

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name ADDITIN RC 8213
Other Names No Data Available

Uses Additive for lubricants, greases, release products.

Chemical Family No Data Available

Chemical Formula UVCB

Chemical Name 1,3,4-Thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-nonanethiol

Product Description No Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

Organisation Location Telephone Redox Ltd 2 Swettenham Road +61-2-97333000 Minto NSW 2566 Australia Redox Ltd 11 Mayo Road +64-9-2506222 Wiri Auckland 2104 New Zealand 3960 Paramount Boulevard Redox Inc. +1-424-675-3200 Suite 107 Lakewood CA 90712 USA Redox Chemicals Sdn Bhd Level 2, No. 8, Jalan Sapir 33/7 +60-3-5614-2111 Seksyen 33, Shah Alam Premier Industrial Park

Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Poisons Information Centre	Westmead NSW	1800-251525 131126
Chemcall	Australia	1800-127406 +64-4-9179888
Chemcall	Malaysia	+64-4-9179888
Chemcall	New Zealand	0800-243622 +64-4-9179888
National Poisons Centre	New Zealand	0800-764766
CHEMTREC	USA & Canada	1-800-424-9300 CN723420 +1-703-527-3887

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled



Globally Harmonised System

Hazard Classification NOT hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Hazard Categories Long-term Hazard To The Aquatic Environment - Category 3

Signal Word None

Hazard Statements H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements Prevention P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Disposal P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local / regional / national /

international regulations.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

HSNO Classifications Environmental **9.1C** Substances that are harmful in the aquatic environment

Hazards

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion	
1,3,4-Thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-nonanethiol	UVCB	91648-65-6	>=90 - <=100 %	

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth with water - Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. Keep respiratory tract clear. Call a

Poison Centre or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Eye IF IN EYES: Flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting the upper and

lower lids. Protect unharmed eye. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for 10 - 15 minutes. If

eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

Skin IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If skin irritation

occurs, get medical advice/attention.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If respiratory symptoms

persist, get medical advice/attention. Apply resuscitation if victim is not breathing. Administer oxygen if breathing is

difficult.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically. Do not leave the victim unattended.

 $\label{eq:Medical Conditions Aggravated by} \begin{tabular}{ll} No information available. \end{tabular}$ **Exposure**

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is out.

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Flammability Conditions Combustible liquid; May burn but does not ignite readily.

- Ignition temperature: 269 °C

Extinguishing Media Use dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), foam or water spray for extinction.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Containers may explode when heated.

Hazardous Products of

Fire may produce irritating and/or toxic fumes, including carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen

Combustion

(NOx), dense black smoke.

Special Fire Fighting Instructions

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately - This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and

contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Personal Protective Equipment

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) for firefighting if necessary.

Flash Point 155 °C [Closed cup] No Data Available **Lower Explosion Limit Upper Explosion Limit** No Data Available

Auto Ignition Temperature

264°C

Hazchem Code No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure Ensure adequate ventilation. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames). Do not touch or walk

through spilt material. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Clean Up Procedures Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to a suitable container for disposal (see SECTION

13).

Containment Stop leak if safe to do so – Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas.

Decontamination No information available.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Prevent entry into soils, drains and waterways. If the product contaminates drains or waterways, inform the respective

authorities.

Evacuation Criteria Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Keep unauthorised personnel away.

Personal Precautionary Measures Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see SECTION 8).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8). Combustible liquid: Keep away from

heat and all sources of ignition - No smoking.

Storage Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep containers tightly sealed - Containers which are

opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep away from heat and all sources of ignition -

No smoking. Keep separated from foodstuffs and incompatible materials (see SECTION 10). Electrical

installations/working materials must comply with the technological safety standards.

Container Keep in the original container.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

Derived no-effect levels (DNELs) for Workers:

COMPONENT: 1,3,4-Thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-nonanethiol:

Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects: 4,408 mg/m3.
 Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects: 6.25 mg/cm2 skin.

Exposure Limits No Data Available

Biological Limits Predicted no-effect concentrations (PNECs):

COMPONENT: 1,3,4-Thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-nonanethiol:

Freshwater: 0.041 mg/L
Marine water: 0.0041 mg/L
Intermittent release: 0.41 mg/L
Freshwater sediment: 380.62 mg/kg

STP: 8,000 mg/LSoil: 308.96 mg/kg

Engineering Measures A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust

ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing

dispersion of it into the general work area.

Personal Protection Equipment - Respiratory protection: No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required.

- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Safety glasses with side-

shields.

- Hand protection: Handle with gloves. Recommended: PVC (wearing time: <60 min).

 $\hbox{-} Skin/body\ protection: We ar appropriate\ personal\ protective\ clothing\ to\ avoid\ skin\ contact.$

Special Hazards Precaustions Educate and train employees in the safe use and handling of this product.

Work Hygienic Practices Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Liquid
Appearance Liquid

Odour Characteristic

Colour Light brown

pH No Data Available

Vapour Pressure No Data Available

Relative Vapour Density No Data Available

Boiling Point 233 °C (1.013 hPa)

Melting Point -3 °C

Freezing Point No Data Available

Solubility Practically insoluble in water (0.0001 g/l)

Specific Gravity 1.12

Flash Point 155 °C [Closed cup]

Auto Ignition Temp 264 °C

 Evaporation Rate
 No Data Available

 Bulk Density
 No Data Available

 Corrosion Rate
 No Data Available

Decomposition Temperature 223 °C **Density** 1.12 g/cm3

Specific Heat No Data Available **Molecular Weight** No Data Available **Net Propellant Weight** No Data Available **Octanol Water Coefficient** No Data Available **Particle Size** No Data Available **Partition Coefficient** No Data Available **Saturated Vapour Concentration** No Data Available **Vapour Temperature** No Data Available 340 mm2/s (@ 40 °C) Viscosity **Volatile Percent** No Data Available **VOC Volume** No Data Available **Additional Characteristics** No information available.

Potential for Dust Explosion Not applicable.

Fast or Intensely Burning

Characteristics

No information available.

Flame Propagation or Burning

Rate of Solid Materials

No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a

Fire

No information available.

Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity

Combustible liquid; May burn but does not ignite readily.

Reactions That Release Gases or

Vapours

Fire may produce irritating and/or toxic fumes, including carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen (NOx), dense black smoke.

Release of Invisible Flammable

Vapours and Gases

No information available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General Information No hazards to be specially mentioned.

Chemical Stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Keep away from heat and all sources of ignition - No smoking.

Materials to Avoid No materials to be especially mentioned.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed. Fire may produce irritating and/or toxic fumes, including carbon

dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen (NOx), dense black smoke.

Hazardous Polymerisation No information available.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information

- Acute toxicity: Not classified based on available information.
- Skin corrosion/irritation: Not classified based on available information. COMPONENT: 1,3,4-Thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-nonanethiol: No skin irritation.
- Eye damage/irritation: Not classified based on available information. COMPONENT: 1,3,4-Thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-nonanethiol: No eye irritation.
- Respiratory/skin sensitisation: Not classified based on available information. COMPONENT: 1,3,4-Thiadiazolidine-2,5dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-nonanethiol: Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals (Guinea pig) [OECD Test Guideline 406].
- Germ cell mutagenicity: Not classified based on available information.
- Carcinogenicity: Not classified based on available information.

- Reproductive toxicity: Not classified based on available information.

STOT (single exposure): Not classified based on available information.
 STOT (repeated exposure): Not classified based on available information.

- Aspiration toxicity: Not classified based on available information.

Acute

Ingestion Acute toxicity (Oral):

COMPONENT: 1,3,4-Thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-nonanethiol:

- LD50, Rat: >10,000 mg/kg [OECD Test Guideline 401].

Other Acute toxicity (Dermal):

COMPONENT: 1,3,4-Thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-nonanethiol:

- LD50, Rat: >5,000 mg/kg [Extrapolation according to Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008].

Carcinogen Category None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Aquatic toxicity:

COMPONENT: 1,3,4-Thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-nonanethiol:

- LC50, Fish (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): >1,000 mg/L (96 h).

- EC50, Crustacea (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 41 mg/L (48 h) [OECD Test Guideline 202].

- EC50, Algae (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 100 mg/L (72 h) [OECD Test Guideline 201].

- EC50, Microorganisms (Pseudomonas putida): 8,000 mg/L (16 h) [DIN 38412].

Persistence/Degradability COMPONENT: 1,3,4-Thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-nonanethiol:

- Not readily biodegradable (2 %, 28 d) [OECD Test Guideline 301C].

Mobility No information available.

Environmental Fate Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects - Avoid release to the environment. An environmental hazard cannot be

excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Bioaccumulation Potential COMPONENT: 1,3,4-Thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-nonanethiol:

- Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 15.7 [Fish].

- Partition co-efficient (n-octanol/water): >9.400 (log Pow)

Environmental Impact No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name ADDITIN RC 8213

Class C2 Combustible Liquids - Flash Point >93°C, Closed Cup, Not Excluded Flammable

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available

HazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name ADDITIN RC 8213
Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name
Class
No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s)
No Data Available
No Data Available
No Data Available
UN Number
No Data Available

Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name

Class

No Data Available

Subsidiary Risk(s)

No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name ADDITIN RC 8213
Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available

Pack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data AvailableEMSNo Data Available

Marine Pollutant No

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for SEA transport.

Air Transport IATA DGR

Proper Shipping Name
ADDITIN RC 8213
Class
No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s)
No Data Available
UN Number
No Data Available
Hazchem
No Data Available
Pack Group
No Data Available
Special Provision
No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for AIR transport.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods ClassificationNOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information No Data Available
Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code HSR002606

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Not Determined

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Not Determined

Europe (EINECS) 293-927-7

Europe (REACh) 01-2119976351-35

Japan (ENCS/METI) Not Determined

Korea (KECI) Not Determined

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Not Determined

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Not Determined

USA (TSCA) Not Determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes LUBEAD2130

Revision 4

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square CentimetresCO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand **deg C (°C)** Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

g Grams

g/cm3 Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism **IDLH** Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health **immiscible** Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury inH2O Inch of Water

K Kelvin **kg** Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

Ib Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre m³ Cubic Metre mbar Millibar mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

 $\textbf{Misc} \ \text{or} \ \textbf{Miscible} \ \text{Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.}$

mm Millimetre

mmH20 Millimetres of Water

mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations

wt Weight