

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name	Oleoresin - Vanilla
Other Names	Oils, vanilla [CAS#8024-06-4]; Resins, oleo-, vanilla
Uses	Food flavouring.
Chemical Family	No Data Available
Chemical Formula	Unspecified
Chemical Name	Vanilla fragrans, extract
Product Description	No Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Redox Ltd	2 Swettenham Road Minto NSW 2566 Australia	+61-2-97333000
Redox Ltd	11 Mayo Road Wiri Auckland 2104 New Zealand	+64-9-2506222
Redox Inc.	3960 Paramount Boulevard Suite 107 Lakewood CA 90712 USA	+1-424-675-3200
Redox Chemicals Sdn Bhd	Level 2, No. 8, Jalan Sapir 33/7 Seksyen 33, Shah Alam Premier Industrial Park 40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia	+60-3-5614-2111

Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Poisons Information Centre	Westmead NSW	1800-251525 131126
Chemcall	Australia	1800-127406 +64-4-9179888
Chemcall	Malaysia	+64-4-9179888
Chemcall	New Zealand	0800-243622 +64-4-9179888
National Poisons Centre	New Zealand	0800-764766
CHEMTREC	USA & Canada	1-800-424-9300 CN723420 +1-703-527-3887

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust)

Not Scheduled

Redox Ltd

Corporate Office Sydney Locked Bag 15 Minto NSW 2566 Australia 2 Swettenham Road Minto NSW 2566 Australia All Deliveries: 4 Holmes Road Minto NSW 2566 Australia

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Australia Adelaide Brisbane Melbourne Perth UK Sydney

New Zealand Malaysia Auckland Christchurch USA Hawke's Bay Oakland Mexico London Saltillo

Kuala Lumpur Los Angeles



Globally Harmonised Syste	em		
Hazard Classification		Hazardous according to Chemicals (GHS)	o the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of
Hazard Categories		Flammable Liquids - Ca	tegory 3
		Sensitisation (Skin) - Ca	tegory 1
		Acute Hazard To The Ad	quatic Environment - Category 2
Pictograms			
Signal Word		Danger	
Hazard Statements		H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
		H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
		H401	Toxic to aquatic life.
Precautionary Statements	Prevention	P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
		P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
		P261	Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray.
		P273	Avoid release to the environment.
		P233	Keep container tightly closed.
		P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
		P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting and all other equipment.
		P242	Use non-sparking tools.
		P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
		P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
	Response	P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical or foam for extinction.
		P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].
		P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
	Storage	P403 + P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
	Disposal	P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local / regional / national / international regulations.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

 Dangerous Goods Classification
 Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by

 Road & Rail (ADG Code)
 Road Second Seco

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

HSNO Classifications	Physical Hazards	3.1C	Flammable liquid - medium hazard
	Health Hazards	6.5B	Substances that are contact sensitisers

Environmental **9.1D** Hazards Substances that are slightly harmful to the aquatic environment or are otherwise designed for biocidal action

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Resins, oleo-, vanilla	Unspecified	84650-63-5	100 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
Eye	IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.
Skin	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Flush skin and hair with running water for at least 15 minutes. In case of gross contamination, rinse contaminated clothing and skin with plenty of water before removing clothes. If skin irritation or rash occurs, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.
Inhaled	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If respiratory symptoms persist, get medical advice/attention. Apply resuscitation if victim is not breathing. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult.
Advice to Doctor	Keep victim calm and warm - Obtain immediate medical care. Ensure that attending medical personnel are aware of identity and nature of product(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.
Medical Conditions Aggravated by	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Exposure

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures	If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool container with water spray of water until well after fire is out. Avoid getting water inside containers.
Flammability Conditions	FLAMMABLE LIQUID & VAPOUR: Low flashpoint — Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames at ambient temperatures.
Extinguishing Media	Use dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), foam or water spray for extinction - Do not use water jets. *Caution: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.
Fire and Explosion Hazard	Risk of violent reaction or explosion! Vapours will form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours will travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Many liquids are lighter than water. Many vapours are heavier than air and will collect in low or confined areas.
Hazardous Products of Combustion	Fire may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive gases, including Carbon monoxide and other unidentified organic compounds.
Special Fire Fighting Instructions	Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may pollute waterways; Vapours from runoff may create an explosion hazard.
Personal Protective Equipment	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and chemical-protective clothing. SCBA and structural firefighting uniform provide limited protection.
Flash Point	58 ℃
Lower Explosion Limit	No Data Available

Upper Explosion Limit	No Data Available
Auto Ignition Temperature	No Data Available
Hazchem Code	3Y

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure	Ensure adequate ventilation - Ventilate enclosed spaces before entering. ELIMINATE all ignition sources - All equipment used in handling the product must be earthed. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapours and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.
Clean Up Procedures	Absorb spill with earth, sand or other non-combustible material — Use clean, non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material and place it in suitable containers for later disposal (see SECTION 13).
Containment	Stop leak if safe to do so – Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas. Vapour-suppressing foam may be used to knock down or divert vapour clouds.
Decontamination	No information available.
Environmental Precautionary Measures	Spillages and decontamination runoff should be prevented from entering drains and watercourses.
Evacuation Criteria	Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Keep unauthorised personnel away. Keep upwind and to higher ground. Large spill: Immediately contact Police or Fire Brigade; Consider initial downwind evacuation of areas within at least 300 m.
Personal Precautionary Measures	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection (see SECTION 8). SCBA and gas-tight suits should be worn when dealing with damaged or leaking containers and where there is no risk of ignition. SCBA and structural firefighting uniform provide limited protection where there is a risk of ignition.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling	Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection (see SECTION 8). FLAMMABLE LIQUID & VAPOUR: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources - No smoking. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical equipment and non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment.
Storage	Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources - No smoking. Keep away from incompatible materials (see SECTION 10).
Container	Keep in the original container.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General	No specific exposure standards are available for this product.
Exposure Limits	No Data Available
Biological Limits	No information available.
Engineering Measures	A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area.
Personal Protection Equipment	 Respiratory protection: In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716). Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Use chemical safety goggles.

- Hand protection: Wear protective gloves. Recommended: Use chemically resistant gloves.

- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact.

No information available.

Special Hazards Precaustions Work Hygienic Practices

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State	Liquid
Appearance	Liquid
Odour	Characteristic of vanilla beans
Colour	Dark brown
рН	No Data Available
Vapour Pressure	No Data Available
Relative Vapour Density	No Data Available
Boiling Point	No Data Available
Melting Point	No Data Available
Freezing Point	No Data Available
Solubility	Soluble in alcohol with sediments
Specific Gravity	No Data Available
Flash Point	58 °C
Auto Ignition Temp	No Data Available
Evaporation Rate	No Data Available
Bulk Density	No Data Available
Corrosion Rate	No Data Available
Decomposition Temperature	No Data Available
Density	No Data Available
Specific Heat	No Data Available
Molecular Weight	No Data Available
Net Propellant Weight	No Data Available
Octanol Water Coefficient	No Data Available
Particle Size	No Data Available
Partition Coefficient	No Data Available
Saturated Vapour Concentration	No Data Available
Vapour Temperature	No Data Available
Viscosity	No Data Available
Volatile Percent	No Data Available
VOC Volume	No Data Available
Additional Characteristics	No information available.
Potential for Dust Explosion	Not applicable.
Fast or Intensely Burning Characteristics	Risk of violent reaction or explosion!
Flame Propagation or Burning Rate of Solid Materials	No information available.
Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a Fire	No information available.

Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity FLAMMABLE LIQUID & VAPOUR: Low flashpoint — Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames at ambient temperatures.

Fire (combustion) may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive gases, including Carbon monoxide and other unidentified

Reactions That Release Gases or Vapours

organic compounds. Vapours will form explosive mixtures with air.

Release of Invisible Flammable Vapours and Gases

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General Information	Does not undergo any dangerous reactions under normal conditions.
Chemical Stability	Stable under normal operating conditions.
Conditions to Avoid	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.
Materials to Avoid	Incompatible/reactive with strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Fire (combustion) may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive gases, including Carbon monoxide and other unidentified organic compounds.
Hazardous Polymerisation	No information available.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information	 Acute toxicity: Consumption may cause queasiness, stomach aches. Skin corrosion/irritation: Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause irritation. Symptoms include irritation, stinging. Eye damage/irritation: Prolonged or repeated contact with eyes may cause irritation. Symptoms include irritation, reddening. Respiratory/skin sensitisation: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Germ cell mutagenicity: No information available. Carcinogenicity: No information available. STOT (single exposure): Prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation may cause irritation. Symptoms include chocking, drowsiness, respiratory disruptions. STOT (repeated exposure): No information available. Aspiration toxicity: No information available.
Carcinogen Category	None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity	No information available.
Persistence/Degradability	No information available.
Mobility	No information available.
Environmental Fate	Toxic to aquatic life - Avoid release to the environment.
Bioaccumulation Potential	No information available.
Environmental Impact	No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations. Avoid dispose into drainage systems and into the environment.

Special Precautions for Land Fill No information available.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia) ADG Code	
Proper Shipping Name	EXTRACTS, FLAVOURING, LIQUID
Class	3 Flammable Liquids
Subsidiary Risk(s)	No Data Available
EPG	14 Liquids - Highly Flammable
UN Number	1197
Hazchem	3Y
Pack Group	III
Special Provision	No Data Available
Land Transport (Malaysia) ADR Code	
Proper Shipping Name	EXTRACTS, FLAVOURING, LIQUID
Class	3 Flammable Liquids
Subsidiary Risk(s)	No Data Available
EPG	14 Liquids - Highly Flammable
UN Number	1197
Hazchem	3Y
Pack Group	III
Special Provision	No Data Available
Land Transport (New Zealand) NZS5433	
Proper Shipping Name	EXTRACTS, FLAVOURING, LIQUID
Class	3 Flammable Liquids
Subsidiary Risk(s)	No Data Available
EPG	14 Liquids - Highly Flammable
UN Number	1197
Hazchem	3Y
Pack Group	III
Special Provision	No Data Available
Land Transport (United States of America) US DOT	
Proper Shipping Name	EXTRACTS, FLAVOURING, LIQUID
Class	3 Flammable Liquids
Subsidiary Risk(s)	No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number	1197
Hazchem	3Y
Pack Group	III
Special Provision	No Data Available
Sea Transport	
IMDG Code	
Proper Shipping Name	EXTRACTS, FLAVOURING, LIQUID
Class	3 Flammable Liquids
Subsidiary Risk(s)	No Data Available
UN Number	1197
Hazchem	3Y
Pack Group	III
Special Provision	No Data Available
EMS	F-E, S-D
Marine Pollutant	Yes
Air Transport	
IATA DGR	
Proper Shipping Name	EXTRACTS, FLAVOURING, LIQUID
Class	3 Flammable Liquids
Subsidiary Risk(s)	No Data Available
UN Number	1197
Hazchem	3Y
Pack Group	III
Special Provision	No Data Available

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous	Goods	Classification
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Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information	No Data Available
Poisons Schedule (Aust)	Not Scheduled

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code

HSR002576

Listed

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC)

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Canada (DSL)	Not Determined
Canada (NDSL)	Not Determined
China (IECSC)	Not Determined
Europe (EINECS)	283-521-8
Europe (REACh)	Not Determined
Japan (ENCS/METI)	Not Determined
Korea (KECI)	Not Determined
Malaysia (EHS Register)	Not Determined
New Zealand (NZIoC)	Listed
Philippines (PICCS)	Not Determined
Switzerland (Giftliste 1)	Not Determined
Switzerland (Inventory of Notified Substances)	Not Determined
Taiwan (NCSR)	Not Determined
USA (TSCA)	Not Determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes	OLEVAN1000, OLEVAN1001, OLEVAN1100, OLEVAN2010, OLEVAN2020, OLEVAN2030, OLEVAN2900, OLEVAN5000
Revision	2
Revision Date	17 Jul 2020
Key/Legend	 Less Than Greater Than AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances atm Atmosphere CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number) cm² Square Centimetres CO2 Carbon Dioxide COD Chemical Oxygen Demand deg C (°C) Degrees Celcius EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit g Grams g/Cm³ Grams per Cubic Centimetre g/I Grams per Litre HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health immiscible Liquids are insoluable in each other. inHg Inch of Water K Kelvin kg Kilogram kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre Ib Pound LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. Itr or L Litre m³ Cubic Metre mbar Millibar mg Milligram mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present. mm Millimetre mmH20 Millimetres of Water mPa.s Millipascals per Second N/A Not Applicable NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development Oz Ounce PEL Permissible Exposure Limit Pa Pascal ppb Parts per Billion ppm Parts per Million ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours psi Pounds per Square Inch **R** Rankine RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure STEL Short Term Exposure Limit TLV Threshold Limit Value tne Tonne TWA Time Weighted Average ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours **UN** United Nations wt Weight