

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Tertiary Butyl Hydroquinone

Other Names TBHQ; t-Butyl hydroquinone; tert-butylhydroquinone

Uses Food additive (E319).

Chemical Family No Data Available

Chemical Formula C10H14O2

Chemical Name 1,4-Benzenediol, 2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-

Product Description No Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

 Organisation
 Location
 Telephone

 Redox Ltd
 2 Swettenham Road
 +61-2-97333000

Minto NSW 2566 Australia

Redox Ltd 11 Mayo Road

Wiri Auckland 2104 New Zealand

Redox Inc. 3960 Paramount Boulevard

Suite 107

Lakewood CA 90712

USA

Redox Chemicals Sdn Bhd Level 2, No. 8, Jalan Sapir 33/7

Seksyen 33, Shah Alam Premier Industrial Park

40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia

Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

OrganisationLocationTelephonePoisons Information CentreWestmead NSW1800-251525131126

Chemcall Australia 1800-127406 +64-4-9179888

+64-4-91/9888 Chemcall Malaysia +64-4-9179888

Chemcall New Zealand 0800-243622

+64-4-9179888

National Poisons Centre New Zealand 0800-764766

CHEMTREC USA & Canada 1-800-424-9300 CN723420

+1-703-527-3887

+64-9-2506222

+1-424-675-3200

+60-3-5614-2111

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Redox Ltd
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All Deliveries: 4 Holmes Road Minto NSW 2566 Australia

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Auckland
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Me

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Globally Harmonised System

Hazard Classification Hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Hazard Categories Acute Toxicity (Oral) - Category 4

Acute Toxicity (Dermal) - Category 4 Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 2A

Sensitisation (Skin) - Category 1

Acute Hazard To The Aquatic Environment - Category 1

Long-term Hazard To The Aquatic Environment - Category 1

Pictograms





Signal Word Warning

Hazard Statements H302 + H312 Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements Prevention P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice.

P391 Collect spillage.
P330 Rinse mouth.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice.

Disposal P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local / regional / national /

international regulations.

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

HSNO Classifications Health Hazards **6.1D** Substances that are acutely toxic - Harmful

6.3A Substances that are irritating to the skin
6.4A Substances that are irritating to the eye
6.5B Substances that are contact sensitisers

Environmental 9.1A

Hazards

Substances that are very ecotoxic in the aquatic environment

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
t-Butyl hydroquinone	C10H14O2	1948-33-0	>=99 - 100 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Call a Poison Centre or doctor/physician for advice.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting Eye

the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. If eye

irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

*Protect uninjured eye!

Skin IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Call a Poison

Centre or doctor/physician for advice. If skin irritation or rash occurs, get medical advice/attention.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If respiratory symptoms Inhaled

persist, get medical advice/attention. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Administer oxygen if breathing is

difficult.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to

protect themselves.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Exposure

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is out.

Dike fire-control water for later disposal.

Flammability Conditions The product is combustible.

Extinguishing Media Use dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), foam or water spray for extinction. Do not scatter spilled material with high-

pressure water streams.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Hazardous Products of

Combustion

Fire may produce irritating and/or toxic fumes, including oxides of Carbon.

Special Fire Fighting Instructions Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately; This must not be discharged into drains.

Personal Protective Equipment Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only

provide limited protection.

Flash Point 171 °C [Closed cup] **Lower Explosion Limit** No Data Available **Upper Explosion Limit** No Data Available

510 °C **Auto Ignition Temperature**

Hazchem Code No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure Ensure adequate ventilation. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (if dust clouds can occur). Do not touch or walk through

spilled material. Avoid generating dust. Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes and skin.

Clean Up Procedures Sweep or vacuum up, but avoid generating dust. Collect and seal in properly labelled containers for disposal (see

SECTION 13).

*Use non-sparking tools.

Containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Prevent dust cloud. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined

reas

Decontamination Wash with plenty of water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Spillages and decontamination runoff should be prevented from entering drains and watercourses.

Evacuation Criteria Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Remove persons to safety. Keep unauthorised personnel away. Stay

upwind and/or uphill.

Personal Precautionary Measures Wear personal protection equipment (see SECTION 8).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Minimise dust generation and accumulation. Avoid breathing dusts or mists and contact with eyes and skin. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8). WARNING: May form combustible dust concentrations in air! Keep away from

heat and sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage Store in a cool, dark and well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use - check regularly for spills.

Protect from moisture. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from incompatible

materials (see SECTION 10).

*Recommended storage temperature: below 25°C.

Container Keep in the original container.

*Don't (re)use empty container before they have been cleaned. Before making transfer operations, ensure that there

aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General No specific exposure standards are available for this product. For dusts from solid substances without specific

occupational exposure standards:

- Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard (Nuisance dusts): 8 hr TWA = 10 mg/m3 (measured as inhalable dust).

- New Zealand WES (Particulates not otherwise classified): TWA = 10 mg/m3 (total); TWA = 3 mg/m3 (respirable).

Exposure Limits No Data Available

Biological Limits No information available.

Engineering Measures A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust

ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Adequate ventilation should be provided so that exposure limits are not

exceeded.

Personal Protection Equipment - Respiratory protection: In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection. Recommended: Dust

mask/particulate respirator (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716).

- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Safety glasses with side protection or chemical goggles.

- Hand protection: Wear protective gloves. Recommended: Protective gloves made of nitrile or butyl rubber or PVC.

- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended: Overalls,

Safety shoes.

Special Hazards Precaustions

No information available.

Work Hygienic Practices

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or re-use. Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Solid

Appearance Crystalline powder

Odour Slight
Colour White

pHNo Data AvailableVapour PressureNo Data AvailableRelative Vapour DensityNo Data Available

Boiling Point 295 °C **Melting Point** 126.5 °C

Freezing Point

No Data Available

Solubility

Insoluble in water

Specific Gravity

No Data Available

Flash Point

171 °C [Closed cup]

Auto Ignition Temp 510 °C

Evaporation RateNo Data AvailableBulk DensityNo Data AvailableCorrosion RateNo Data AvailableDecomposition TemperatureNo Data Available

Density 1.05 g/cm3

Specific Heat No Data Available **Molecular Weight** No Data Available **Net Propellant Weight** No Data Available **Octanol Water Coefficient** logPOW = 1.52**Particle Size** No Data Available **Partition Coefficient** No Data Available **Saturated Vapour Concentration** No Data Available **Vapour Temperature** No Data Available Viscosity No Data Available **Volatile Percent** No Data Available **VOC Volume** No Data Available

Additional Characteristics No information available.

Potential for Dust Explosion Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Fast or Intensely Burning

Characteristics

No information available.

Flame Propagation or Burning

Rate of Solid Materials

No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a

No information available.

Fire

Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity

The product is combustible.

Reactions That Release Gases or

Vapours

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating and/or toxic fumes, including oxides of Carbon.

Release of Invisible Flammable

Vapours and Gases

It may generate flammable gases on contact with elementary metals (alkalis and alkaline earth), nitrides and powerful

reducing agents.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General InformationNo information available.Chemical StabilityStable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Avoid denerating dust. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to Avoid Incompatible/reactive with oxidising products and concentrated alkalis.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating and/or toxic fumes, including oxides of Carbon.

Hazardous Polymerisation No information available.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information - Acute toxicity: Harmful if swallowed and in contact with skin. Swallowing can result in nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea and

abdominal pain. Can be absorbed through the skin with resultant adverse effects. - Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes skin irritation.

- Eye damage/irritation: Causes serious eye irritation.

- Respiratory/skin sensitisation: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity: No information available.
Carcinogenicity: No information available.

- Reproductive toxicity: No information available.

- STOT (single exposure): Material may be irritant to the mucous membranes of the respiratory tract.

- STOT (repeated exposure): No information available.

- Aspiration toxicity: No information available.

Acute

Ingestion Acute toxicity (Oral):

- LD50, Rat: 700 mg/kg

Carcinogen Category None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Aquatic toxicity:

- LC50, Fish (Danio rerio): 0.3 mg/L (96 h) [OECD TG 203; AICIS].

EC50, Invertebrate (Daphnia magna): 0.57 mg/L (48 h) [OECD TG 202; AICIS].
 EC50, Algae (Desmodesmus subspicatus): 9.3 mg/L (72 h) [OECD TG 201; AICIS].

Persistence/Degradability

No information available.

Mobility

No information available.

Environmental FateVery toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into

the environment.

Bioaccumulation Potential No information available.

Environmental Impact No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information Recover, if possible. or dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations

Special Precautions for Land Fill No information available.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name Tertiary Butyl Hydroquinone

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

EPG 47 Low To Moderate Hazard Substances

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available

Special Provision AU01

Comments Not regulated as DG when transported by road or rail in packagings that do not incorporate a receptacle

exceeding 500 kg(L) or IBCs.

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Tertiary Butyl Hydroquinone)

Class 9 Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods and Articles

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

EPG 47 Low To Moderate Hazard Substances

 UN Number
 3077

 Hazchem
 2Z

 Pack Group
 III

Special Provision No Data Available

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Tertiary Butyl Hydroquinone)

Class 9 Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods and Articles

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

EPG 47 Low To Moderate Hazard Substances

 UN Number
 3077

 Hazchem
 2Z

 Pack Group
 III

Special Provision No Data Available

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Tertiary Butyl Hydroquinone)

Class 9 Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods and Articles

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

ERG 171 Substances (Low to Moderate Hazard)

UN Number 3077
Hazchem 2Z
Pack Group III

Special Provision No Data Available

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Tertiary Butyl Hydroquinone)

Class 9 Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods and Articles

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

 UN Number
 3077

 Hazchem
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 Pack Group
 III

Special Provision No Data Available

EMS F-A, S-F
Marine Pollutant Yes

Air Transport

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Tertiary Butyl Hydroquinone)

Class 9 Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods and Articles

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

 UN Number
 3077

 Hazchem
 2Z

 Pack Group
 III

Special Provision No Data Available

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information No Data Available
Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code HSR002503

HSR003308 (Revoked)

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Not Determined

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Not Determined

Europe (EINECS) 217-752-2

Europe (REACh) Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI) Not Determined

Korea (KECI) Not Determined

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Not Determined

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Not Determined

USA (TSCA) Not Determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes TEBUHY1000, TEBUHY2000, TEBUHY4000

Revision 3

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square CentimetresCO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand **deg C (°C)** Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

g Grams

g/cm³ Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism **IDLH** Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health **immiscible** Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury inH2O Inch of Water

K Kelvin **kg** Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

Ib Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre

m³ Cubic Metre

mbar Millibar

mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours

mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH20 Millimetres of Water

mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations

wt Weight