

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Lauric Acid
Other Names No Data Available

Uses Preparation of food ingredients, cosmetics and personal care products, surfactant manufacture, industrial application like

candle, paper manufacturing, coatings, PVC stabilizer, fabric softener, adhesives and cement additives.

Chemical FamilyFatty acidsChemical FormulaC12H24O2Chemical NameDodecanoic acidProduct DescriptionNo Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

 Organisation
 Location
 Telephone

 Redox Ltd
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Minto NSW 2566 Australia

Redox Ltd 11 Mayo Road Wiri Auckland 2104

New Zealand

Redox Inc. 3960 Paramount Boulevard

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USA

Redox Chemicals Sdn Bhd Level 2, No. 8, Jalan Sapir 33/7

Seksyen 33, Shah Alam Premier Industrial Park

40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia

Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

OrganisationLocationTelephonePoisons Information CentreWestmead NSW1800-251525131126

Chemcall Australia 1800-127406 +64-4-9179888

Chemcall Malaysia +64-4-9179888

Chemcall New Zealand 0800-243622 +64-4-9179888

National Poisons Centre New Zealand 0800-764766

CHEMTREC USA & Canada 1-800-424-9300 CN723420

+1-703-527-3887

+64-9-2506222

+1-424-675-3200

+60-3-5614-2111

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Redox Ltd
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Kuala Lumpur
USA
Los Angeles
Oakland
Mexico



Globally Harmonised System

Hazard Classification Hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Hazard Categories Serious Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 1

Pictograms

Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary Statements Prevention P280 Wear eye protection/face protection.

Response P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Safe Work Australia

National Guide for Classifying Hazardous Chemicals under the Model WHS Regulations

Hazard Classification Hazardous according to the criteria of Safe Work Australia under Model WHS Regulations

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Lauric acid	C12H24O2	143-07-7	>=99 - 100 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth, then drink plenty of water. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. Do not induce

vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

Eye IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting

the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes.

Immediately call a Poison Centre or doctor/physician for advice.

Skin IF ON SKIN: Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes. Immediately flush skin with running water/shower. If

skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If respiratory symptoms

persist, get medical advice/attention.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically.

*Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Causes serious eye damage.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by No information available.

Exposure

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well

after fire is out.

Flammability Conditions Combustible; May burn but does not ignite readily.

Extinguishing Media Use dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), foam or water spray for extinction - Do not use water jets.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating! Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Hazardous Products of

Combustion

Fire may produce irritating and/or toxic gases, including Carbon oxides.

Special Fire Fighting Instructions Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may cause pollution.

Personal Protective Equipment Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only

provide limited protection.

Flash Point 160 - 176 °C [Closed cup]

Lower Explosion LimitNo Data AvailableUpper Explosion LimitNo Data Available

Auto Ignition Temperature >250 °C

Hazchem Code No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure Ensure adequate ventilation. ELIMINATE all ignition sources. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid

generating dust. Avoid breathing dust/mist/vapours and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Clean Up Procedures With clean shovel, place material into clean, dry container and cover loosely; move containers from spill area.

*Liquid spill: Allow spillage to solidify, then shovel into containers.

Containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Prevent dust cloud. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined

areas.

*Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal.

Decontamination Wash site with sodium bicarbonate solution or soda ash.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Prevent entry into drains and waterways.

Evacuation Criteria Immediately isolate spill or leak area. Keep unauthorised personnel away.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid breathing

dust/mist/vapours and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as required

(see SECTION 8). Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Storage Storage Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place. Avoid exposure to ultraviolet light and sunlight. Avoid extreme heat and

cold. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from incompatible materials (see SECTION 10). *In bulk, store at about 10°C above melting point or ambient. Temperature higher than necessary degrades quality.

Container Keep in the original container or in clean, preferably stainless steel, vessels.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General No specific exposure standards are available for this product.

Exposure Limits No Data Available

Biological Limits No information available.

Engineering Measures A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust

ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing

dispersion of it into the general work area.

Personal Protection Equipment - Respiratory protection: In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection. Recommended: Organic

vapour/particulate respirator (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716).

- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Tightly fitting safety goggles. Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards.

- Hand protection: Handle with gloves. Recommended: Nitrile rubber. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in

accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended: Lab coat.

Special Hazards Precaustions No information available.

Work Hygienic Practices Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the

toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or re-use.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical StateSolidAppearanceBeadOdourFaint, fattyColourWhite

pH No Data Available

Vapour Pressure <1.0 mmHg (@ 131 °C)

Relative Vapour Density No Data Available

Boiling Point $299 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ **Melting Point** $43 - 44 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$

Freezing Point No Data Available
Solubility Insoluble in water

Specific Gravity 1.0099

Flash Point 160 - 176 °C [Closed cup]

Auto Ignition Temp >250 °C

Evaporation RateNo Data AvailableBulk DensityNo Data AvailableCorrosion RateNo Data AvailableDecomposition TemperatureNo Data AvailableDensityNo Data Available

Specific Heat No Data Available **Molecular Weight** No Data Available **Net Propellant Weight** No Data Available No Data Available **Octanol Water Coefficient Particle Size** No Data Available **Partition Coefficient** No Data Available **Saturated Vapour Concentration** No Data Available **Vapour Temperature** No Data Available No Data Available **Viscosity Volatile Percent** No Data Available **VOC Volume** No Data Available

Additional Characteristics No information available.

Potential for Dust Explosion Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Fast or Intensely Burning

Characteristics

No information available.

Flame Propagation or Burning

Rate of Solid Materials

No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a

No information available.

Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity

Combustible; May burn but does not ignite readily.

Reactions That Release Gases or

Vapours

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating and/or toxic gases, including Carbon oxides.

Release of Invisible Flammable

Vapours and Gases

Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating!

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General Information No information available.

Chemical Stability The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Avoid strong heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to Avoid Incompatible/reactive with bases, strong oxidising agents, strong reducing agents. **Hazardous Decomposition**

Products

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating and/or toxic gases, including Carbon oxides.

Hazardous Polymerisation Will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information Information on toxicological effects:

- Acute toxicity: Lauric acid does not fulfil the criteria for classification.
- Skin corrosion/irritation: Not irritating [OECD 404; ECHA].
- Serious eye damage/irritation: Irreversible effects [OECD 405; ECHA].
- Respiratory/skin sensitisation: No adverse effect observed (not sensitising) [ECHA].
- Germ cell mutagenicity: No adverse effect observed (negative) [ECHA].
- Carcinogenicity: No information available.
- Reproductive toxicity: No information available.
- STOT (single exposure): No information available.

- STOT (repeated exposure): No information available.
- Aspiration toxicity: No information available.

Information on likely routes of exposure: - Ingestion: Sore throat, abdominal pain.

- Eye contact: Causes serious eye damage.

- Skin contact: Mild irritation. - Inhalation: Sore throat, cough.

Chronic effects: No information available.

Acute

Ingestion Acute toxicity (Oral):

- LD50, Rat: >5,000 mg/kg bw [OECD 401; ECHA].

Chronic

Repeated dose toxicity (Oral): Ingestion

- NOAEL (Rat): 1,000 mg/kg bw/day [Analogy: Docosanoic acid; ECHA].

Carcinogen Category None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Aquatic toxicity:

- LC50, Fish (Oryzias latipes): 5 mg/L (96 h) [OECD 203; ECHA].

- EC50, Crustacea (Daphnia magna): 3.6 mg/L (48 h) [OECD 405; ECHA].

- ECH50, Algae/aquatic plants (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata): >7.6 mg/L (72 h, growth rate) [OECD 201; ECHA].

Persistence/Degradability Readily biodegradable [ECHA]. No information available. Mobility

Environmental Fate Prevent entry into drains and waterways.

Bioaccumulation Potential No information available. No Data Available **Environmental Impact**

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information Waste material must be disposed of in accordance with the national and local regulations.

Special Precautions for Land Fill Leave chemicals in original containers. No mixing with other waste. Handle uncleaned containers like the product itself.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name Lauric Acid Class No Data Available Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available Hazchem

Pack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name

Class

No Data Available

Subsidiary Risk(s)

No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name Lauric Acid

Class No Data Available

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name
Class
No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s)
No Data Available
No Data Available
UN Number
No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping NameLauric AcidClassNo Data AvailableSubsidiary Risk(s)No Data AvailableUN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data Available

Special Provision No Data Available

EMS No Data Available

Marine Pollutant No

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for SEA transport.

Air Transport

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping Name
Class
No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s)
No Data Available
UN Number
No Data Available
Hazchem
No Data Available
Pack Group
No Data Available
Special Provision
No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for AIR transport.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information LAURIC ACID is listed in Appendix B of the SUSMP, Substances considered not to require control by scheduling (Any use;

Low toxicity).

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code HSR002503 - Additives, Process Chemicals and Raw Materials (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Listed

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Listed

Europe (EINECS) 205-582-1

Europe (REACh) Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI) Listed

Korea (KECI) Listed

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Listed

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Not Determined

USA (TSCA) Not Determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes LAUACI1000, LAUACI10001, LAUACI10002, LAUACI10003, LAUACI10004, LAUACI10005, LAUACI15000, LAUACI120000,

LAUACI2010, LAUACI2011, LAUACI2012, LAUACI3000, LAUACI3001, LAUACI4000, LAUACI4001, LAUACI5000,

LAUACI6000, LAUACI7000, LAUACI7001, LAUACI7100, LAUACI8000

Revision

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square CentimetresCO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand **deg C (°C)** Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

 $\mathbf{g} \; \mathsf{Grams}$

g/cm³ Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health immiscible Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury inH2O Inch of Water

K Kelvin **kg** Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

Ib Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre m³ Cubic Metre mbar Millibar mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH20 Millimetres of Water

mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations

wt Weight