

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name JRCURE TPO

Other Names Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide

Uses Additives; UV Photoinitiator.

Chemical Family No Data Available
Chemical Formula C22H21O2P

Chemical Name Phosphine oxide, diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-

Product Description No Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

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Australia

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Wiri Auckland 2104 New Zealand

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40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia

Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

OrganisationLocationTelephonePoisons Information CentreWestmead NSW1800-251525
131126ChemcallAustralia1800-127406
+64-4-9179888

Chemcall Malaysia +64-4-9179888

 Chemcall
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 0800-243622

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National Poisons Centre New Zealand 0800-764766

CHEMTREC USA & Canada 1-800-424-9300 CN723420

+1-703-527-3887

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled



Globally Harmonised System

Hazard Classification Hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Hazard Categories Sensitisation (Skin) - Category 1B

Toxic To Reproduction - Category 2

Long-term Hazard To The Aquatic Environment - Category 2

Pictograms







Signal Word Warning

Hazard Statements H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Precautionary Statements Prevention **P201** Obtain special instructions before use.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P261 Avoid breathing dusts or mists.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/...

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P391 Collect spillage.
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local / regional / national /

international regulations.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Storage

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Phosphine oxide, diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	C22H21O2P	75980-60-8	>=99 %
2,4,6-trimethylbenzoic acid	Unspecified	480-63-7	<=1 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical advice/attention. Never give anything by

mouth to an unconscious person.

Eye IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting

the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 20 minutes. If eye

irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

Skin IF ON SKIN: Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash skin with plenty of soap and water. If skin

irritation or rash occurs, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get immediate medical

advice/attention. Apply resuscitation if victim is not breathing – Do not use direct mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; use alternative respiratory method or proper respiratory device – Administer oxygen if

breathing is difficult.

Advice to Doctor If exposed or concerned, get medical advice/attention. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Treat

symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed. Keep victim calm and warm - Obtain immediate medical care. Ensure that attending medical personnel are aware of identity and nature of product(s) involved, and take precautions to protect

themselves.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by No information available.

Exposure

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire

area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is out.

Flammability Conditions Combustible solid; May burn but does not ignite readily.

Extinguishing Media Use dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), foam or water spray for extinction.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Hazardous Products of

Combustion

Fire may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes, including Carbon oxides and phosphorus oxide.

Special Fire Fighting Instructions Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may pollute waterways.

Personal Protective Equipment Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and chemical splash suit. SCBA and structural firefighter's uniform may

provide limited protection.

Flash Point No Data Available
Lower Explosion Limit No Data Available
Upper Explosion Limit No Data Available
Auto Ignition Temperature No Data Available
Hazchem Code No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure Ensure adequate ventilation. ELIMINATE all ignition sources. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid

generating dust. Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Clean Up Procedures Collect material (sweep up, shovel) and keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal (see SECTION 13). Dust deposits

should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the

atmosphere in sufficient concentration.

Containment Stop leak if safe to do so – Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas. Prevent dust cloud.

No information available.

Decontamination

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Spillages and decontamination runoff should be prevented from entering drains and watercourses.

Evacuation Criteria

Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Keep unauthorised personnel away. Keep upwind and to higher

ground.

Personal Precautionary Measures Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

> adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Obtain special instructions before use - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Avoid breathing dust/aerosols and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8). WARNING! May form combustible dust concentrations in air during processing. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres. Avoid release to the environment - Collect spillage (see SECTION

Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat Storage

and sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from foodstuff containers and incompatible materials (see SECTION 10).

Store locked up.

Container Keep in the original container.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General No specific exposure standards are available for this product. For dusts from solid substances without specific

occupational exposure standards:

- Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard (Nuisance dusts): 8 hr TWA = 10 mg/m3 (measured as inhalable dust).

- New Zealand WES (Particulates not otherwise classified): TWA = 10 mg/m3; TWA = 3 mg/m3 (respirable dust).

Exposure Limits No Data Available

Biological Limits No information available.

Engineering Measures A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust

ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing

dispersion of it into the general work area.

- Respiratory protection: Wear respiratory protection in case of inadequate ventilation or if irritation or other symptoms **Personal Protection Equipment**

are experienced. Recommended: Low-boiling organic solvent respirator, filter type AX, Brown (refer to AS/NZS 1715 &

1716).

- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Tightly fitting safety goggles.

- Hand protection: Handle with gloves. Recommended: Protective gloves, e.g. Butyl rubber.

- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended: Wear

fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing and antistatic boots.

Special Hazards Precaustions

Work Hygienic Practices

No information available.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this

product. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the

workplace. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Solid **Appearance** Powder

Odour Light

Colour Light yellow

рΗ No Data Available

0.000003045 Pa (@ 25 °C) **Vapour Pressure**

Relative Vapour Density No Data Available **Boiling Point** No Data Available

91 - 95 °C **Melting Point**

Freezing Point No Data Available Solubility 11.9 mg/L in water 20°C

Specific Gravity 1.218

Flash Point No Data Available **Auto Ignition Temp** No Data Available **Evaporation Rate** No Data Available **Bulk Density** No Data Available **Corrosion Rate** No Data Available

Decomposition Temperature >200 °C

Density No Data Available **Specific Heat** No Data Available **Molecular Weight** No Data Available **Net Propellant Weight** No Data Available

Octanol Water Coefficient Log Kow(Pow): 3.1 at 23 °C

Particle Size No Data Available **Partition Coefficient** No Data Available **Saturated Vapour Concentration** No Data Available **Vapour Temperature** No Data Available Viscosity No Data Available **Volatile Percent** No Data Available **VOC Volume** No Data Available

Additional Characteristics No information available.

Potential for Dust Explosion Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Fast or Intensely Burning

Characteristics

No information available.

Flame Propagation or Burning

Rate of Solid Materials

No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a

No information available.

Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity

Combustible solid; May burn but does not ignite readily.

Reactions That Release Gases or

Vapours

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes, including Carbon oxides and phosphorus oxide.

Release of Invisible Flammable

Vapours and Gases

No information available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General Information No information available.

Chemical Stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Avoid Avoid dust formation and accumulation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to Avoid Incompatible/reactive with strong oxidising agents, strong bases.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes, including Carbon oxides and phosphorus oxide.

Hazardous Polymerisation No information available.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information - Acute toxicity: Not classified.

Skin corrosion/irritation: Not classified.Eye damage/irritation: Not classified.

- Respiratory/skin sensitisation: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

- $\operatorname{\mathsf{Germ}}$ cell mutagenicity: Not classified.

- Carcinogenicity: Not classified.

- Reproductive toxicity: Suspected of damaging fertility (testes atrophy). Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Based on experience with animal studies, exposure to the material may result in toxic effects to the development of the foetus

(bent limb bones).

STOT (single exposure): Not classified.
STOT (repeated exposure): Not classified.
Aspiration toxicity: Not classified.

Acute

Ingestion Acute toxicity (Oral):

- LD50, Rat: >5,000 mg/kg

Other Acute toxicity (Dermal):

- LD50, Rabbit: >2,000 mg/kg

Carcinogen Category None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Aquatic toxicity:

- LC50, Fish: 6.53 mg/L (96 h).- EC50, Invertebrates: 3.53 mg/L (48 h).- EC50, Algae: >2.01 mg/L (72 h).

Persistence/Degradability
Not readily biodegradable.

Mobility
No information available.

Environmental FateToxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects - Avoid release to the environment.

Bioaccumulation Potential No bioaccumulation potential.

Environmental Impact No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations. Incineration is recommended.

Special Precautions for Land Fill Containers may still present chemical hazard when empty. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name

JRCURE TPO (Phosphine oxide, diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-)

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

EPG 47 Low To Moderate Hazard Substances

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available

Special Provision AU01

CommentsUN3077: Not regulated as DG when transported by road or rail in packagings that do not incorporate a

receptacle exceeding 500 kg(L) or IBCs.

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Phosphine oxide, diphenyl(2,4,6-

trimethylbenzoyl)-)

Class 9 Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods and Articles

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

EPG 47 Low To Moderate Hazard Substances

 UN Number
 3077

 Hazchem
 2Z

 Pack Group
 III

Special Provision No Data Available

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Phosphine oxide, diphenyl(2,4,6-

trimethylbenzoyl)-)

Class 9 Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods and Articles

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

EPG 47 Low To Moderate Hazard Substances

 UN Number
 3077

 Hazchem
 27

 Pack Group
 III

Special Provision No Data Available

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Phosphine oxide, diphenyl(2,4,6-

trimethylbenzoyl)-)

Class 9 Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods and Articles

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

ERG 171 Substances (Low to Moderate Hazard)

UN Number 3077

Hazchem 2Z Pack Group III

Special Provision No Data Available

Sea Transport IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Phosphine oxide, diphenyl(2,4,6-

trimethylbenzoyl)-)

Class 9 Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods and Articles

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

 UN Number
 3077

 Hazchem
 27

 Pack Group
 III

Special Provision No Data Available

EMS F-A, S-F Marine Pollutant Yes

Air Transport

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Phosphine oxide, diphenyl(2,4,6-

trimethylbenzoyl)-)

Class 9 Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods and Articles

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

 UN Number
 3077

 Hazchem
 2Z

 Pack Group
 III

Special Provision No Data Available

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information No Data Available
Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code Not Assessed

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Not Determined

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Not Determined

Europe (EINECS) Not Determined

Europe (REACh) Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI) Not Determined

Korea (KECI) Not Determined

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Not Determined

Philippines (PICCS) Not Determined

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Not Determined

USA (TSCA) Not Determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes PHOTOE2500

Revision 2

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square CentimetresCO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand **deg C (°C)** Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

g Grams

g/cm³ Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism **IDLH** Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health **immiscible** Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury inH2O Inch of Water

K Kelvin **kg** Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

Ib Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50%

(one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre

m³ Cubic Metre

mbar Millibar

mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours

mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH20 Millimetres of Water

mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations

wt Weight