

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Polyalphaolefin PAO 8

Other Names Synfluid® PAO 8

Uses Synthetic lubricants; Consumer, industrial, professional applications.

Chemical Family No Data Available

Chemical Formula UVCB

Chemical Name 1-Decene, homopolymer, hydrogenated

Product Description Polyalphaolefins.

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

Organisation Location Telephone Redox Ltd 2 Swettenham Road +61-2-97333000

> Minto NSW 2566 Australia

Redox Ltd 11 Mayo Road +64-9-2506222

> Wiri Auckland 2104 New Zealand

3960 Paramount Boulevard Redox Inc. +1-424-675-3200

Suite 107

Lakewood CA 90712

USA

Redox Chemicals Sdn Bhd Level 2, No. 8, Jalan Sapir 33/7 +60-3-5614-2111

Seksyen 33, Shah Alam Premier Industrial Park

40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia

Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Organisation Location Telephone Poisons Information Centre Westmead NSW 1800-251525 131126 Chemcall Australia 1800-127406 +64-4-9179888 +64-4-9179888 Chemcall Malaysia Chemcall New Zealand 0800-243622 +64-4-9179888 National Poisons Centre New Zealand 0800-764766

CHEMTREC USA & Canada 1-800-424-9300 CN723420

+1-703-527-3887

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

London



Globally Harmonised System

Hazard Classification NOT hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Signal Word None

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
1-Decene, homopolymer, hydrogenated	Unspecified	68037-01-4	100 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth, then give small quantities of water to drink. Keep respiratory tract clear. Do not induce

vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Eye IF IN EYES: Protect unharmed eye. Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open

and occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at

least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

Skin IF ON SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Flush skin with running water for at least 15 minutes.

If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If respiratory symptoms

occur, get medical advice/attention.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

*No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by No information available.

Exposure

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General MeasuresNo action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If safe to do so, move undamaged

containers from fire area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is out.

Flammability Conditions Combustible liquid; May burn but does not ignite readily.

Extinguishing Media Use dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), alcohol-resistant foam or water spray for extinction. Do not use a solid water

stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

*Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Fire and Explosion Hazard

Containers may explode when heated.

Hazardous Products of

Combustion

Fire may produce irritating and/or toxic gases, including carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide.

Special Fire Fighting Instructions

Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may cause pollution.

Personal Protective Equipment

Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only

provide limited protection.

Flash Point 257 °C [COC]

Lower Explosion Limit No Data Available

Upper Explosion Limit No Data Available

Auto Ignition Temperature

369°C

Hazchem Code

No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Ensure adequate ventilation. ELIMINATE

all ignition sources. Do not touch or walk through spilled material - Material can create slippery conditions! Avoid

breathing vapours and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Clean Up Procedures Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal (see SECTION 13).

Containment Stop leak if safe to do so – Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas.

Decontamination No information available.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant

authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution.

Evacuation Criteria Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep unauthorised personnel away.

Personal Precautionary Measures

Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as

required (see SECTION 8). Keep away from heat and sources of ignition - No smoking.

Storage Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Containers that have

been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from food and drink and incompatible materials (see SECTION 10). Use appropriate

containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Container Keep in the original container. Do not store in unlabelled containers.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General No specific exposure standards are available for this product.

Exposure Limits No Data Available

Biological Limits No information available.

Engineering Measures A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust

ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing

dispersion of it into the general work area.

Personal Protection Equipment - Respiratory protection: In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection. Recommended: Full-face air-

purifying respirator for organic vapours, dusts and mists. Use a positive pressure, air-supplying respirator if there is potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716).

- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Tightly fitting safety goggles.
- Hand protection: Handle with gloves. Recommended: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves.
- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended: Lightweight protective clothing. Personal protective equipment for the body, appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Special Hazards Precaustions

Consider the potential hazards of this material, applicable exposure limits, job activities, and other substances in the work place when designing engineering controls and selecting personal protective equipment.

Work Hygienic Practices

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical StateLiquidAppearanceClear liquidOdourOdourlessColourColourless

pH No Data Available

Vapour Pressure 0.10 mmHg (@ 232 °C)

Relative Vapour Density 10 Air = 1 **Boiling Point** 430 °C

Melting PointNo Data AvailableFreezing PointNo Data Available

Solubility Insoluble in water - Soluble in hydrocarbon solvents

Specific Gravity 0.83

Flash Point 257 °C [COC]
Auto Ignition Temp 369 °C

Evaporation Rate3 [ASTM D5800]Bulk DensityNo Data AvailableCorrosion RateNo Data AvailableDecomposition TemperatureNo Data AvailableDensityNo Data AvailableSpecific HeatNo Data Available

Molecular Weight Varies

Net Propellant Weight No Data Available

Octanol Water Coefficient >10

Particle SizeNo Data AvailablePartition CoefficientNo Data AvailableSaturated Vapour ConcentrationNo Data AvailableVapour TemperatureNo Data Available

Viscosity 46 mm2/s (46 cSt) (@ 40 °C)

Volatile Percent No Data Available
VOC Volume No Data Available

Additional Characteristics No information available.

Potential for Dust Explosion Not applicable.

Fast or Intensely Burning

Characteristics

No information available.

Flame Propagation or Burning

Rate of Solid Materials

No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a No information available.

Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity

Combustible liquid; May burn but does not ignite readily.

Reactions That Release Gases or

Vapours

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating and/or toxic gases, including carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide.

Release of Invisible Flammable

Vapours and Gases

No information available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General Information Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Chemical Stability The product is stable.

Conditions to Avoid Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Avoid direct sunlight.

Materials to Avoid Incompatible/reactive with strong oxidising materials.

Hazardous Decomposition

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed. Fire/decomposition may produce irritating and/or toxic gases, including carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide.

Products Hazardous Polymerisation

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information

- Acute toxicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin corrosion/irritation: No skin irritation. - Eye damage/irritation: No eye irritation.
- Respiratory/skin sensitisation: Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals.
- Germ cell mutagenicity: Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects (1-Decene Homopolymer Hydrogenated).
- Carcinogenicity: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen (1-Decene Homopolymer Hydrogenated). - Reproductive toxicity: No toxicity to reproduction (1-Decene Homopolymer Hydrogenated).
- STOT (single exposure): No known significant effects or critical hazards. - STOT (repeated exposure): No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Aspiration toxicity: No aspiration toxicity classification.

Acute

Acute toxicity (oral): Ingestion

- LD50, Rat: >5,000 mg/kg (1-Decene, homopolymer, hydrogenated).

Inhalation Acute toxicity (Inhalation):

- LC50, Rat: >5.2 mg/l (4 h) dusts/mists (1-Decene, homopolymer, hydrogenated).

Other Acute toxicity (Dermal):

- LD50, Rabbit: >2,000 mg/kg (1-Decene Homopolymer Hydrogenated).

Carcinogen Category None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity This material is not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.

- LL50, Fish (Oncorhynchus mykiss): >1,000 mg/l (96 h) [Supplier's SDS].

- EL50, Crustacea (Daphnia magna): >1,000 mg/l (48 h) [OECD Test Guideline 202].

- NOELR, Algae (Scenedesmus capricornutum): 1,000 mg/l (72 h) [OECD Test Guideline 201].

Persistence/Degradability

This material is not expected to be readily biodegradable. Expected to be inherently biodegradable.

Mobility

This product is not likely to move rapidly with surface or groundwater flows because of its low water solubility. This

product is not likely to volatilise rapidly into the air because of its low vapour pressure.

- Koc: >6.2

Environmental Fate

No known significant effects or critical hazards. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil,

waterways, drains and sewers.

Bioaccumulation Potential

This material is not expected to bioaccumulate (1-Decene Homopolymer Hydrogenated).

Environmental Impact

No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General InformationThe generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Use material for its intended purpose or

recycle, if possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor; Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be

recycled; Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special Precautions for Land Fill This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product

residues.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name Polyalphaolefin PAO 8
Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name Polyalphaolefin PAO 8
Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available

Hazchem No Data Available

Pack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name
Polyalphaolefin PAO 8
Class
No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s)
No Data Available
No Data Available
UN Number
No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name
Class
No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s)
No Data Available
No Data Available
UN Number
No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name Polyalphaolefin PAO 8 Class No Data Available Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available **UN Number** No Data Available Hazchem No Data Available **Pack Group** No Data Available **Special Provision** No Data Available **EMS** No Data Available

Marine Pollutant No

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for SEA transport.

Air Transport

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping Name
Polyalphaolefin PAO 8
Class
No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s)
No Data Available
UN Number
No Data Available
Hazchem
No Data Available

Pack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for AIR transport.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information No Data Available
Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code Not Hazardous

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Listed

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Listed

Europe (EINECS) 500-183-1

Europe (REACh) Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI) Listed

Korea (KECI) Listed

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Listed

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Not Determined

USA (TSCA) Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes POALOL2040, POALOL2135, POALOL2136, POALOL2140, POALOL2150, POALOL2151

Revision 3

Revision Date07 Sep 2022Reason for IssueNew SDSKey/Legend< Less Than</th>

> Greater Than

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square CentimetresCO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand **deg C (°C)** Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

g Grams

g/cm³ Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism **IDLH** Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health **immiscible** Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury
inH20 Inch of Water

K Kelvin **kg** Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

Ib Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or \boldsymbol{L} Litre

m³ Cubic Metre

mbar Millibar

mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH20 Millimetres of Water

mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health **NOHSC** National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours
ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours UN United Nations wt Weight