (Aust)**

Schedule 6

Redox Ltd Corporate Office Sydney Locked Bag 15 Minto NSW 2566 Australia 2 Swettenham Road Minto NSW 2566 Australia All Deliveries: 4 Holmes Road Minto NSW 2566 Australia

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Globally Harmonised System				
Hazard Classification Hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labell Chemicals (GHS)		the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of		
Hazard Categories		Corrosive to Metals - Category 1		
		Skin Corrosion/Irritation	- Category 2	
		Serious Eye Damage/Irr	itation - Category 2A	
Pictograms		A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A		
Signal Word		Warning		
Hazard Statements		H290	May be corrosive to metals.	
		H315	Causes skin irritation.	
		H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Precautionary Statements	Prevention	P280	Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.	
-	Response	P390	Absorb spillage to prevent material-damage.	
		P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.	
		P337 + P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice.	
		P332 + P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice.	
		P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	
		P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.	
	Storage	P406	Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.	
National Transport Commission (Australia)         Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)         Dangerous Goods Classification       Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by				
		Road & Rail (ADG Code)		

# Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

HSNO Classifications Health Hazards 6.7A

Substances that are known or presumed human carcinogens

# **3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

# Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Sulphuric acid	H2SO4	7664-93-9	>=5 - <15 %
Water	H2O	7732-18-5	Balance %

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

# Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth, then drink plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical advice/attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Еуе	IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.
Skin	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Flush skin and hair with running water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.
Inhaled	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If respiratory symptoms persist, get medical advice/attention. Apply resuscitation if victim is not breathing - Do not use direct mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; use alternative respiratory method or proper respiratory device; Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult.
Advice to Doctor	Treat symptomatically. Keep victim calm and warm - Obtain immediate medical care. Ensure that attending medical personnel are aware of the identity and nature of the product(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.
Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure	No information available.

### **5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

General Measures	If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is out. Avoid getting water inside containers.
Flammability Conditions	Non-combustible; Material does not burn.
Extinguishing Media	If material is involved in a fire, use dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2) foam or water spray for extinction - Do not use water jets.
Fire and Explosion Hazard	Containers may explode when heated. Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas.
Hazardous Products of Combustion	Fire or heat will produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive gases, including Sulfur oxides.
Special Fire Fighting Instructions	Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may be toxic and/or corrosive and may pollute waterways.
Personal Protective Equipment	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and chemical splash suit. Fully-encapsulating, gas-tight suits should be worn for maximum protection. Structural firefighter's uniform is NOT effective for this material.
Flash Point	No Data Available
Lower Explosion Limit	No Data Available
Upper Explosion Limit	No Data Available
Auto Ignition Temperature	No Data Available
Hazchem Code	2R

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure	Ensure adequate ventilation - Ventilate enclosed spaces before entering. ELIMINATE all ignition sources. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapours and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.
Clean Up Procedures	Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to a suitable container for disposal (see SECTION 13).
Containment	Stop leak if safe to do so – Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading.
Decontamination	Wash area down with excess water.
	Spillages and decontamination runoff should be prevented from entering drains and watercourses.

Environmental Precautionary Measures	
Evacuation Criteria	Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Keep unauthorised personnel away. Keep upwind and to higher ground.
Personal Precautionary Measures	Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing (see SECTION 8).

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGEHandlingSafety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure<br/>adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid breathing<br/>mist/vapours/spray and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as<br/>required (see SECTION 8). Avoid exposure to heat and sources of ignition - No smoking. Absorb spillage to prevent<br/>material damage (see SECTION 6).StorageStore in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Avoid freezing temperatures. Keep container tightly<br/>closed. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep away from<br/>heat and sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from food/feedstuffs and incompatible materials (see SECTION 10).ContainerKeep only in the original container or corrosive-resistant container.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General	COMPONENT: Sulphuric acid (CAS No. 7664-93-9): - Safe Work Australia (SWA) Exposure Standard: TWA = 1 mg/m3; STEL = 3 mg/m3.
Exposure Limits	No Data Available
<b>Biological Limits</b>	No information available.
Engineering Measures	A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area.
Personal Protection Equipment	<ul> <li>Respiratory protection: In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection. Recommended: Full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (e.g. ABEK) cartridges or full-face supplied air respirator (refer to AS/NZS 1715 &amp; 1716).</li> <li>Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Chemical goggles.</li> <li>Hand protection: Wear protective gloves. Recommended: Impervious gloves, e.g. Butyl rubber.</li> <li>Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended: Long sleeved clothing or overalls, splash apron, rubber boots.</li> </ul>
Special Hazards Precaustions	No information available.
Work Hygienic Practices	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately and wash before reuse.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State	Liquid
Appearance	Liquid
Odour	Mild
Colour	Colourless
рН	ca. 2
Vapour Pressure	No Data Available
<b>Relative Vapour Density</b>	No Data Available

Boiling Point	ca. 100 °C
Melting Point	No Data Available
Freezing Point	No Data Available
Solubility	Miscible with water
Specific Gravity	1.03 - 1.07
Flash Point	No Data Available
Auto Ignition Temp	No Data Available
Evaporation Rate	No Data Available
Bulk Density	No Data Available
Corrosion Rate	No Data Available
Decomposition Temperature	No Data Available
Density	No Data Available
Specific Heat	No Data Available
Molecular Weight	No Data Available
Net Propellant Weight	No Data Available
Octanol Water Coefficient	No Data Available
Particle Size	No Data Available
Partition Coefficient	No Data Available
Saturated Vapour Concentration	No Data Available
Vapour Temperature	No Data Available
Viscosity	No Data Available
Volatile Percent	No Data Available
VOC Volume	No Data Available
Additional Characteristics	No information available.
Potential for Dust Explosion	Not applicable.
Fast or Intensely Burning Characteristics	No information available.
Flame Propagation or Burning Rate of Solid Materials	No information available.
Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a Fire	No information available.
Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity	Non-combustible; Material does not burn.
Reactions That Release Gases or Vapours	Fire or heat will produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive gases, including Sulfur oxides.
Release of Invisible Flammable Vapours and Gases	Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas.

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

General Information	Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas.
Chemical Stability	Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to Avoid	Avoid exposure to heat. Avoid freezing temperatures.
Materials to Avoid	Incompatible/reactive with alkalis, metals, cyanides, sulphides.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Fire or heat will produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive gases, including Sulfur oxides.
Hazardous Polymerisation	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

# **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

General Information	- Acute toxicity: Sulfuric acid is irritating (or corrosive) to the gastrointestinal tract at concentrations greater than 10 % [NICNAS].
	- Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes skin irritation. Sulfuric acid is irritating (or corrosive) to the skin at concentrations greater than 10 % [NICNAS].
	<ul> <li>Eye damage/irritation: Causes serious eye irritation. Sulfuric acid is irritating (or corrosive) to the eyes at concentrations greater than 10 % [NICNAS]</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Respiratory/skin sensitisation: Despite widespread human contact with dilute solutions, Sulfuric acid allergy has never been noted [NICNAS].</li> </ul>
	- Germ cell mutagenicity: No information available.
	- Carcinogenicity: "Acid mists, strong inorganic" are classified by the IARC Monographs as Carcinogenic to humans (Group 1).
	- Reproductive toxicity: No information available.
	- STOT (single exposure): Acute exposure to the mist/aerosol may cause respiratory tract irritation. Sulfuric acid is irritating (or corrosive) to the respiratory tract at concentrations greater than 10 % [NICNAS].
	<ul> <li>STOT (repeated exposure): Repeated dose inhalation toxicity tests with Sulfuric acid mists revealed treatment-related findings limited to the larynx, consistent with a local irritant effect [NICNAS]. Repeated exposure to higher concentrations of aerosol has been reported to cause damage to the incisors [NICNAS].</li> <li>Aspiration toxicity: No information available.</li> </ul>
Acute	
Ingestion	Acute toxicity (Oral): COMPONENT: Sulphuric acid (CAS No. 7664-93-9): - LD50, Rat: approx. 2,140 mg/kg bw. [NICNAS].
Carcinogen Category	None

### **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Ecotoxicity	No information available.	
Persistence/Degradability	No information available.	
Mobility	No information available.	
Environmental Fate	Prevent entry into drains and waterways.	
<b>Bioaccumulation Potential</b>	No information available.	
Environmental Impact	No Data Available	

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

General Information	Dispose of contents/container via a licensed disposal company and in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.
Special Precautions for Land Fill	Contaminated packaging: Dispose of as unused product.

### **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### Land Transport (Australia) ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name	SULPHURIC ACID with not more than 51% acid
Class	8 Corrosive Substances
Subsidiary Risk(s)	No Data Available
EPG	37 Toxic And/Or Corrosive Substances Non-Combustible
UN Number	2796
Hazchem	2R
Pack Group	II
Special Provision	No Data Available

### Land Transport (Malaysia) ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name	SULPHURIC ACID with not more than 51% acid
Class	8 Corrosive Substances
Subsidiary Risk(s)	No Data Available
EPG	37 Toxic And/Or Corrosive Substances Non-Combustible
UN Number	2796
Hazchem	2R
Pack Group	II
Special Provision	No Data Available

# Land Transport (New Zealand) NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name	SULPHURIC ACID with not more than 51% acid	
Class	8 Corrosive Substances	
Subsidiary Risk(s)	No Data Available	
EPG	37 Toxic And/Or Corrosive Substances Non-Combustible	
UN Number	2796	
Hazchem	2R	
Pack Group	II	
Special Provision	No Data Available	

# Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT	-,
Proper Shipping Name	SULPHURIC ACID with not more than 51% acid
Class	8 Corrosive Substances
Subsidiary Risk(s)	No Data Available
ERG	157 Substances - Toxic and/or Corrosive (Non-Combustible / Water-Sensitive)
UN Number	2796
Hazchem	2R
Pack Group	II
Special Provision	No Data Available
Sea Transport IMDG Code	
Proper Shipping Name	SULPHURIC ACID with not more than 51% acid

Class	8 Corrosive Substances
Subsidiary Risk(s)	No Data Available
UN Number	2796
Hazchem	2R
Pack Group	П
Special Provision	No Data Available
EMS	F-A, S-B
Marine Pollutant	No
<b>Air Transport</b> IATA DGR	
Proper Shipping Name	SULPHURIC ACID with not more than 51% acid
Class	8 Corrosive Substances
Subsidiary Risk(s)	No Data Available
UN Number	2796
Hazchem	2R
Pack Group	Ш
Special Provision	No Data Available

# National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification	Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION
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General Information	SULFURIC ACID
Poisons Schedule (Aust)	Schedule 6

# **Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)**

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code HSR001572 (Reissued)

# National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC)	Listed
Canada (DSL)	Not Determined
Canada (NDSL)	Not Determined
China (IECSC)	Not Determined
Europe (EINECS)	Not Determined
Europe (REACh)	Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI)	Not Determined
Korea (KECI)	Not Determined
Malaysia (EHS Register)	Not Determined
New Zealand (NZIoC)	Listed
Philippines (PICCS)	Not Determined
Switzerland (Giftliste 1)	Not Determined
Switzerland (Inventory of Notifie Substances)	d Not Determined
Taiwan (NCSR)	Not Determined
USA (TSCA)	Not Determined
Additional Information	ABBREVIATIONS: SAR = supplied-air respirator SCBA = self-contained breathing apparatus IDLH = Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health.

# **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Related Product Codes	SULACD7600, SULACI1705, SULACI1706, SULACI1707, SULACI1800, SULACI1801, SULACI1802, SULACI1803, SULACI1819, SULACI1820, SULACI2221, SULACI2222
Revision	4
Revision Date	20 Apr 2021
Reason for Issue	Updated SDS
Key/Legend	<ul> <li>Less Than</li> <li>Greater Than</li> <li>AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances</li> <li>atm Atmosphere</li> <li>CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)</li> <li>cm<sup>2</sup> Square Centimetres</li> <li>CO2 Carbon Dioxide</li> <li>COD Chemical Oxygen Demand</li> <li>deg C (°C) Degrees Celcius</li> <li>EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand</li> <li>deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit</li> <li>g Grams</li> <li>g/cm<sup>3</sup> Grams per Cubic Centimetre</li> <li>g/l Grams per Cubic Centimetre</li> <li>g/l Grams per Litre</li> <li>HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism</li> <li>IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health</li> <li>immiscible Liquids are insoluable in each other.</li> <li>inHg Inch of Water</li> <li>K Kelvin</li> <li>kg Kilograms</li> <li>kg/m<sup>3</sup> Kilograms per Cubic Metre</li> <li>ib Pound</li> <li>LCSO Lostands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.</li> <li>LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.</li> <li>It or L Litre</li> <li>m<sup>3</sup> Cubic Metre</li> <li>mbar Millibar</li> <li>mg Milligram</li> </ul>

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram mg/m<sup>3</sup> Milligrams per Cubic Metre Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present. mm Millimetre mmH20 Millimetres of Water mPa.s Millipascals per Second N/A Not Applicable NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development Oz Ounce PEL Permissible Exposure Limit Pa Pascal ppb Parts per Billion ppm Parts per Million ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours psi Pounds per Square Inch **R** Rankine **RCP** Reciprocal Calculation Procedure STEL Short Term Exposure Limit TLV Threshold Limit Value tne Tonne TWA Time Weighted Average ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours **UN** United Nations wt Weight